MAX6576/MAX6577

SOT Temperature Sensors with Period/Frequency Output

General Description

The MAX6576/MAX6577 are low-cost, low-current temperature sensors with a single-wire output. The MAX6576 converts the ambient temperature into a square wave with a period proportional to absolute temperature (°K). The MAX6577 converts the ambient temperature into a square wave with a frequency proportional to absolute temperature. The MAX6576 offers accuracy of $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 25^{\circ}$ C, $\pm 4.5^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 85^{\circ}$ C, and $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 125^{\circ}$ C. The MAX6577 offers accuracy of $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 25^{\circ}$ C, $\pm 3.5^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 85^{\circ}$ C, and $\pm 4.5^{\circ}$ C at $\pm 125^{\circ}$ C.

Both devices feature a single-wire output that minimizes the number of pins necessary to interface with a microprocessor. The period/frequency range of the output square wave can be selected by hard-wiring the two time-select pins (TS0, TS1) to either V_{DD} or GND. The MAX6576/MAX6577 are available in space-saving 6-pin SOT23 packages.

Applications

- Critical μP and μC Temperature Monitoring
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Cell Phones
- Battery Packs
- Hard Drives/Tape Drives
- Networking and Telecom Equipment
- Medical Equipment

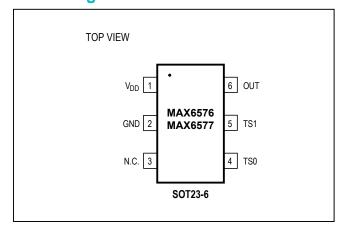
Features

- Simple Single-Wire Output
- Two Output Types Available
 - Temperature to Period (µs) (MAX6576)
 - Temperature to Frequency (Hz) (MAX6577)
- ±0.8°C Accuracy at +25°C (±3°C max)
- No External Components
- Operates from +2.7V to +5.5V Supply Voltage
- Low 140µA Typical Supply Current
- Standard Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Small 6-Pin SOT23 Package

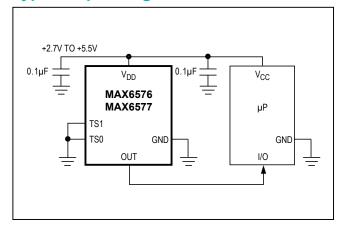
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	SOT TOP MARK	
MAX6576ZUT	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	AABI	
MAX6577ZUT	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23	AABJ	

Pin Configuration



Typical Operating Circuit





MAX6576/MAX6577

SOT Temperature Sensors with Period/Frequency Output

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
V _{DD} 0.3V to +6V	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
TS1, TS0, OUT0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C
Input/Output Current, All Pins±20mA	
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)	
6-pin SOT23 (derate 7.10mW/°C above +70°C)571mW	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are specified at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{DD} = +5V$, unless otherwise noted.)

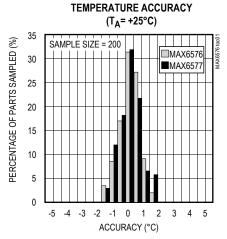
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
V _{DD} Range	V _{DD}			2.7		5.5	V	
Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 5.5V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		140	250	- μΑ	
	טטי	VDD = 3.5V	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			400	μΑ	
			T _A = -20°C	-7.5	±1.1	+7.5		
			$T_A = 0$ °C	-5.5	±0.9	+5.5		
		MAX6576	T _A = +25°C	-3.0	±0.8	+3.0	°C	
			T _A = +85°C	-4.5	±0.5	+4.5		
Temperature Sensor			T _A = +125°C	-5.0	±0.5	+5.0		
Error (Note 1)			T _A = -20°C	-7.5	±1.1	+7.5		
			T _A = 0°C	-6.5	±0.9	+6.5		
		MAX6577	T _A = +25°C	-3.0	±0.8	+3.0	°C	
			T _A = +85°C	-3.5	±0.5	+3.5		
			T _A = +125°C	-4.5	±0.5	+4.5		
		MAX6576, T (temp) in °K, Figure 1	V _{TS1} = GND, V _{TS0} = GND		10T		μs	
Outrot Claste Bariad			V_{TS1} = GND, V_{TS0} = V_{DD}		40T			
Output Clock Period	tout		$V_{TS1} = V_{DD}, V_{TS0} = GND$		160T			
			$V_{TS1} = V_{DD}, V_{TS0} = V_{DD}$		640T			
	£	MAX6577, T (temp) in °K, Figure 2	V _{TS1} = GND, V _{TS0} = GND		4T		. U-	
Output Clock Frequency			V_{TS1} = GND, V_{TS0} = V_{DD}		1T			
Output Clock Frequency	fout		$V_{TS1} = V_{DD}, V_{TS0} = GND$		T/4		Hz	
			$V_{TS1} = V_{DD}, V_{TS0} = V_{DD}$	T/16				
OUT Duty Cycle (Note 2)					0.5			
Time-Select Pin Logic Levels	V _{IL}					0.8	V	
	V _{IH}			2.3]	
OUT Veltage	\/	V _{DD} > 4.5V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA				0.4		
	V _{OL}	V _{DD} > 2.7V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA				0.3		
OUT Voltage	.,,	V _{DD} > 4.5V, I _{SRC} = 800μA		V _{DD} - 1.	5]	
	V _{OH}	V _{DD} > 2.7V, I _{SRC} = 500μA		0.8V _{DD}]	

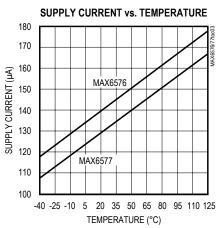
Note 1: See the Temperature Accuracy histograms in the Typical Operating Characteristics.

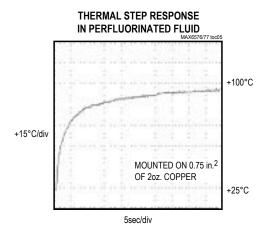
Note 2: The output duty cycle is guaranteed to be 50% by an internal flip-flop.

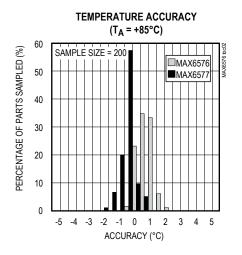
Typical Operating Characteristics

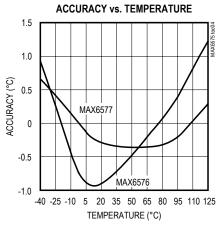
 $(V_{DD} = +5V, T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

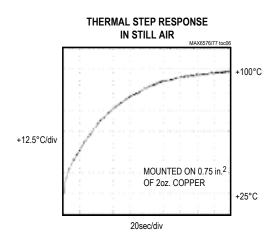












Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	V_{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage
2	GND	Ground
3	N.C.	No Connection. Connect pin to GND or leave open.
4, 5	TS1, TS0	Time-Select Pins. TS1 and TS0 set the temperature scale factor by connecting TS1 and TS0 to either V_{DD} or GND. See Tables 1 and 2.
6	OUT	Square-Wave Output with a Clock Period Proportional to Absolute Temperature (°K) (MAX6576)
Ö	001	Square-Wave Output with a Clock Frequency Proportional to Absolute Temperature (°K) (MAX6577)

Table 1. MAX6576 Time-Select Pin Configuration

TS1	TS0	SCALAR MULTIPLIER (µs/°K)
GND	GND	10
GND	V_{DD}	40
V _{DD}	GND	160
V _{DD}	V_{DD}	640

Note: The temperature, in °C, may be calculated as follows:

$$T(^{\circ}C) = \frac{PERIOD(\mu s)}{SCALAR\,MULTIPLIER(\mu s/^{\circ}K)} - 273.15^{\circ}K$$

Detailed Description

The MAX6576/MAX6577 low-cost, low-current (140 μ A typ) temperature sensors are ideal for interfacing with microcontrollers (μ Cs) or microprocessors (μ Ps). The MAX6576 converts ambient temperature into a 50% dutycycle square wave with a period proportional to absolute temperature. The MAX6577 converts ambient temperature into a 50% duty-cycle square wave with a frequency proportional to absolute temperature. Time-select pins (TS1, TS0) permit the internal temperature-controlled oscillator (TCO) to be scaled by four preset multipliers. The MAX6576/MAX6577 feature a single-wire interface to minimize the number of port pins necessary for interfacing with a μ P.

MAX6576 Characteristics

The MAX6576 temperature sensor converts temperature to period. The output of the device is a free-running, 50% duty-cycle square wave with a period that is proportional

Table 2. MAX6577 Time-Select Pin Configuration

TS1	TS0	SCALAR MULTIPLIER (Hz/°K)
GND	GND	4
GND	V _{DD}	1
V_{DD}	GND	1/4
V _{DD}	V _{DD}	1/16

Note: The temperature, in °C, may be calculated as follows:

$$T(^{\circ}C) = \frac{FREQUENCY(\mu s)}{SCALAR MULTIPLIER(\mu s/^{\circ}K)} - 273.15^{\circ}k$$

to the absolute temperature (°K) of the device (Figure 1). The MAX6576 has a push/pull CMOS output with sharp edges. The speed of the output square wave can be selected by hard-wiring TS1 and TS0 as shown in Table 1. One of four scaled output periods can be selected using TS1 and TS0.

MAX6577 Characteristics

The MAX6577 temperature sensor converts temperature to frequency. The output of the device is a free-running, 50% duty-cycle square wave with a frequency that is proportional to the absolute temperature (°K) of the device (Figure 2). The MAX6577 has a push/pull CMOS output with sharp edges. The speed of the output square wave can be selected by hard-wiring TS1 and TS0 as shown in Table 2. One of four scaled output frequencies can be selected using TS1 and TS0.

SOT Temperature Sensors with Period/Frequency Output

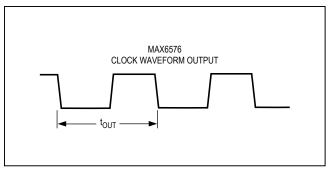


Figure 1. MAX6576 Timing Diagram

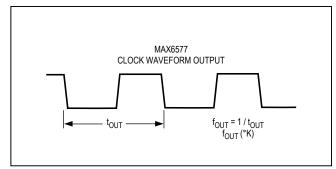


Figure 2. MAX6577 Timing Diagram

Applications Information

Quick-Look Circuits

Figure 3 shows a quick-look application circuit for the MAX6576 using a universal counter measuring period. TS1 and TS0 are both tied to ground to select a scalar multiplier of 10µs/°K. The MAX6576 converts the ambient temperature into a square wave with a period that is 10 times the absolute temperature of the device in µs. At room temperature, the universal counter will display approximately 2980µs.

Figure 4 shows a quick-look application circuit for the MAX6577 using a universal counter measuring frequency. TS1 is tied to ground and TS0 is tied to V_{DD} to select a scalar multiplier of 1Hz/°K. The MAX6577 converts the ambient temperature into a square wave with a frequency that is equal to the absolute temperature of the device in Hertz. At room temperature, the universal counter will display approximately 298Hz.

Interfacing with a Microcontroller

Figure 5 shows the MAX6577 interfaced with an 8051 $\mu C.$ In this example, TS1 is tied to ground and TS0 is tied to

 V_{DD} to select a scalar multiplier of 1Hz/°K. The MAX6577 converts the ambient temperature into a square wave with a frequency that is equal to the absolute temperature of the device in Hertz. The 8051 μC reads the frequency of the square-wave output of the MAX6577 into Timer 0 and displays the temperature as degrees Celsius in binary on Port 1. Listing 1 provides the code for this application. The interface is similar for the MAX6576, except the μC will perform a period measurement.

Noise Considerations

The accuracy of the MAX6576/MAX6577 is susceptible to noise generated both internally and externally. The effects of external noise can be minimized by placing a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic bypass capacitor close to the supply pin of the devices. Internal noise is inherent in the operation of the devices and is detailed in Table 3. Internal averaging minimizes the effect of this noise when using longer scalar timeout multipliers. The effects of this noise are included in the overall accuracy of the devices as specified in the $Electrical\ Characteristics$.

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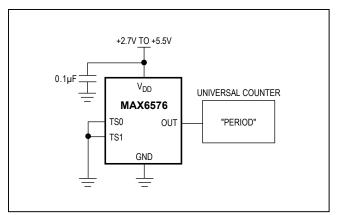


Figure 3. MAX6576 Quick-Look Circuit

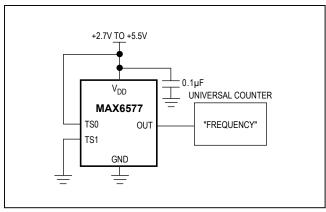


Figure 4. MAX6577 Quick-Look Circuit

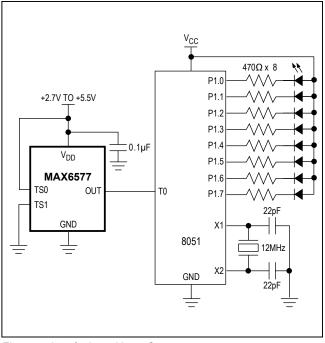


Figure 5. Interfacing with a μC

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 302

Table 3. Typical Peak Noise Amplitude

PARAMETER	MAX6576				MAX	577		
Scalar Multiplier	10	40	160	640	4	1	1/4	1/16
Noise Amplitude (°C)	±0.38	±0.17	±0.11	±0.094	±0.13	±0.066	±0.040	±0.028

Listing 1. 8051 Code Example

```
; Demonstration and test code for MAX6577 Temp to Frequency
; Takes in temperature values from a sensor into timer 0
; and displays temp as degrees C in binary on port 1.
; example: room temp= 21 C, display 21 or 00010101 on P1
; EQUATES
                                    :TEMPERATURE
TEMPH
           EOU
                 10H
TEMPL
           EQU
                 11H
                                    ; number of 50 ms- counts to 1 second
TICKS
           EQU
                 12H
NEWT
           BIT
                                    ;new temp flag- bit address in 20h
                 00h
; MAIN
           ORG
                                   ;note one isr's used- timer overflow
           АЛМР
                BEGIN
                                   ;jump over isr's
           ORG
                  1BH
                                    ;TF1 ISR
                                    ;stash acc
TICK:
           PUSH ACC
           PUSH PSW
                                   ;stash psw
; reload timer- 50 ms
           CLR
                                    ; clear for subb
                                   ;latency fix
           MOV
                 A, #0B0H
                                   ;subtract timer low latency < 20
           SUBB A, TL1
                                   ;50 ms reload value- low
           MOV
                  TL1,A
                                   ;50 ms reload value- high
                 TH1,#03CH
           MOV
           DJNZ TICKS, NORL
                                   ;jump over counter code
                                   ;reload ticks
           MOV
                 TICKS, #20
;read counter to templ and temp high if 1 second
                                   get timer high;
GTAG:
           MOV
                 A, THO
           MOV
                 B,TL0
                                   grab timer low;
                                   ;get again if rollover
           CJNE
                 A, THO, GTAG
                 TEMPH, A
           MOV
                                   ;stash high
           MOV
                  TEMPL, B
                                   ;stash low
           MOV
                 TH0,#0
                                   ;zero counter
           MOV
                  TL0,#0
                                   ;zero counter
           SETB NEWT
                                   ;set data ready flag
NORT ..
           POP
                 PSW
           POP
                 ACC
           RETI
                                    ; done
                       SP,#70h
BEGIN:
                 MOV
                                   ;set sp at 70H
; setup timers to do timing- t0 input, t1 timer 50 ms
                 TMOD, #15H
                                  ;t1 timer- t0 counter
           MOV
           VOM
                 TH1, #03CH
                                   ;50 ms reload value- high
                                   ;50 ms reload value- low
           VOM
                 TL1, #0B0H
           MOV
                 TL0,#0
                                   ;reset counter low
                                   ;reset counter high
           MOV
                 TH0,#0
           MOV
                 TCON, #50H
                                   ;start both timers
                                   ;20 \times 50 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ sec}
           MOV
                 TICKS, #20
           MOV
                 IE,#88H
                                    ; enable t1 ints and global
;inits done- measure
DOTMP:
           CLR
                 NEWT
                                    ; clear data flag
WAITT:
                 NEWT, WAITT
           JNB
                                    ; wait for data
; temp is stored- display bin value of selected on P1
```

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Listing 1. 8051 Code Example (continued)

```
; temp is in kelvin- subtract 273
           MOV A, TEMPL
                                   ;get temp (K)
           CLR
                 C
                                   ;ready for subb
           SUBB A,#011H
                                   ; sub low byte of 273
           MOV
                 TEMPL, A
                                  ;stash back
           MOV
                 A, TEMPH
                                   ;get high byte for completeness
           SUBB A, #01H
                                   ; sub high byte and prop carry
           MOV
                 TEMPH, A
                                   ;stash
;display it
           MOV
                 A, TEMPL
                                   ;get temp (C)
           CPL
                                   ; compliment for led's- active low
           MOV
                 P1,A
                                   ;output it
                 DOTMP
           JMP
           END
```

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
6 SOT23	U6-4	<u>21-0058</u>	<u>90-0175</u>

MAX6576/MAX6577

SOT Temperature Sensors with Period/Frequency Output

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	4/99	Initial release	_
1	10/14	Removed automotive reference from data sheet	1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

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