

UVTOP295

- Deep Ultraviolet Light Emission Source
- 300 nm, 300-500 μW
- TO metal can with SiO₂ glass lens
- DNA Sequencing, Phototherapy

Description

UVTOP295 is a series of **AIGaN** based deep UV-LEDs with a typical peak wavelength of **300nm** and optical output power of **300-500** μ W. It comes in hermetically sealed TO39 or TO18 metal can package with ball lens, hemispherical lens, or flat glass window configuration. **UVTOP295** is widely used for UV-curing, forensic analysis, protein analysis, **DNA sequencing** and phototherapy applications.

Maximum Ratings (T_{CASE} = 25°C)

Devenuetor	Symbol	Val	11	
Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation, DC	PD		150	mW
Forward Current, DC	I _F		30	mA
Pulsed Current (1% duty cycle, 1kHz)	I _{FP}		200	mA
Reverse Voltage	U _R	-6		V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-30	+55	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-30	+100	°C
Soldering Temperature (max. 5s)	T _{sol}		+190	°C

General Characteristics (T_{CASE} = 25°C, I_F = 20mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		Min.*	Тур.*	Max.*	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ _P	295	300	305	nm
Half Width (FWHM)	$\Delta \lambda$		12	15	nm
Forward Voltage	UF		5.5	7.5	V

*wavelength measurement tolerance: ± 2 nm, forward voltage measurement tolerance: ± 2 %

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{CASE} = 25°C, I_F = 20mA)

Part Number	Package	Window	Optical Power Ρ _{ουτ} (μW)		View. Angle 2⊖1/2 (°)
			Min.*	Typ.*	Тур.
UVTOP295-FW-TO39		Flat Window	300	500	120
UVTOP295-TFW-TO39		Flat Window	100	200	120
UVTOP295-TFWR-TO39	TO-39	Flat Window	150	400	120
UVTOP295-HL-TO39		Hemisph. Lens	300	350	7
UVTOP295-BL-TO39		Ball Lens	300	500	7
UVTOP295-FW-TO18	TO 49	Flat Window	300	500	120
UVTOP295-BL-TO18	TO-18	Ball Lens	300	500	10

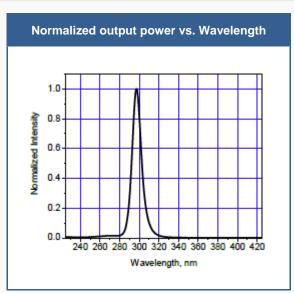
*output power measurement tolerance: ± 10 %

> Open Can version (TO18 or TO39, no cap, no window) available on request

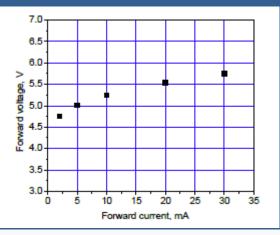
v 2.0 24.06.2013

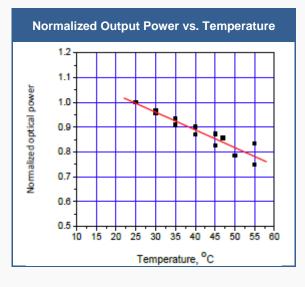


Performance Characteristics



Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

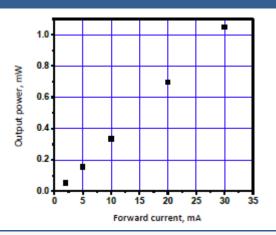




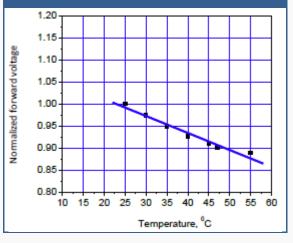
Ē Wavelen gth, Forward current, mA

Peak Wavelength vs. Forward Current

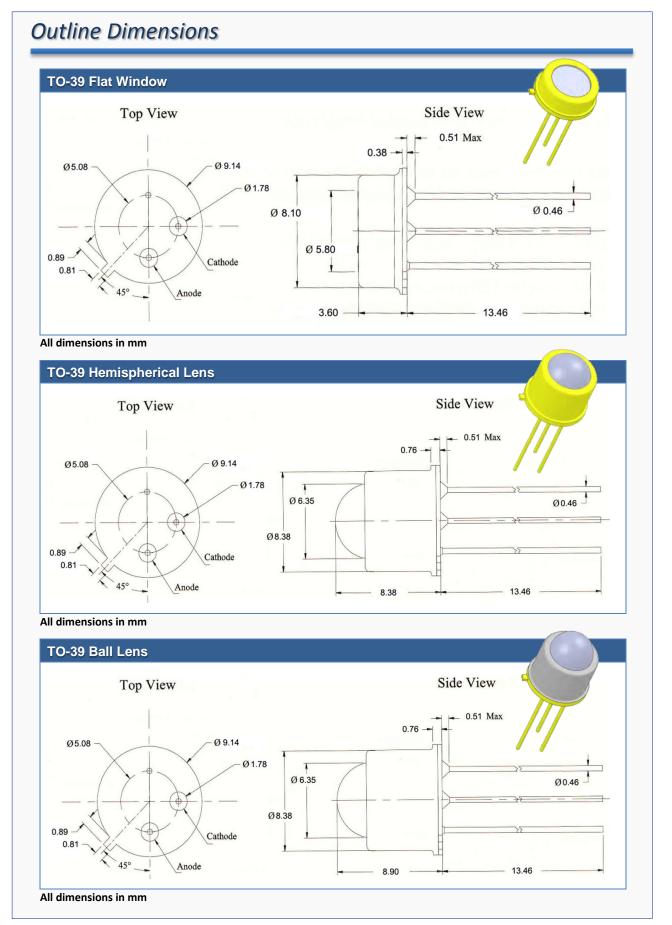
Output Power vs. Forward Current



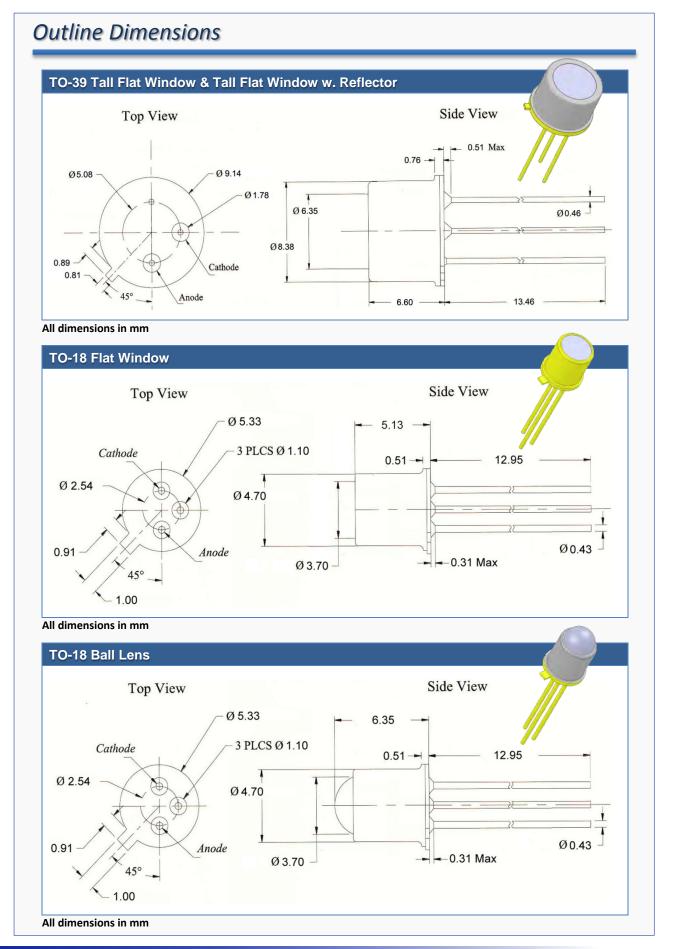
Normalized Forward Voltage vs. Temperature









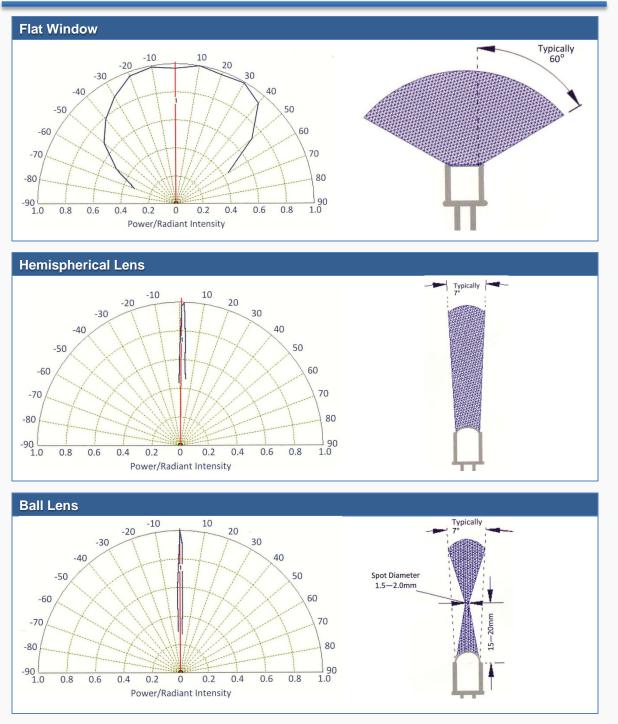




Device Materials

Part	Material		
Header	Fe-Ni alloy, plated Ni-Au		
Leads	Fe-Ni alloy, plated Ni-Au		
Lens	SiO ₂		
Bonding Wires	Au		

Emission Characteristics





Precautions

Soldering:

- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux.
- Do only solder the leads. Soldering of header or cap will damage the LED
- Do only cut the leads at room temperature with an ESD protected tool
- Do not solder closer than 3 mm from base of the header
- Do form leads prior to soldering
- Do not impose mechanical stress on the header when forming the leads
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

dip soldering		hand soldering		
pre-heat time	max 30 s	soldering time	max 5 s	
dipping time	max 5 s			
solder bath temperature	max 190 °C	solder temperature	max 190 °C	

Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

UVTOP are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

UV-Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit **high intensity ultraviolet light**, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted UV light. **Protective glasses are recommended**. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems that do utilize UV-LEDs:



Operation:

Do only operate UVTOP LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source *will* result in complete failure of the device. Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory

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The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice