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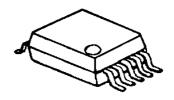
# 3V Operation Switching Driver for Class D Amplifier

#### **■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The **NJU8711** is a Switching Driver for class D Amplifier including BEEP and BPZ (Bipolar Zero) output circuits. It converts 1bit digital signal input, such as PWM or PDM signal, to analog signal output with simple external LC low-pass filter.

The **NJU8711** realizes very high power-efficiency by class D operation. Therefore, It is suitable for portable audio set and others.

#### **■ PACKAGE OUTLINE**

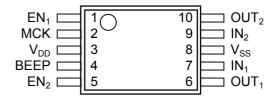


**NJU8711V** 

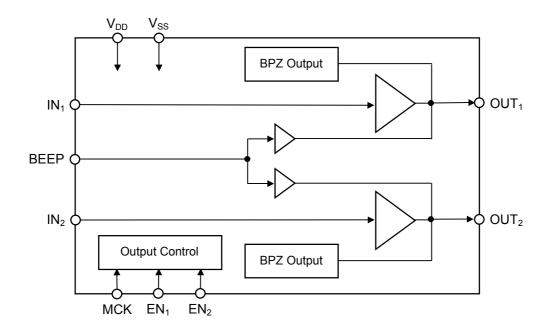
#### **■ FEATURES**

- 2-channel 1bit Audio Signal Input
- Standby(Hi-Z), BPZ Control
- Internal BPZ Charger
- Beep Function
- Operating Voltage : 2.0V to 3.6V
- CMOS Technology
- Package Outline : SSOP10

#### **■ PIN CONFIGURATION**



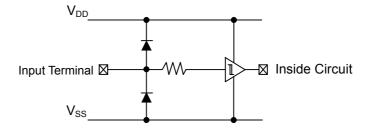
#### **■ BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **■ TERMINAL DESCRIPTION**

No.	SYMBOL	I/O	Function
3	$V_{DD}$	-	Power Supply, V <sub>DD</sub> =3V
8	$V_{SS}$	-	Power GND, V <sub>SS</sub> =0V
2	MCK	I	Master Clock Input Terminal  The condition of the data input terminal is fetched with the rising edge of this signal.
1	EN <sub>1</sub>	ı	Output Control Terminal
5	$EN_2$		Output circuit is selected by the condition of this terminal.
7	IN <sub>1</sub>		Audio Signal Input Terminal
9	$IN_2$	ı	1-bit Audio Signal inputs into this terminal.
4	BEEP	I	Beep Signal Input Terminal  Beep signal inputs into this terminal.
6 10	OUT₁ OUT₂	0	<ul> <li>Output Terminal</li> <li>When Output Terminal selects Audio Signal, IN<sub>1</sub> terminal input data outputs from OUT<sub>1</sub> terminal and IN<sub>2</sub> terminal input data outputs from OUT<sub>2</sub> terminal.</li> <li>When Output Terminal selects Beep Signal, BEEP terminal input data outputs from OUT<sub>1</sub> and OUT<sub>2</sub> terminals.</li> </ul>

# ■ INPUT TERMINAL STRUCTURE



#### **■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

## (1) Signal Output

PWM signals of L channel and R output from  $OUT_1$  and  $OUT_2$  terminals respectively. These signals are converted to analog signal by external 2nd-order or over LC filter. The output driver power supplied from  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  are required high response power supply against voltage fluctuation like as switching regulator because Output T.H.D is effected by power supply stability.

### (2) Master Clock

Master clock (MCK) synchronizes the Audio signal inputs ( $IN_1$  and  $IN_2$ ). The setup time and the hold time should be kept in the AC characteristics because  $IN_1$  and  $IN_2$  are fetched with the rising edge of MCK. MCK requires jitter-free or jitter as small as possible because the jitter downs S/N ratio.

OUT<sub>1</sub> and OUT<sub>2</sub> occur the pop noise when MCK is stopped in operation without standby mode. Therefore, the standby mode should be set before MCK stop.

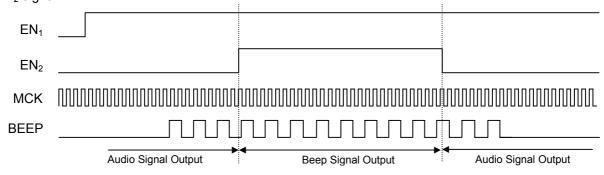
#### (3) Output Control

Output circuit is selected by the conditions of EN<sub>1</sub> and EN<sub>2</sub> terminals.

EN <sub>2</sub>	EN <sub>1</sub>	Output State of OUT <sub>1</sub> & OUT <sub>2</sub>			
0	0	Standby(High impedance)			
0	1	Audio Signal Output			
1	0	BPZ Output			
1	1	Beep Signal Output			

#### (4) Beep Function

The beep signal must be input before the rising edge of  $EN_2$  signal and must be stopped after the falling edge of  $EN_2$  signal.



#### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage		$V_{DD}$	-0.3 to +4.0	V
Input Voltage		Vin	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Operating Temperature		Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
Power Dissipation	SSOP10	P <sub>D</sub>	280	mW

Note 1) All voltage values are specified as V<sub>SS</sub>=0V.

Note 2) If the LSI is used on condition beyond the absolute maximum rating, the LSI may be destroyed. Using LSI within electrical characteristics is strongly recommended for normal operation. Use beyond the electrical characteristics conditions will cause malfunction and poor reliability.

Note 3) Decoupling capacitors should be connected between  $V_{\text{DD}}\text{-}V_{\text{SS}}$  due to the stabilized operation.

# **■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

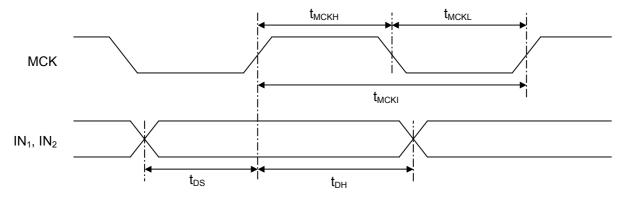
(Ta=25°C,  $V_{DD}$ =3.0V,  $V_{SS}$ =0.0V, Load Impedance=16 $\Omega$ ,  $f_S$ =44.1kHz, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		2.0	3.0	3.6	٧
BPZ Driving Voltage	V <sub>BPZ</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> /2-0.2	V <sub>DD</sub> /2	V <sub>DD</sub> /2+0.2	V
Output Driver High side Resistance	R <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> -0.1V	-	1.5	2	Ω
Output Driver Low side Resistance	R <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.1V	-	1.5	2	Ω
Beep High side Current	I <sub>BH</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> -1V	100	250	600	uA
Beep Low side Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =1V	100	250	600	uA
Operating Current At Standby	I <sub>ST</sub>	Stopping MCK, IN <sub>1</sub> , IN <sub>2</sub> , BEEP	-	-	1	uA
Operating Current At no input signal	I <sub>DD</sub>	No-load operating IN <sub>1</sub> , IN <sub>2</sub> =32f <sub>S</sub> MCK=256f <sub>S</sub>	-	1	2	mA
Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.7V <sub>DD</sub>	-	$V_{DD}$	V
	V <sub>IL</sub>		0	-	0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LK</sub>		-	-	±1	uA

Note 4) When V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage is lower than typical voltage, a pop noise may occur in output change between BPZ and Audio Signal. Therefore, please consider and check the circuit carefully against pop noise.

# **■ TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

· Audio Signal Input



(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0.0V, unless otherwise noted)

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
MCK Frequency	f <sub>MCKI</sub>		8	-	25	MHz
MCK Pulse Width (H)	t <sub>MCKH</sub>		12	-	-	ns
MCK Pulse Width (L)	t <sub>MCKL</sub>		12	-	-	ns
IN <sub>1</sub> ,IN <sub>2</sub> Setup Time	t <sub>DS</sub>		20	-	-	ns
IN <sub>1</sub> ,IN <sub>2</sub> Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>		20	-	-	ns

Note 5)  $t_{MCKI}$  shows the cycle of the MCK signal.

# • Output Control Signal Input



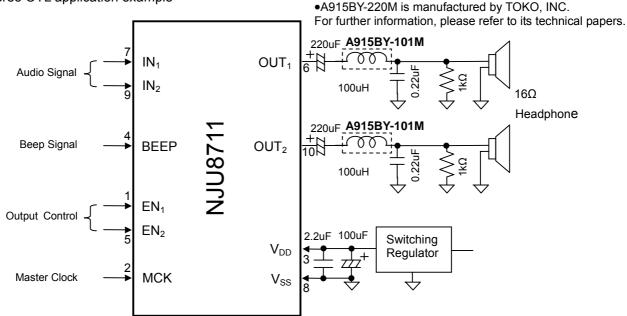
(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0.0V, unless otherwise noted)

		\	, 55 ,	1 00 010 1 9 0111		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Rise Time	t <sub>UP</sub>		-	-	100	ns
Fall Time	t <sub>DN</sub>		-	-	100	ns

Note 6) All timings are based on 30% and 70% voltage level of  $V_{\text{DD}}$ .

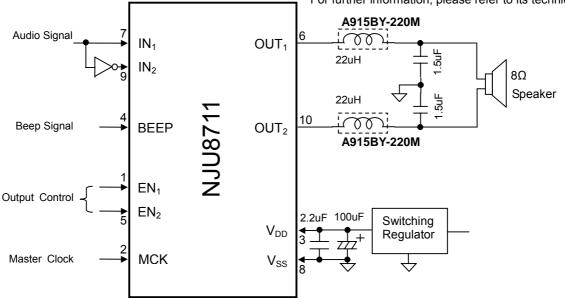
#### **■ APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

· Stereo OTL application example



• 1 channel BTL application example

•A915BY-220M is manufactured by TOKO, INC. For further information, please refer to its technical papers.



- Note 7) De-coupling capacitors must be connected between each power supply pin and GND pin.
- Note 8) The power supply for  $V_{DD}$  requires fast driving response performance such as a switching regulator for THD.
- Note 9) The bigger capacitor value of external AC-coupling capacitors realize better low frequency response characteristics. In addition, ESR(Equivalent Series Resistance) should be low.
- Note 10) The above circuit shows only application example and does not guarantee the any electrical characteristics. Therefore, please consider and check the circuit carefully to fit your application.

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