

## FQPF6N60

### 600V N-Channel MOSFET

#### General Description

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Corise Semiconductor's proprietary, planar stripe, DMOS technology.

This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switch mode power supply.

#### Features

- 3.6A, 600V,  $R_{DS(on)} = 1.5\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 10$  V
- Low gate charge ( typical 20 nC)
- Low  $C_{RSS}$  ( typical 10 pF)
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	FQPF6N60	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	600	V
$I_D$	Drain Current - Continuous ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	3.6	A
	- Continuous ( $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	2.3	A
$I_{DM}$	Drain Current - Pulsed	(Note 1)	A
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 30$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy	(Note 2)	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current	(Note 1)	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	(Note 1)	mJ
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$	(Note 3)	V/ns
$P_D$	Power Dissipation ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	44	W
	- Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	0.35	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

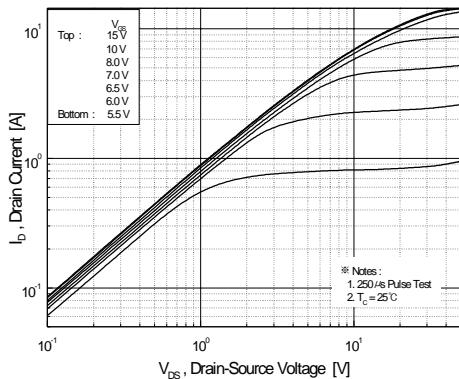
#### Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Max	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	--	2.84	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	--	62.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

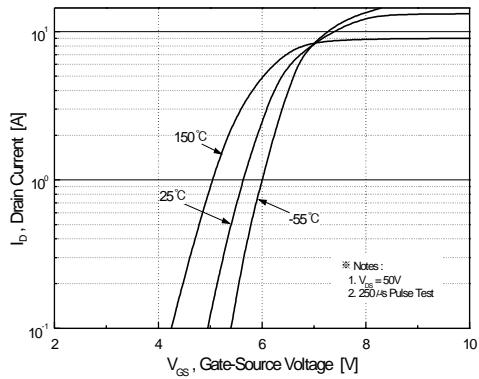
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>							
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 250 µA		600	--	--	V
ΔBV <sub>DSS</sub> / ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 µA, Referenced to 25°C		--	0.53	--	V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 600 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		--	--	10	µA
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 480 V, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		--	--	100	µA
I <sub>GSSF</sub>	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	V <sub>GS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V		--	--	100	nA
I <sub>GSSR</sub>	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	V <sub>GS</sub> = -30 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V		--	--	-100	nA
<b>On Characteristics</b>							
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 µA		3.0	--	5.0	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.8 A		--	1.2	1.5	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 50 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.8 A	(Note 4)	--	4.2	--	S
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>							
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		--	770	1000	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			--	95	120	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			--	10	13	pF
<b>Switching Characteristics</b>							
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	V <sub>DD</sub> = 300 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 6.2 A, R <sub>G</sub> = 25 Ω		--	20	50	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			--	70	150	ns
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			--	40	90	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			--	45	100	ns
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge			--	20	25	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-Source Charge	V <sub>DS</sub> = 480 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 6.2 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		--	4.9	--	nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-Drain Charge			--	9.4	--	nC
<b>Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>							
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current			--	--	3.6	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current			--	--	14.4	A
V <sub>SD</sub>	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 3.6 A		--	--	1.4	V
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 6.2 A, dI <sub>F</sub> / dt = 100 A/µs		--	290	--	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge			--	2.35	--	µC

$I_S$  Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current

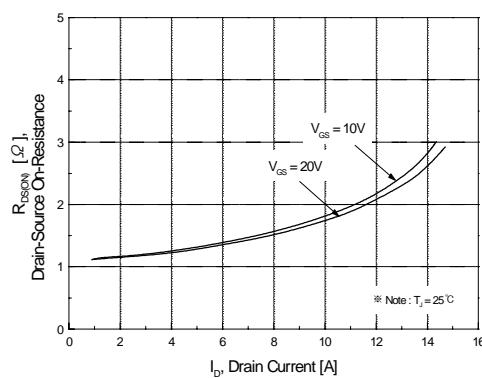
1. Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature
  2.  $L = 62\text{mH}$ ,  $I_{AS} = 3.6\text{A}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
  3.  $I_{SD} \leq 6.2\text{A}$ ,  $dI/dt \leq 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DS}$  Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
  4. Pulse Test : Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
  5. Essentially independent of operating temperature



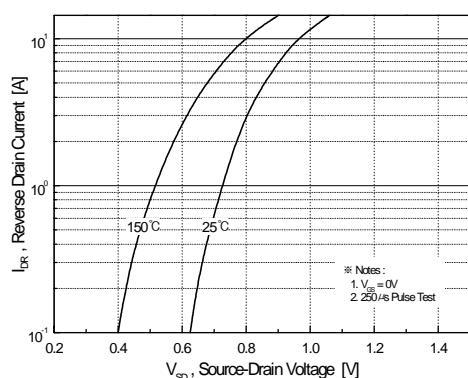
**Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics**



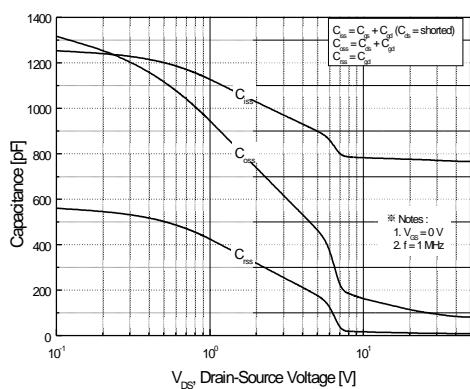
**Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics**



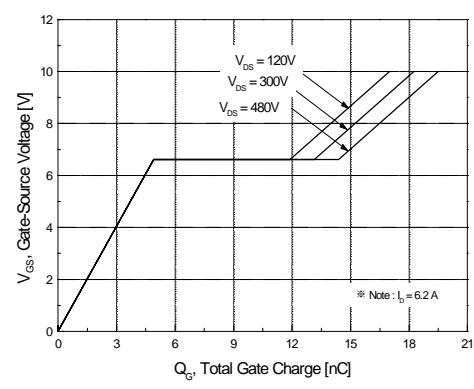
**Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



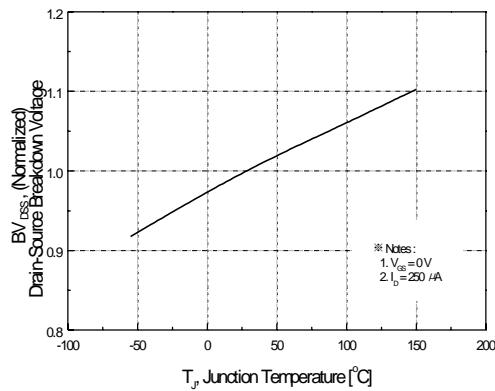
**Figure 4. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation vs. Source Current and Temperature**



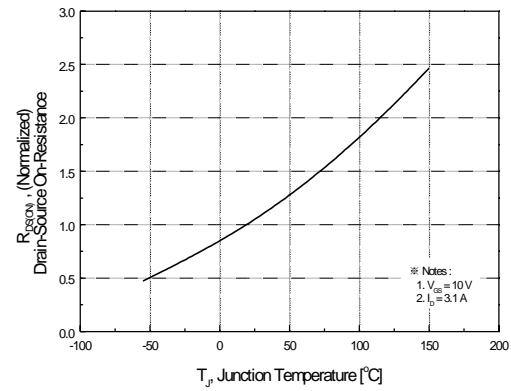
**Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics**



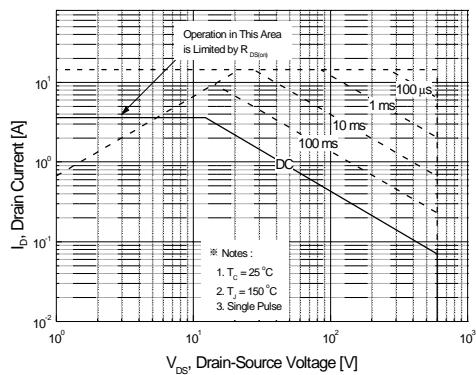
**Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics**



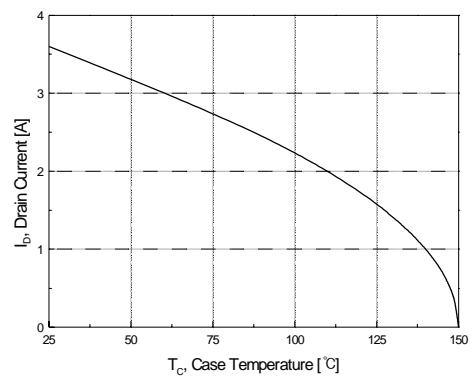
**Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation vs. Temperature**



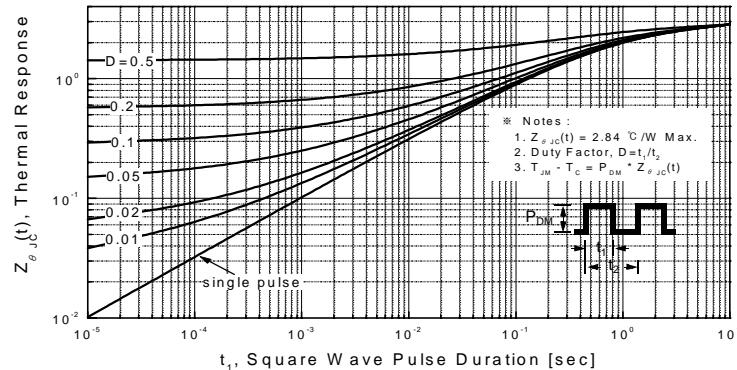
**Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation vs. Temperature**



**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area**

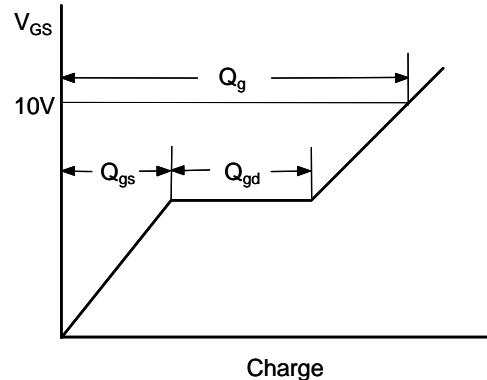
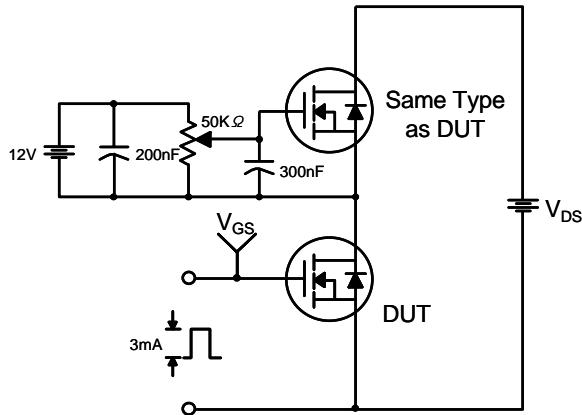


**Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature**

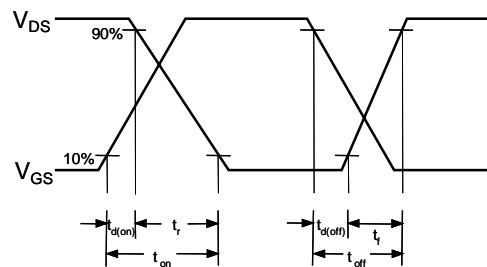
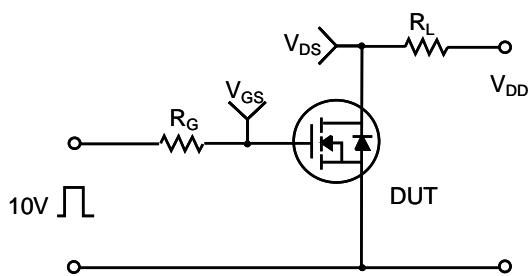


**Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve**

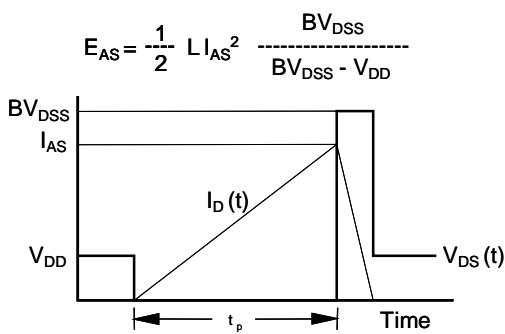
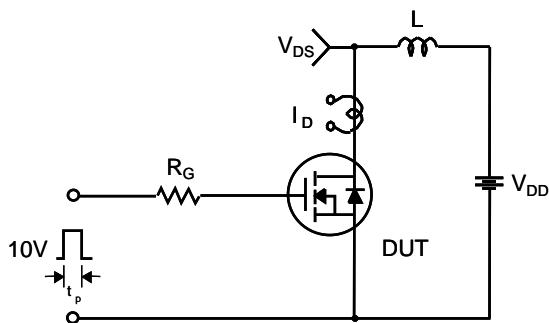
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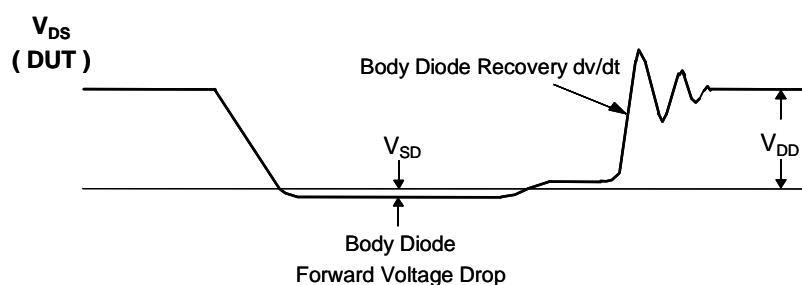
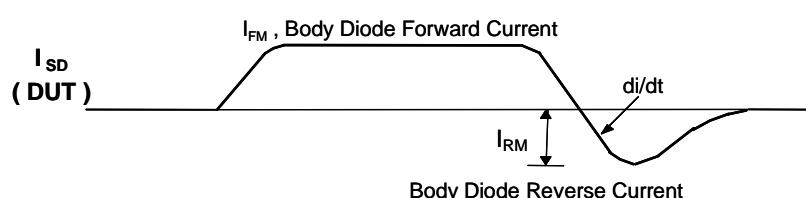
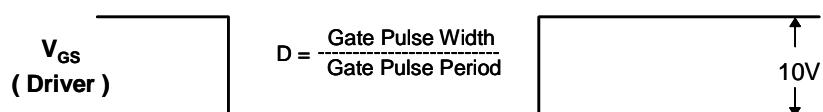
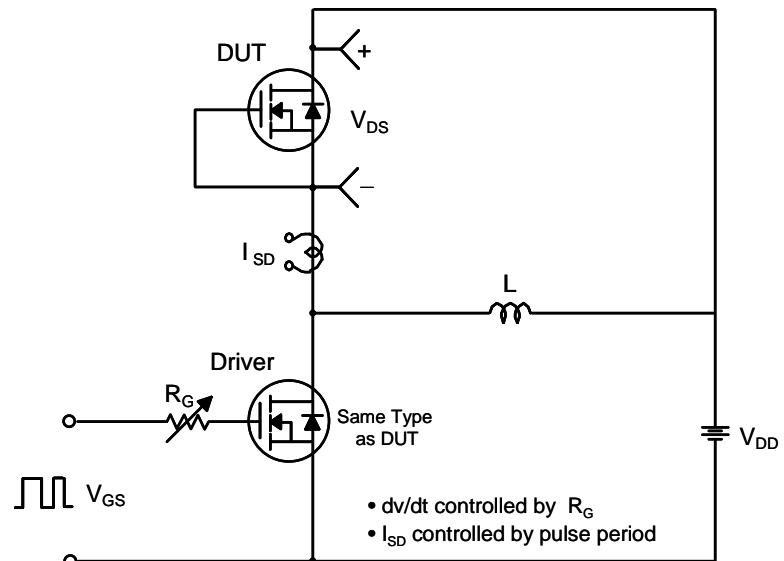
**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**



**Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**



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