intersil

ISL54056

Data Sheet

October 30, 2006

FN6357.1

Ultra Low ON-Resistance, +1.65V to +4.5V, Single Supply, Quad SPDT (Dual DPDT) Analog Switch

The Intersil ISL54056 device is a low ON-resistance, low voltage, bidirectional, Quad SPDT (Dual DPDT) analog switch designed to operate from a single +1.65V to +4.5V supply. Targeted applications include battery powered equipment that benefit from low R_{ON} (0.39 Ω) and fast switching speeds (t_{ON} = 30ns, t_{OFF} = 16ns). The digital logic input is 1.8V logic-compatible when using a single +3V supply. With a supply voltage of 4.2V and logic high voltage of 2.85V at both logic inputs, the part draws only 12µA max of ICC current.

Cell phones, for example, often face ASIC functionality limitations. The number of analog input or GPIO pins may be limited and digital geometries are not well suited to analog switch performance. This part may be used to "mux-in" additional functionality while reducing ASIC design risk. The ISL54056 is offered in small form factor package, alleviating board space limitations.

The ISL54056 consists of four SPDT switches. It is configured as a dual double-pole/double-throw (DPDT) device with two logic control inputs that control two SPDT switches each. The configuration can be used as a dual differential 2-to-1 multiplexer/demultiplexer. The ISL54056 is pin compatible with the NLAS3799 and NLAS3799L.

TABLE 1. FEATURES AT A GLANCE

	ISL54056		
Number of Switches	4		
sw	Quad SPDT (Dual DPDT)		
4.3V R _{ON}	0.39Ω		
4.3V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	30ns/16ns		
3.0V R _{ON}	0.45Ω		
3.0V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	34ns/18ns		
1.8V R _{ON}	0.65Ω		
1.8V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	48ns/23ns		
Package	16 Ld 2.6x1.8x0.5mm µTQFN		

Features

- Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)
- Pin Compatible Replacement for the NLAS3799 and NLAS3799L
- ON Resistance (R_{ON})

- $V + = +4.3V0.39\Omega$	
- V+ = +3.0V0.45Ω	
- V+ = +1.8V 0.65Ω	
• R_{ON} Matching between Channels	
• R_{ON} Flatness Across Signal Range	
• Single Supply Operation +1.65V to +4.5V	
• Low Power Consumption (PD) $\dots \sim <0.68 \mu W$	
 Fast Switching Action (V+ = +4.3V) 	
- t _{ON} 30ns	
- t _{OFF}	
Break-Before-Make	
 1.8V Logic Compatible (+3V supply) 	

- · Low ICC Current when VinH is not at the V+ Rail
- Available in 16 Ld 2.6x1.8x0.5mm µTQFN
- ESD HBM Rating

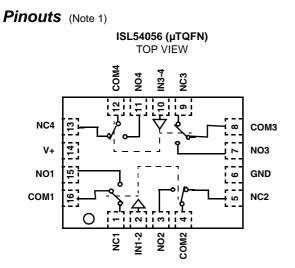
-	COM Pins	. 9kV
-	All Other Pins	. 6kV

Applications

- Battery Powered, Handheld, and Portable Equipment
 - Cellular/Mobile Phones
 - Pagers
 - Laptops, Notebooks, Palmtops
- Portable Test and Measurement
- Medical Equipment
- Audio and Video Switching

Related Literature

- Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"
- Application Note AN557 "Recommended Test Procedures for Analog Switches"



NOTE:

1. Switches Shown for Logic "0" Input.

Ordering Information

Truth Table

LOGIC	NC SW	NO SW
0	ON	OFF
1	OFF	ON

NOTE: Logic "0" ${\leq}0.5 \text{V}.$ Logic "1" ${\geq}1.4 \text{V}$ with a 3V supply.

Pin Descriptions

PIN	FUNCTION
V+	System Power Supply Input (+1.65V to +4.5V)
GND	Ground Connection
IN	Digital Control Input
COM	Analog Switch Common Pin
NO	Analog Switch Normally Open Pin
NC	Analog Switch Normally Closed Pin

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #
ISL54056IRUZ-T (Note)	GAA	-40 to 85	16 Ld Thin μQFN Tape and Reel (Pb-free)	L16.2.6x1.8A

NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

V+ to GND
NO, NC, IN (Note 2)
Output Voltages
COM (Note 2)
Continuous Current NO, NC, or COM ±300mA
Peak Current NO, NC, or COM
(Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max) ±500mA
ESD Rating:
HBM COM _X >9kV
HBM NO _X , NC _X , IN _X , V+, GND
MM COM _X >700V
MM NO _X , NC _X , IN _X , V+, GND
CDM

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3)	θ _{JA} (°C/W)
μTQFN Package	93
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	+150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	°C to +150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	+300°C

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	
ISL54056IRUZ	-40°C to +85°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

- 2. Signals on NC, NO, IN, or COM exceeding V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.
- 3. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

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Electrical	Specifications - 4.3V	Suppiv

Test Conditions: V+ = +3.9V to +4.5V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 1.6V, V_{INL} = 0.5V (Note 4), unless otherwise specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	(NOTE 5) MIN	ТҮР	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERIS	STICS					
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0		V+	V
ON Resistance, R _{ON}	V+ = 3.9V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0V to V+	25		0.4		Ω
	(See Figure 5)	Full		0.45		Ω
R _{ON} Matching Between Channels,	V+ = 3.9V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = Voltage at	25		0.05		Ω
ΔR _{ON}	max R _{ON} (Note 7)	Full		0.06		Ω
R _{ON} Flatness, R _{FLAT(ON)}	V+ = 3.9V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0V to V+	25		0.05		Ω
	(Note 6)	Full		0.05		Ω
NO or NC OFF Leakage Current,	V+ = 4.5V, V_{COM} = 0.3V, 3V, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 3V, 0.3V	25	-70		70	nA
INO(OFF) or INC(OFF)		Full	-165		165	nA
COM ON Leakage Current,	V+ = 4.5V, V _{COM} = 0.3V, 3V, or V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 0.3V, 3V	25	-70		70	nA
ICOM(ON)		Full	-165		165	nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			••			
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}	V+ = 3.9V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 3.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 1)	25		33		ns
		Full		38		ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}	V+ = 3.9V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 3.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 1)	25		16		ns
		Full		21		ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, tD	V+ = 4.5V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 3.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 3)	Full		3		ns
Charge Injection, Q	C_L = 1.0nF, V_G = 0V, R_G = 0 Ω (See Figure 2)	25		248		рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 100kHz, $V_{COM} = 1V_{RMS}$ (See Figure 4)	25		65		dB
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel)	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 100kHz, $V_{COM} = 1V_{RMS}$ (See Figure 6)	25		-85		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	$f = 20Hz$ to 20kHz, $V_{COM} = 2V_{P-P}$, $R_L = 600\Omega$	25		0.008		%

Electrical Specifications - 4.3V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +3.9V to +4.5V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 1.6V, V_{INL} = 0.5V (Note 4), unless otherwise specified **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	(NOTE 5) MIN	ТҮР	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, COFF	f = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25		38		pF
COM ON Capacitance, C _{COM(ON)}	f = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25		102		pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIST	ICS					
Power Supply Range		Full	1.65		4.5	V
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = +4.5V, V _{IN} = 0V or V+	25			0.15	μΑ
		Full			1.4	μΑ
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = +4.2V, V _{IN} = 2.85V	25			12	μΑ
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTIC	CS	I				
Input Voltage Low, VINL		Full			0.5	V
Input Voltage High, V _{INH}		Full	1.6			V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	$V_{+} = 4.5V, V_{ N} = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	Full	-0.5		0.5	μA

NOTES:

4. V_{IN} = input voltage to perform proper function.

5. The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

6. Flatness is defined as the difference between maximum and minimum value of on-resistance over the specified analog signal range.

7. R_{ON} matching between channels is calculated by subtracting the channel with the highest max Ron value from the channel with lowest max Ron value, between NC1 and NC2, NC3 and NC4 or between NO1 and NO2, NO3 and NO4.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		(NOTE 5) MIN	ТҮР	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERIS	STICS				1	1
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0		V+	V
ON Resistance, R _{ON}	V+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0V to V+ (See Figure 5)	25		0.45	0.55	Ω
		Full			0.65	Ω
R_{ON} Matching Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	V+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = Voltage at max R_{ON} (Note 7)	25		0.05	0.12	Ω
		Full			0.15	Ω
R _{ON} Flatness, R _{FLAT(ON)}	V+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0V to V+ (Note 6)	25		0.07	0.15	Ω
		Full			0.15	Ω
NO or NC OFF Leakage Current, INO(OFF) or INC(OFF)	V+ = 3.3V, V _{COM} = 0.3V, 3V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 3V, 0.3V	25		1.1		nA
		Full		30		nA
COM ON Leakage Current,	V+ = 3.3V, V _{COM} = 0.3V, 3V, or V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 0.3V, 3V,	25		1.5		nA
I _{COM} (ON)	or Floating			45		nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			1 1			I
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}	V+ = 2.7V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.5V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 1)	25		34		ns
		Full		39		ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}	V+ = 2.7V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.5V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF	25		18		ns
	(See Figure 1)			23		ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t _D	V+ = 3.3V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.5V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 3)			3		ns

Electrical Specifications - 3V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +2.7V to +3.3V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 1.4V, V_{INL} = 0.5V (Note 4), unless otherwise specified

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Electrical Specifications - 3V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +2.7V to +3.3V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 1.4V, V_{INL} = 0.5V (Note 4), unless otherwise specified (Continued)

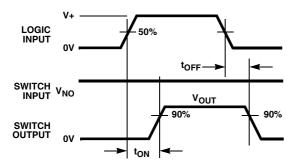
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		(NOTE 5) MIN	ТҮР	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
Charge Injection, Q	C_L = 1.0nF, V_G = 0V, R_G = 0 Ω (See Figure 2)			126		рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 100kHz, $V_{COM} = 1V_{RMS}$ (See Figure 4)	25		65		dB
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel)	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 100kHz, $V_{COM} = 1V_{RMS}$ (See Figure 6)	25		-85		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	f = 20Hz to 20kHz, V_{COM} = 2 V_{P-P} , R_L = 600 Ω	25		0.012		%
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, COFF	f = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25		38		pF
COM ON Capacitance, C _{COM(ON)}	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25		102		pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIST	ics	1				
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = 3.6V, V _{IN} = 0V or V+	25		0.021		μΑ
		Full		0.72		μA
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTIC	CS	- I				
Input Voltage Low, VINL					0.5	V
Input Voltage High, V _{INH}		Full	1.4			V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	nput Current, I_{INH} , I_{INL} V+ = 3.6V, V_{IN} = 0V or V+		-0.5		0.5	μΑ

Electrical Specifications - 1.8V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +1.65V to +2V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 1.0V, V_{INL} = 0.4V (Note 4), unless otherwise specified

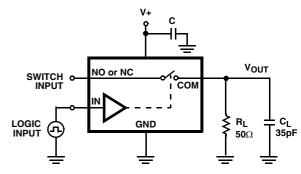
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	(NOTE 5) MIN	ТҮР	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERIS	STICS					
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0		V+	V
ON Resistance, R _{ON}	V+ = 1.8V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0V to V+	25		0.65	0.8	Ω
	(See Figure 5)				0.85	Ω
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}	V+ = 1.65V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 1)	25		50		ns
		Full		55		ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}	V+ = 1.65V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 1)	25		25		ns
		Full		30		ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, tD	V+ = 2.0V, V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.0V, R _L = 50 Ω , C _L = 35pF (See Figure 3)			8		ns
Charge Injection, Q	C_L = 1.0nF, V_G = 0V, R_G = 0 Ω (See Figure 2)			48		рС
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTI	ĊS		<u> </u>			I.
Input Voltage Low, V _{INL}		Full			0.4	V
Input Voltage High, V _{INH}		Full	1.0			V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	V+ = 2.0V, V _{IN} = 0V or V+	Full	-0.5		0.5	μΑ





Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.

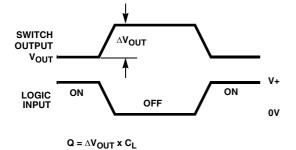
FIGURE 1A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



Repeat test for all switches. C_L includes fixture and stray capacitance. R_L

$$v_{OUT} = v (NO \text{ or } NC) \overline{R_{L} + R_{(ON)}}$$

FIGURE 1B. TEST CIRCUIT





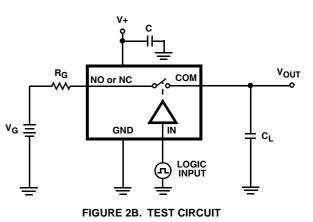


FIGURE 2A. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 2. CHARGE INJECTION

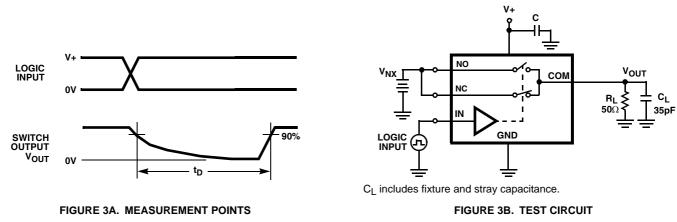
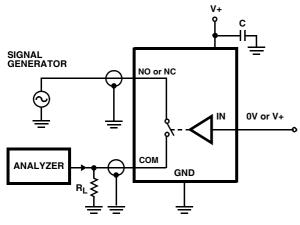


FIGURE 3. BREAK-BEFORE-MAKE TIME

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Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

FIGURE 4. OFF ISOLATION TEST CIRCUIT

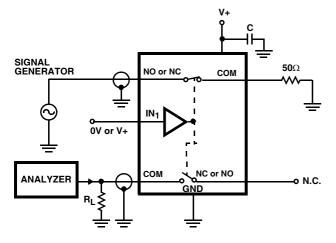


FIGURE 6. CROSSTALK TEST CIRCUIT

Detailed Description

The ISL54056 is a bidirectional, quad single pole/double throw (SPDT) analog switch that offers precise switching capability from a single 1.65V to 4.5V supply with low on-resistance (0.39Ω) and high speed operation (t_{ON} = 30ns, t_{OFF} = 16ns). The device is especially well suited for portable battery powered equipment due to its low operating supply voltage (1.65V), low power consumption (6.3 μ W max), low leakage currents (165nA max), and the tiny μ TQFN package. The ultra low on-resistance and Ron flatness provide very low insertion loss and distortion to applications that require signal reproduction.

Supply Sequencing and Overvoltage Protection

With any CMOS device, proper power supply sequencing is required to protect the device from excessive input currents which might permanently damage the IC. All I/O pins contain ESD protection diodes from the pin to V+ and to GND (see

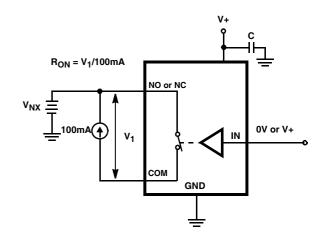


FIGURE 5. RON TEST CIRCUIT

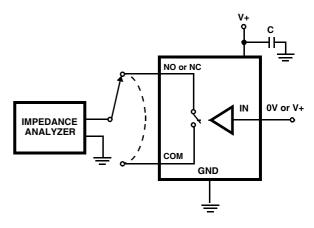




Figure 8). To prevent forward biasing these diodes, V+ must be applied before any input signals, and the input signal voltages must remain between V+ and GND.

If these conditions cannot be guaranteed, then precautions must be implemented to prohibit the current and voltage at the logic pin and signal pins from exceeding the maximum ratings of the switch. The following two methods can be used to provided additional protection to limit the current in the event that the voltage at a signal pin or logic pin goes below ground or above the V+ rail.

Logic inputs can be protected by adding a $1k\Omega$ resistor in series with the logic input (see Figure 8). The resistor limits the input current below the threshold that produces permanent damage, and the sub-microamp input current produces an insignificant voltage drop during normal operation.



This method is not acceptable for the signal path inputs. Adding a series resistor to the switch input defeats the purpose of using a low R_{ON} switch. Connecting schottky diodes to the signal pins as shown in Figure 8 will shunt the fault current to the supply or to ground thereby protecting the switch. These schottky diodes must be sized to handle the expected fault current.

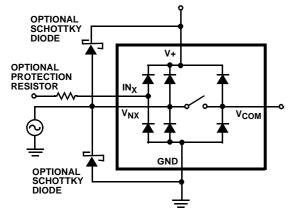


FIGURE 8. OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

Power-Supply Considerations

The ISL54056 construction is typical of most single supply CMOS analog switches, in that they have two supply pins: V+ and GND. V+ and GND drive the internal CMOS switches and set their analog voltage limits. Unlike switches with a 4V maximum supply voltage, the ISL54056 4.7V maximum supply voltage provides plenty of room for the 10% tolerance of 4.3V supplies, as well as room for overshoot and noise spikes.

The minimum recommended supply voltage is 1.65V. It is important to note that the input signal range, switching times, and on-resistance degrade at lower supply voltages. Refer to the electrical specification tables and "*Typical Performance*" curves for details.

V+ and GND also power the internal logic and level shiftiers. The level shiftiers convert the input logic levels to switched V+ and GND signals to drive the analog switch gate terminals.

This family of switches cannot be operated with bipolar supplies, because the input switching point becomes negative in this configuration.

Logic-Level Thresholds

This switch family is 1.8V CMOS compatible (0.5V and 1.4V) over a supply range of 3.0V to 4.5V (see Figure 14). At 3.0V the V_{IL} level is about 0.53V. This is still above the 1.8V CMOS guaranteed low output maximum level of 0.5V, but noise margin is reduced.

The digital input stages draw supply current whenever the digital input voltage is not at one of the supply rails. Driving

the digital input signals from GND to V+ with a fast transition time minimizes power dissipation.

The ISL54056 has been designed to minimize the supply current whenever the digital input voltage is not driven to the supply rails (0V to V+). For example driving the device with 2.85V logic (0V to 2.85V) while operating with a 4.2V supply the device draws only 12 μ A of current (see Figure 16 for V_{IN} = 2.85V).

High-Frequency Performance

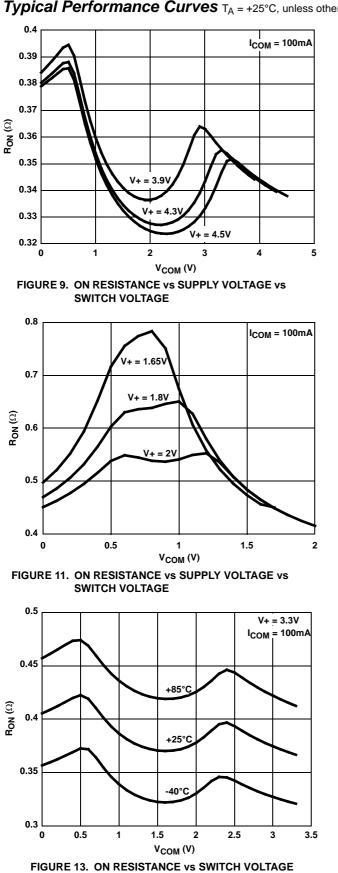
In 50 Ω systems, the ISL54056 has a -3dB bandwidth of 104MHz (see Figure 21). The frequency response is very consistent over a wide V+ range, and for varying analog signal levels.

An OFF switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation, resulting in signal feedthrough from a switch's input to its output. Off Isolation is the resistance to this feedthrough, while Crosstalk indicates the amount of feedthrough from one switch to another. Figure 22 details the high Off Isolation and Crosstalk rejection provided by this part. At 100kHz, Off Isolation is about 65dB in 50Ω systems, decreasing approximately 20dB per decade as frequency increases. Higher load impedances decrease Off Isolation and Crosstalk rejection due to the voltage divider action of the switch OFF impedance and the load impedance.

Leakage Considerations

Reverse ESD protection diodes are internally connected between each analog-signal pin and both V+ and GND. One of these diodes conducts if any analog signal exceeds V+ or GND.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes to V+ or GND. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or GND and the analog signal. This means their leakages will vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the V+ and GND pins constitutes the analog-signal-path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows between each pin and one of the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of the same or opposite polarity. There is no connection between the analog signal paths and V+ or GND.



Typical Performance Curves T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified

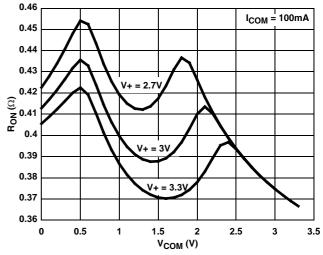
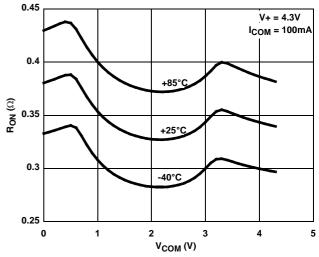
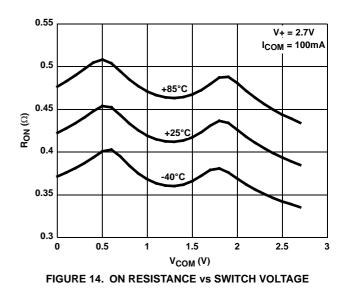


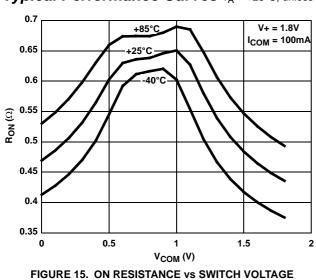
FIGURE 10. ON RESISTANCE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE vs SWITCH VOLTAGE







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Typical Performance Curves $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified (Continued)

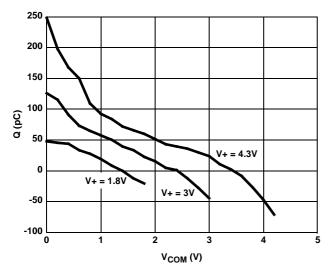


FIGURE 17. CHARGE INJECTION vs SWITCH VOLTAGE

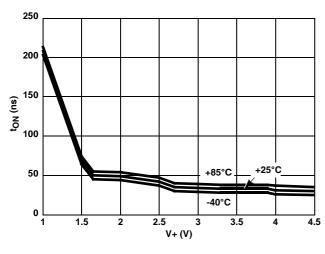


FIGURE 19. TURN-ON TIME vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

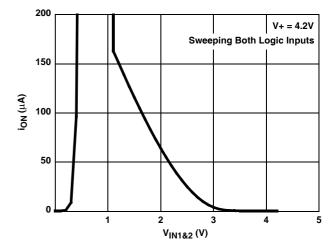


FIGURE 16. SUPPLY CURRENT vs VLOGIC VOLTAGE

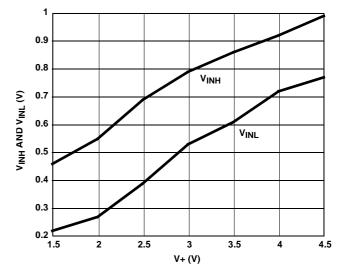


FIGURE 18. DIGITAL SWITCHING POINT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

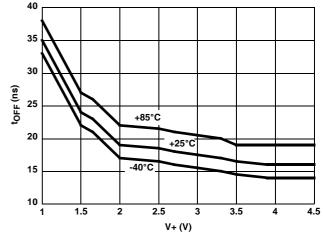
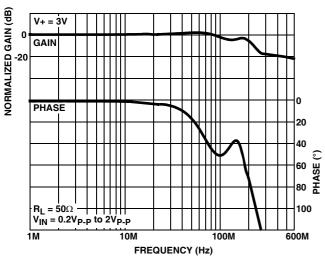
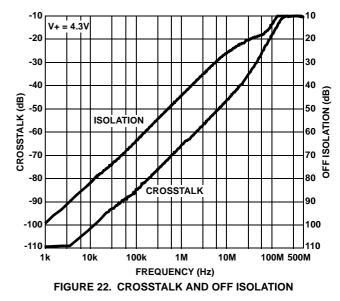


FIGURE 20. TURN-OFF TIME vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE



Typical Performance Curves $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified (Continued)





Die Characteristics

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

GND

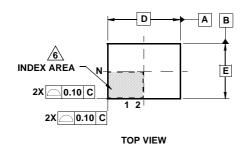
TRANSISTOR COUNT:

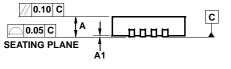
228

PROCESS:

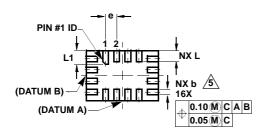
Si Gate CMOS

Ultra Thin Quad Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (UTQFN)

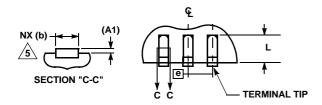


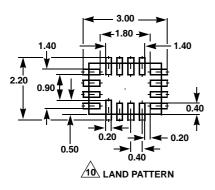






BOTTOM VIEW





L16.2.6x1.8A

16 LEAD ULTRA THIN QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

	I			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOMINAL	MAX	NOTES
А	0.45	0.50	0.55	-
A1	-	-	0.05	-
A3	0.127 REF			-
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	5
D	2.55	2.60	2.65	-
E	1.75	1.80	1.85	-
е	0.40 BSC			-
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	-
L1	0.45	0.50	0.55	-
N	16			2
Nd	4			3
Ne		4	3	
θ	0	-	12	4

NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd and Ne refer to the number of terminals on D and E side, respectively.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- 6. The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Maximum package warpage is 0.05mm.
- 8. Maximum allowable burrs is 0.076mm in all directions.
- 9. JEDEC Reference MO-255.
- 10. For additional information, to assist with the PCB Land Pattern Design effort, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.

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