

**General Description**

- Proprietary  $\alpha$ MOS5™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Optimized switching parameters for better EMI performance
- Enhanced body diode for robustness and fast reverse recovery

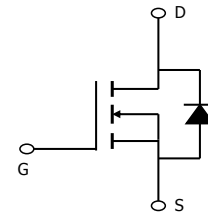
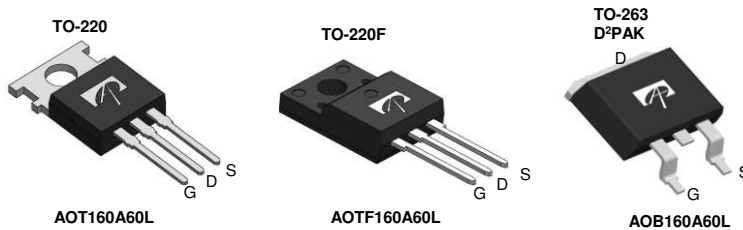
**Applications**

- SMPS with PFC, Flyback and LLC topologies
- Micro inverter with DC/AC inverter topology

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS}$ @ $T_{j,max}$	700V
$I_{DM}$	96A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 0.16 $\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	46nC
$E_{oss}$ @ 400V	4.9 $\mu$ J

100% UIS Tested  
 100%  $R_g$  Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOTF160A60L	TO-220F Green	Tube	1000
AOT160A60L	TO-220 Green	Tube	1000
AOB160A60L	TO-263 Green	Tape & Reel	800

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOT(B)160A60L	AOTF160A60L	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600		V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$		V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	24	24*
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	15	15*
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	96		A
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	6		A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	18		mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	172		mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100		V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	20		V/ns
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	250	34.7
		Derate above 25 $^\circ\text{C}$	2.0	0.3
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300		$^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	AOT(B)160A60L	AOTF160A60L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	65	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	0.5	--	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.5	3.6	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	600			V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C		700		
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.53		V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			1 10	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA		3		V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =12A		0.14	0.16	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =12A		20		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =12A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.87	1.2	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				24	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>C</sup>				96	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz		2340		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			62		pF
C <sub>o(er)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 to 480V, f=1MHz		56		pF
C <sub>o(tr)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>			233		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz		1.3		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		5.4		Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =12A		46		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			17		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			14		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, I <sub>D</sub> =12A, R <sub>G</sub> =5Ω		34		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			29		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			63		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			19		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =12A, di/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V		387		ns
I <sub>rrm</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current			30		A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			7.3		μC

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

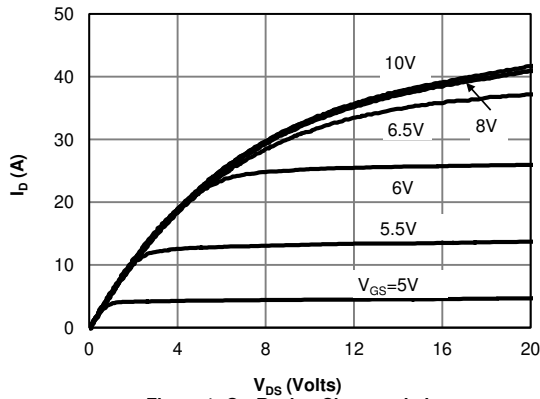
G. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=2.4A, R<sub>G</sub>=25Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

H. C<sub>o(er)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

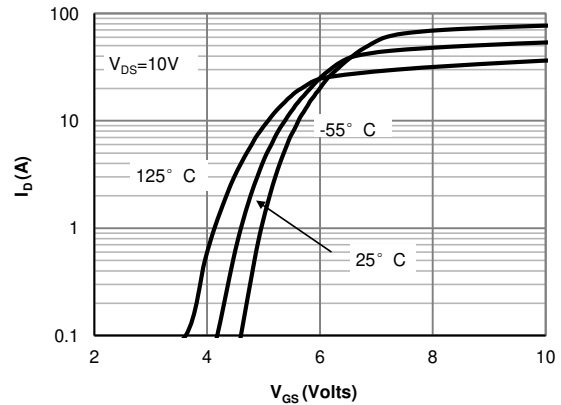
I. C<sub>o(tr)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

APPLICATIONS OR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN,FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

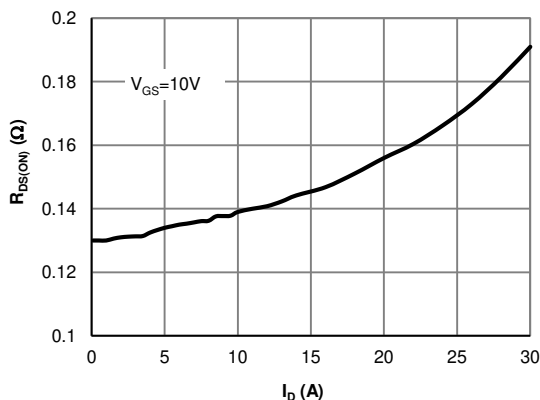
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



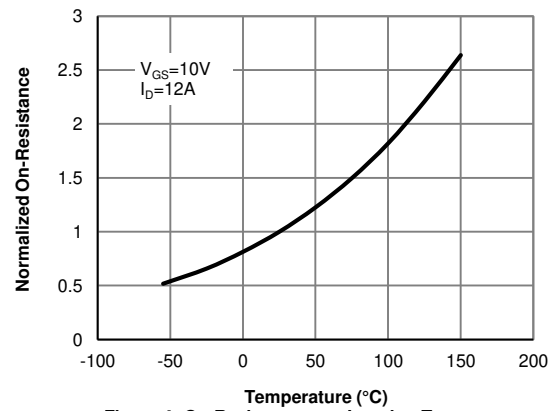
**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**



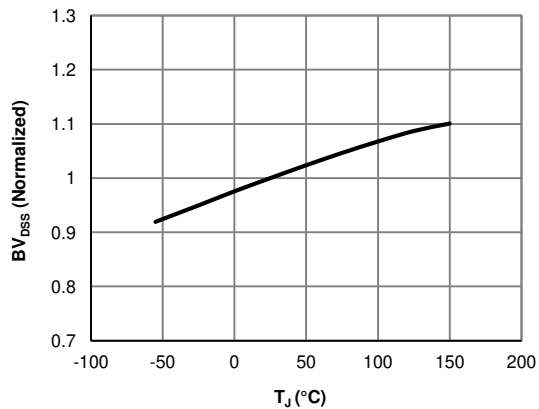
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**



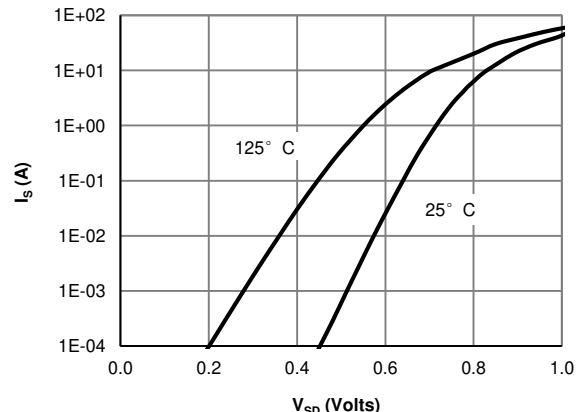
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

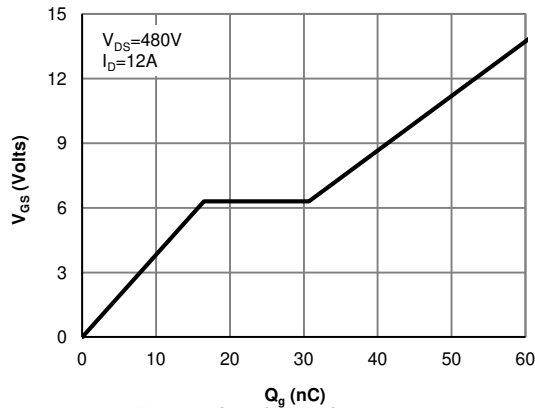


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

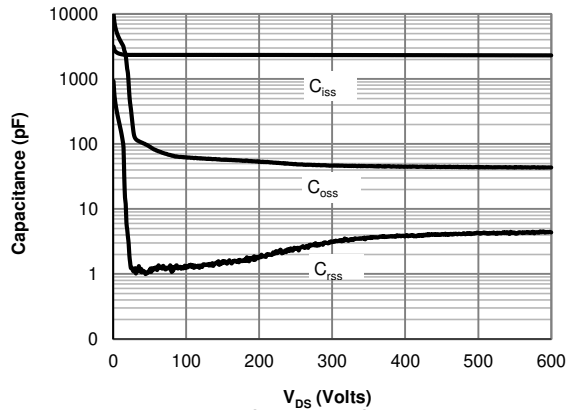


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

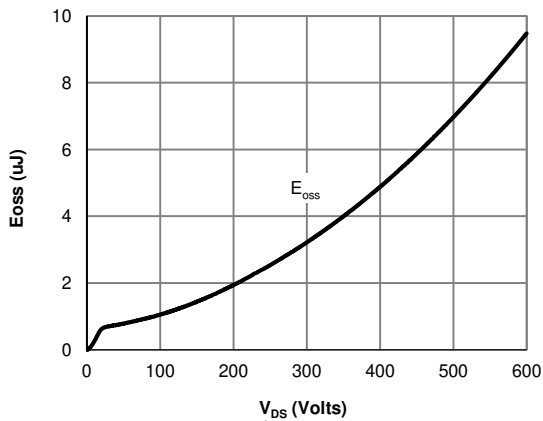


Figure 9: Coss stored Energy

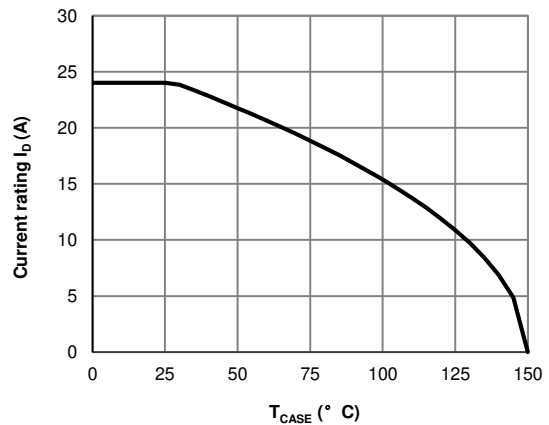


Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)

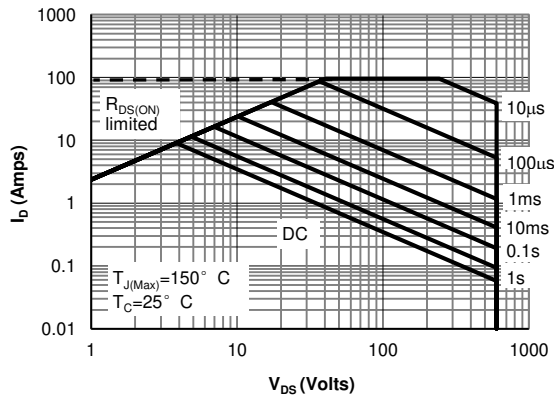


Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF160A60L (Note F)

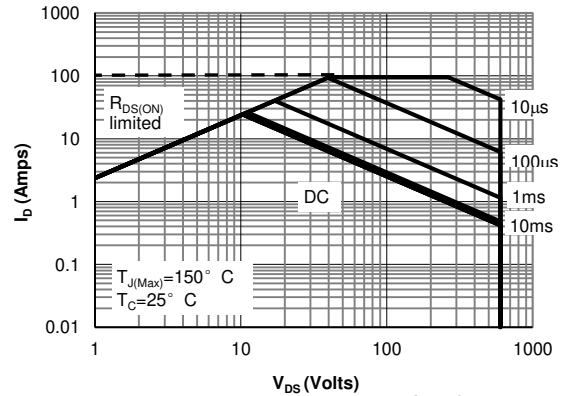
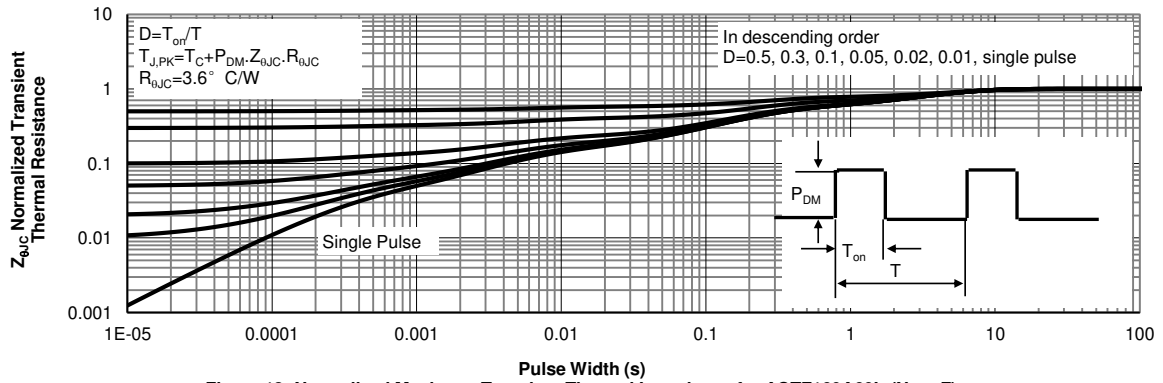
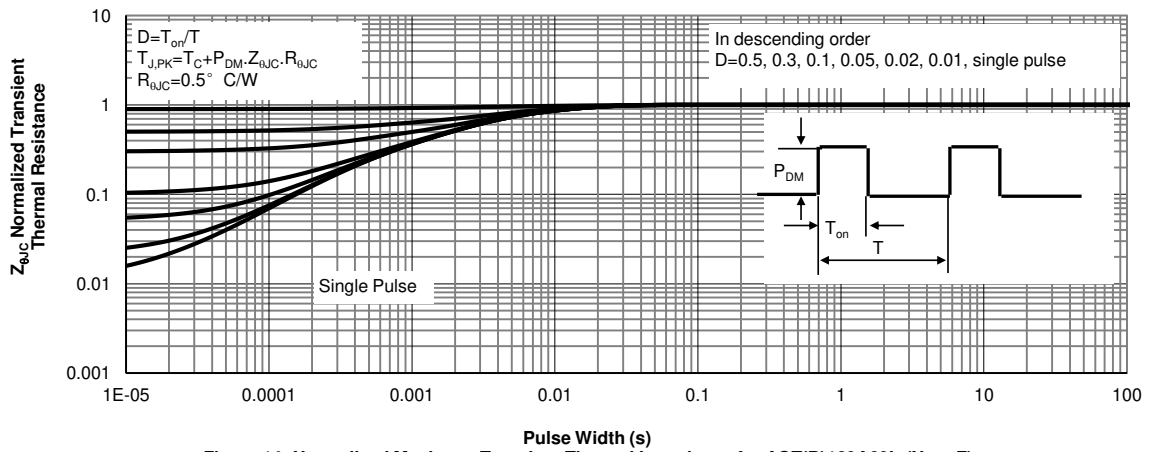


Figure 12: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOT(B)160A60L (Note F)

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

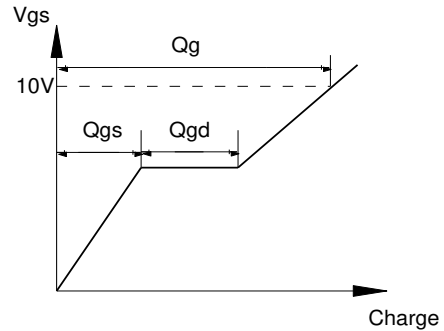
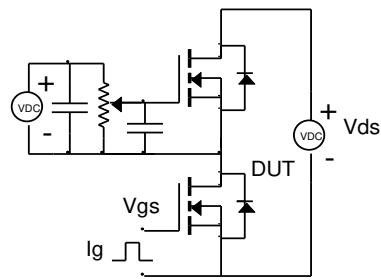


**Figure 13: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF160A60L (Note F)**

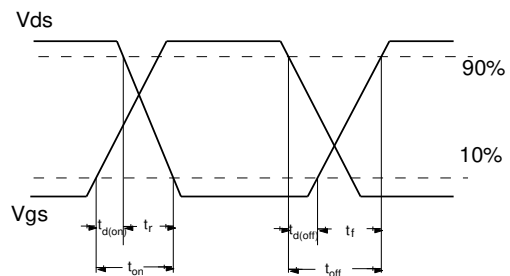
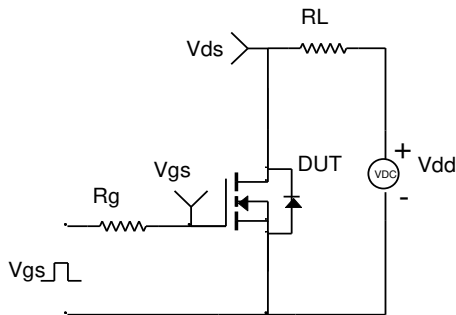


**Figure 14: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOT(B)160A60L (Note F)**

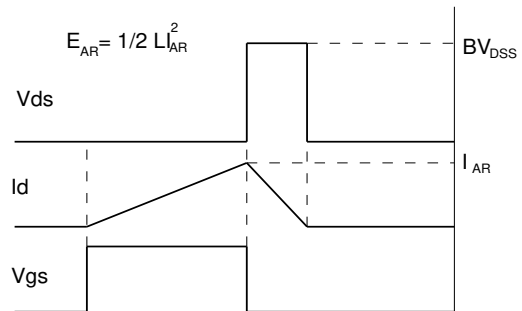
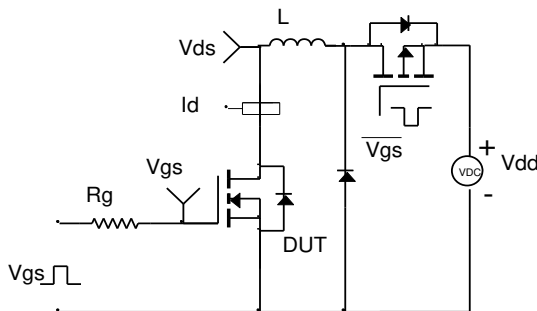
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

