

**FEATURES**

- ▶ SMD Package with Industry Standard Pinout
- ▶ Package Dimension:  
32.3 x 14.8 x 10.2 mm (1.27" x 0.58" x 0.38" inches)
- ▶ Wide 2:1 Input Range
- ▶ Efficiency up to 83%
- ▶ I/O-isolation 1500VDC
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ Qualified for lead-free Reflow Solder Process according  
IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty


**PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

The MINMAX MSIW1000 series is a range of isolated 3W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide 2:1 input voltage ranges.

These products are in a low profile SMD package with dimensions of 32.3 x 14.8 x 10.2 mm. All models are qualified for lead free reflow solder processes according IPC J-STD-20D. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40° to +85°C (with derating).

Typical applications for these converters are battery operated equipment and instrumentation, communication and general industrial electronics.

**Model Selection Guide**

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current mA(typ.)	Max. capacitive Load uF	Efficiency (typ.) @Max. Load %
			Max. mA	Min. mA	@Max. Load mA(typ.)	@No Load mA(typ.)			
MSIW1021	12 (9 ~ 18)	3.3	700	70	257	20	25	4700	75
MSIW1022		5	600	60	316				79
MSIW1023		12	250	25	305				82
MSIW1024		15	200	20	305				82
MSIW1025		±5	±300	±30	321			180#	78
MSIW1026		±12	±125	±12.5	309				81
MSIW1027		±15	±100	±10	309				81
MSIW1031	24 (18 ~ 36)	3.3	700	70	127	5	15	4700	76
MSIW1032		5	600	60	156				80
MSIW1033		12	250	25	151				83
MSIW1034		15	200	20	151				83
MSIW1035		±5	±300	±30	158			180#	79
MSIW1036		±12	±125	±12.5	152				82
MSIW1037		±15	±100	±10	152				82
MSIW1041	48 (36 ~ 75)	3.3	700	70	63	3	10	4700	76
MSIW1042		5	600	60	78				80
MSIW1043		12	250	25	75				83
MSIW1044		15	200	20	75				83
MSIW1045		±5	±300	±30	79			180#	79
MSIW1046		±12	±125	±12.5	76				82
MSIW1047		±15	±100	±10	76				82

# For each output

### Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	VDC
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100	
Start-Up Voltage	12V Input Models	4.5	6	8	
	24V Input Models	8	12	18	
	48V Input Models	16	24	36	
Under Voltage Shutdown	12V Input Models	---	---	8	
	24V Input Models	---	---	16	
	48V Input Models	---	---	32	
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All Models	---	---	0.5	A
Short Circuit Input Power		---	---	1500	mW
Input Filter		Pi Filter			
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	2500	mW

### Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±0.5	±1.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.1	±0.3	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.3	±1.0	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	50	75	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Load & Temp.	---	---	100	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	---	10	mV <sub>rms</sub>
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	200	500	uS
Transient Response Deviation		---	±2	±6	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous				

### General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	65	100	pF
Switching Frequency		---	300	---	KHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D	Level 2			
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-scheme)				

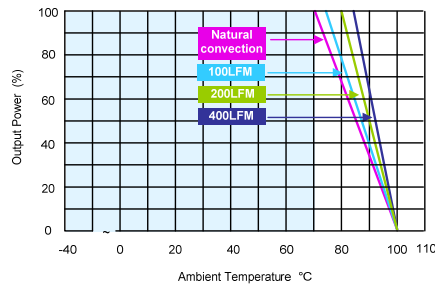
### Input Fuse

12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
750mA Slow-Blow Type	350mA Slow-Blow Type	200mA Slow-Blow Type

### Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range (with Derating)	Ambient	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+90	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

**Power Derating Curve**

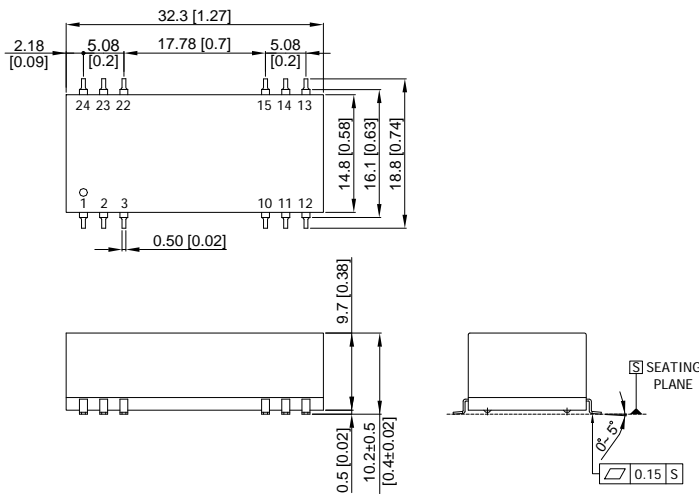


**Notes**

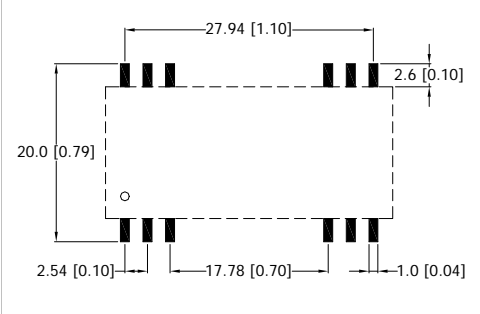
- Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%
- Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- Specifications subject to change without notice.
- It is not recommended to use water-washing process on SMT units.

**Package Specifications**

**Mechanical Dimensions**



**Connecting Pin Patterns**



- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)  
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pins ±0.05 (±0.002)

**Pin Connections**

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1,2	-Vin	-Vin
3,11,14,22	NC	NC
10	NC	Common
12	NC	-Vout
13	+Vout	+Vout
15	-Vout	Common
23,24	+Vin	+Vin

NC : No Connection

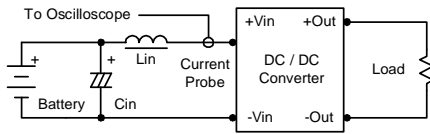
**Physical Characteristics**

Case Size	: 32.3x14.8x10.2mm (1.27x0.58x0.4 Inches)
Case Material	: Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Weight	: 8.8g

## Test Configurations

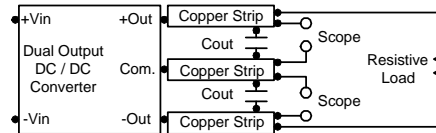
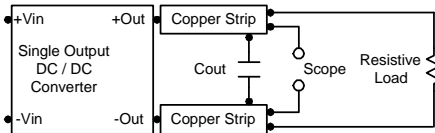
### Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor  $L_{in}$  (4.7uH) and  $C_{in}$  (220uF, ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor  $C_{in}$ , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a  $C_{out}$  0.47uF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



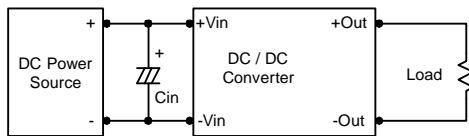
## Design & Feature Considerations

### Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

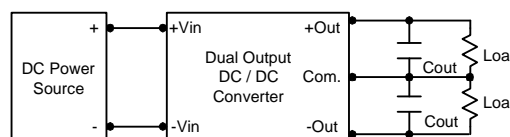
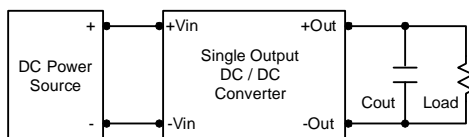
### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 3.3uF for the 12V input devices and a 1.5uF for the 24V and 48V devices.



### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3uF capacitors at the output.



### Maximum Capacitive Load

The MSIW1000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 180uF maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 4700uF capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 90°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

