

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP88N04CHE, NP88N04DHE, NP88N04EHE

# SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET INDUSTRIAL USE

#### **DESCRIPTION**

These products are N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Channel temperature 175 degree rated
- Super low on-state resistance  $R_{DS(on)} = 4.3 \ m\Omega$  MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, lp = 44 A)
- Low Ciss: Ciss = 7300 pF TYP.
- Built-in gate protection diode

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
NP88N04CHE	TO-220AB
NP88N04DHE	TO-262
NP88N04EHE	TO-263

(TO-220AB)



(TO-262)



(TO-263)



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage	VDSS	40	V
Gate to Source Voltage	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) Note1	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±88	Α
Drain Current (Pulse) Note2	I <sub>D(pulse)</sub>	±352	Α
Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	Рт	1.8	W
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	Рт	288	W
Single Avalanche Current Note3	las	75 / 88	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note3	Eas	562 / 232	mJ
Channel Temperature	Tch	175	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +175	°C

**Notes 1.** Calculated constant current according to MAX. allowable channel temperature.

- **2.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty cycle  $\leq$  1 %
- 3. Starting T<sub>ch</sub> = 25 °C, R<sub>G</sub> = 25  $\Omega$ , V<sub>GS</sub> = 20 V $\rightarrow$ 0 V (see Figure 4.)

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case	Rth(ch-C)	0.52	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	Rth(ch-A)	83.3	°C/W

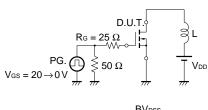
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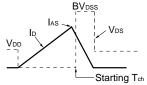


# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C)**

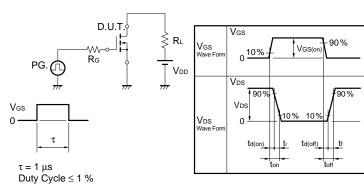
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)	V <sub>G</sub> S = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 44 A		3.4	4.3	mΩ
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	3.0	4.0	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 44 A	30	60		S
Drain Leakage Current	Ipss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate to Source Leakage Current	Igss	Vgs = ±20 V, Vps = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25 V		7300	11000	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>G</sub> S = 0 V		1400	2100	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		620	1120	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	ID = 44 A		38	84	ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS(on)</sub> = 10 V		27	68	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	$V_{DD} = 20 \text{ V}$		110	220	ns
Fall Time	<b>t</b> f	$R_G = 1 \Omega$		32	80	ns
Total Gate Charge	QG	ID = 88 A		120	180	nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V <sub>DD</sub> = 32 V		30		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		43		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub> (S-D)	IF = 88 A, VGS = 0 V		0.95		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 88 A, VGS = 0 V		64		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		99		nC

# **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**





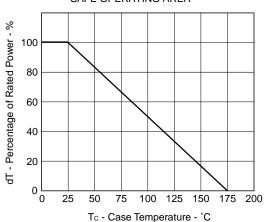
# **TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME**

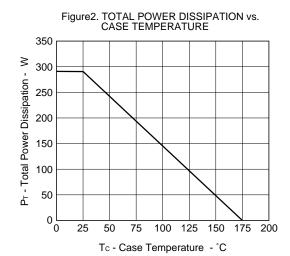


#### **TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE**

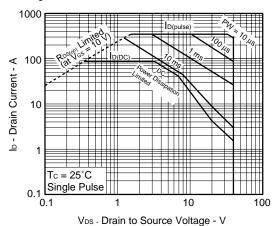
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Figure 1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA





#### ★ Figure 3. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA





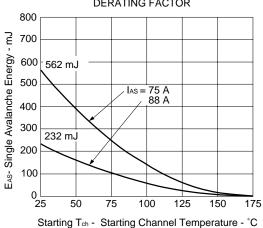
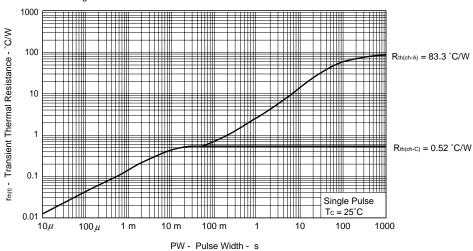


Figure 5. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



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Figure 6. FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

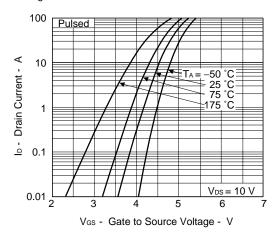


Figure 8. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

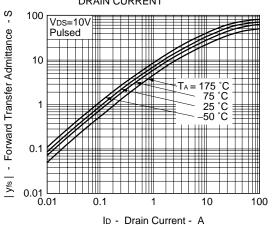


Figure 10. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

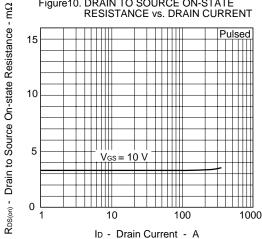


Figure 7. DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

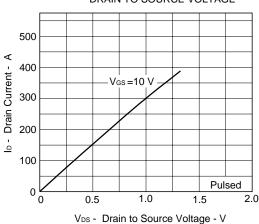


Figure9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

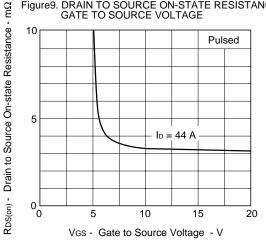
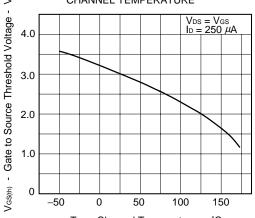
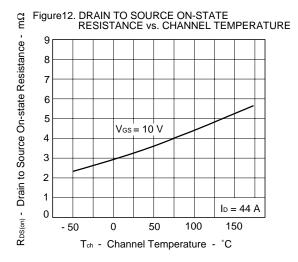
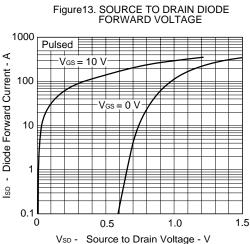


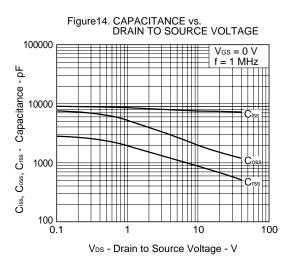
Figure 11. GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

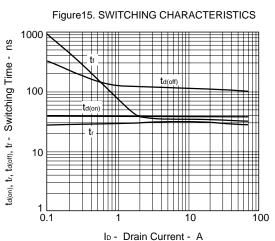


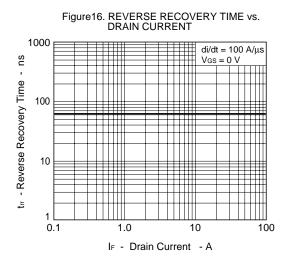












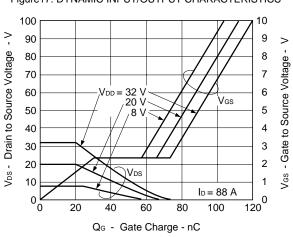
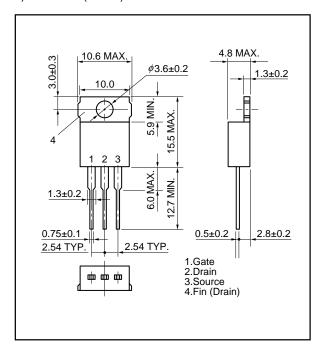


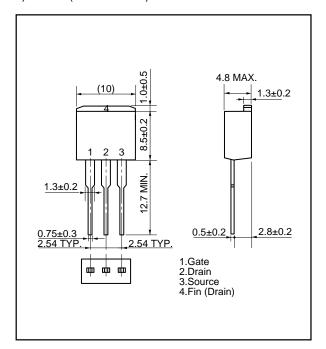
Figure 17. DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

# **PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)**

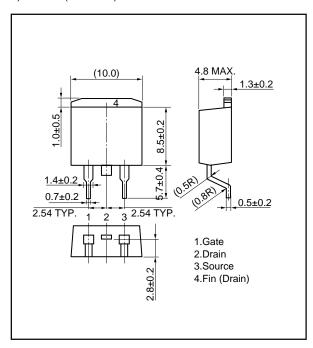
#### 1) TO-220AB (MP-25)



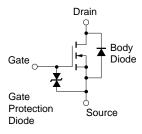
2) TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)



# 3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)



#### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

[MEMO]

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