

# DATA SHEET

## **74ABT16543**

16-bit latched transceiver  
with dual enable (3-State)

Product data

Replaces 74ABT16543; 74ABTH16543 dated 1998 Feb 27

2002 Apr 03

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## FEATURES

- Two 8-bit octal transceivers with D-type latch
- Live insertion/extraction permitted
- Power-up 3-State
- Power-up reset
- Multiple  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins minimize switching noise
- Back-to-back registers for storage
- Separate controls for data flow in each direction
- Output capability: +64 mA/–32 mA
- Latch-up protection exceeds 500 mA per JEDEC Std 17
- ESD protection exceeds 2000 V per MIL STD 883 Method 3015 and 200 V per Machine Model

## DESCRIPTION

The 74ABT16543 high-performance BiCMOS device combines low static and dynamic power dissipation with high speed and high output drive.

The 74ABT16543 16-bit registered transceiver contains two sets of D-type latches for temporary storage of data flowing in either direction. Separate Latch Enable ( $nLEAB$ ,  $nLEBA$ ) and Output Enable ( $nOEAB$ ,  $nOEBA$ ) inputs are provided for each register to permit independent control of data transfer in either direction. The outputs are guaranteed to sink 64 mA.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{ V}$	TYPICAL	UNIT
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay $nAx$ to $nBx$	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	2.5 2.2	ns
$C_{IN}$	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or $V_{CC}$	3	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O capacitance	$V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or $V_{CC}$ ; 3-State	7	pF
$I_{CCZ}$	Quiescent supply current	Outputs disabled; $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	550	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CCL}$		Outputs low; $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	9	mA

## ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG NUMBER
56-Pin Plastic SSOP Type III	–40 °C to +85 °C	74ABT16543DL	SOT371-1
56-Pin Plastic TSSOP Type II	–40 °C to +85 °C	74ABT16543DGG	SOT364-1

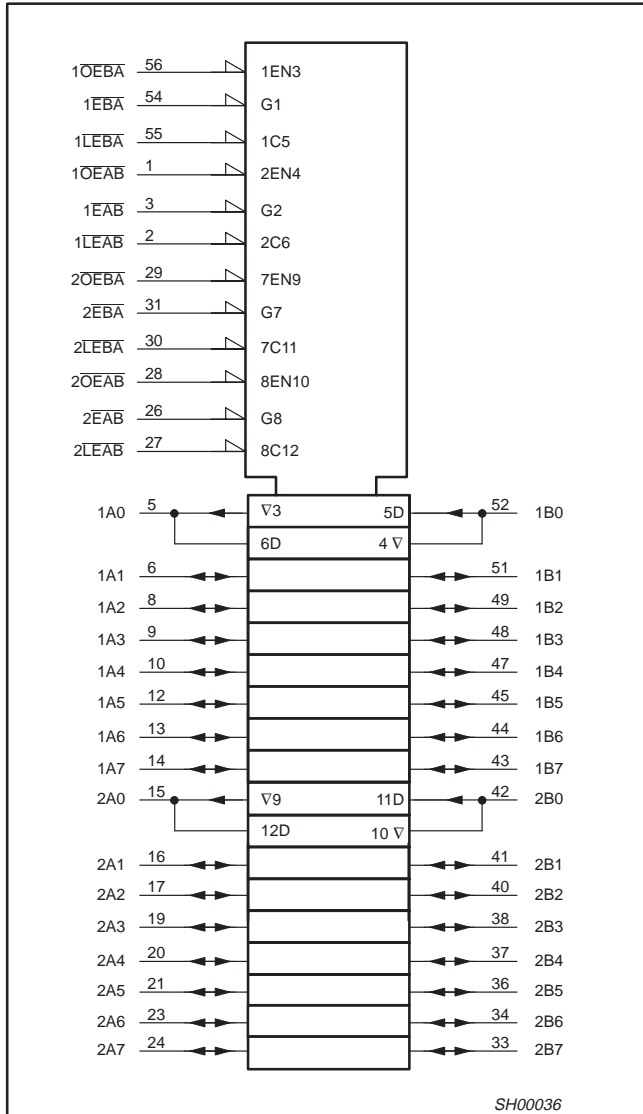
## PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24	1A0 – 1A7, 2A0 – 2A7	Data inputs/outputs
52, 51, 49, 48, 47, 45, 44, 43 42, 41, 40, 38, 37, 36, 34, 33	1B0 – 1B7, 2B0 – 2B7	Data inputs/outputs
1, 56 28, 29	$1\overline{OEAB}$ , $1\overline{OEBA}$ , $2\overline{OEAB}$ , $2\overline{OEBA}$	A-to-B / B-to-A Output Enable inputs (Active-LOW)
3, 54 26, 31	$1\overline{EAB}$ , $1\overline{EBA}$ , $2\overline{EAB}$ , $2\overline{EBA}$	A-to-B / B-to-A Enable inputs (Active-LOW)
2, 55 27, 30	$1\overline{LEAB}$ , $1\overline{LEBA}$ , $2\overline{LEAB}$ , $2\overline{LEBA}$	A-to-B / B-to-A Latch Enable inputs (Active-LOW)
4, 11, 18, 25, 32, 39, 46, 53	GND	Ground (0 V)
7, 22, 35, 50	$V_{CC}$	Positive supply voltage

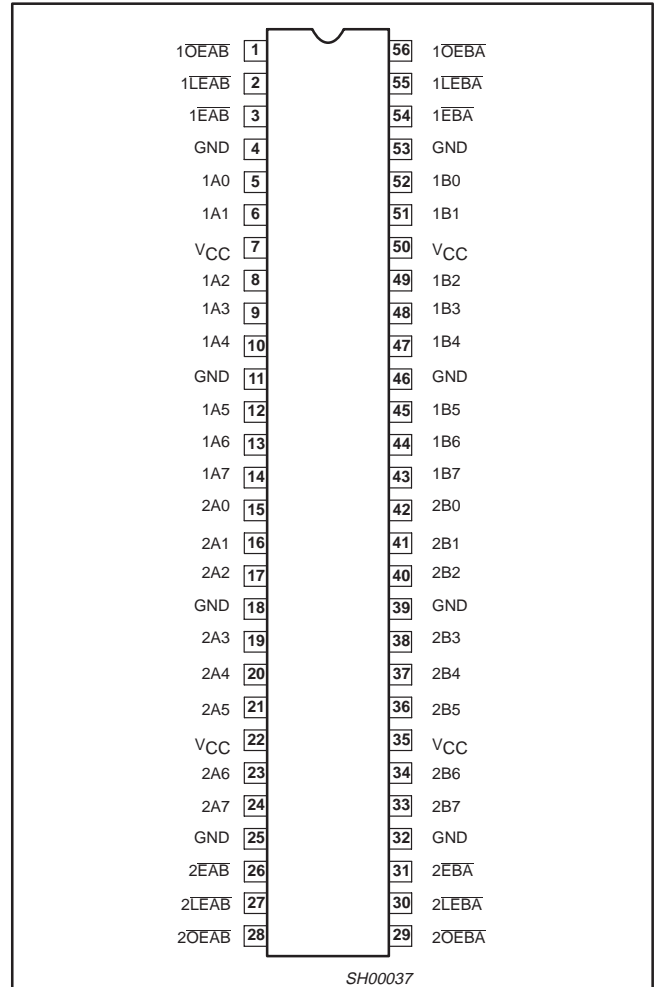
# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



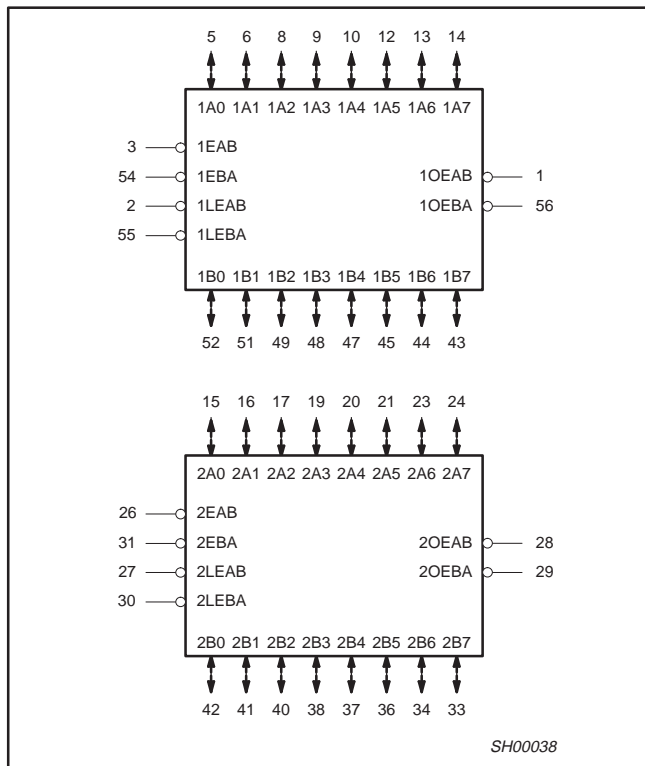
## PIN CONFIGURATION



# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## LOGIC SYMBOL



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 74ABT16543 contains two sets of eight D-type latches, with separate control pins for each set. Using data flow from A to B as an example, when the A-to-B Enable ( $\overline{nEAB}$ ) input and the A-to-B Latch Enable ( $\overline{nLEAB}$ ) input are LOW the A-to-B path is transparent.

A subsequent LOW-to-HIGH transition of the  $\overline{nLEAB}$  signal puts the A data into the latches where it is stored and the B outputs no longer change with the A inputs. With  $EAB$  and  $\overline{nOEAB}$  both LOW, the 3-State B output buffers are active and display the data present at the outputs of the A latches.

Control of data flow from B to A is similar, but using the  $\overline{nEBA}$ ,  $\overline{nLEBA}$ , and  $\overline{nOEBA}$  inputs.

## FUNCTION TABLE

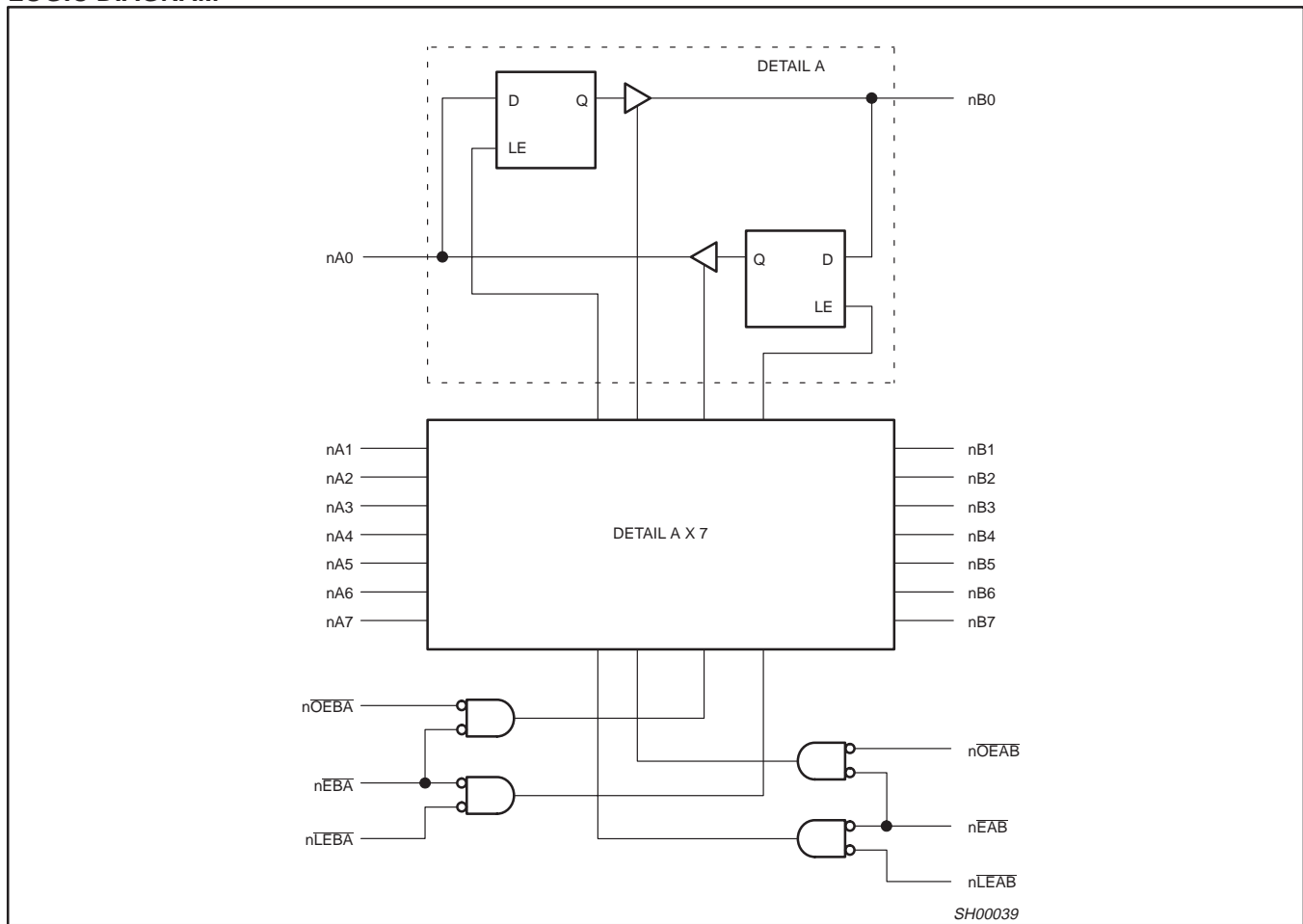
INPUTS				OUTPUTS	STATUS
$\overline{nOEXX}$	$\overline{nEXX}$	$\overline{nLEXX}$	$nAx$ or $nBx$	$nBx$ or $nAx$	
H	X	X	X	Z	Disabled
X	H	X	X	Z	Disabled
L	↑	L	h l	Z Z	Disabled + Latch
L	L	↑	h l	H L	Latch + Display
L	L	L	H L	H L	Transparent
L	L	H	X	NC	Hold

- H = High voltage level
- h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of  $\overline{nLEXX}$  or  $\overline{nEXX}$  (XX = AB or BA)
- L = Low voltage level
- l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of  $\overline{nLEXX}$  or  $\overline{nEXX}$  (XX = AB or BA)
- X = Don't care
- ↑ = LOW-to-HIGH transition of  $\overline{nLEXX}$  or  $\overline{nEXX}$  (XX = AB or BA)
- NC= No change
- Z = High impedance or "off" state

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## LOGIC DIAGRAM



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1, 2</sup>

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC input diode current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-18	mA
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage <sup>3</sup>		-1.2 to +7.0	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC output diode current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-50	mA
V <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output voltage <sup>3</sup>	output in Off or HIGH state	-0.5 to +5.5	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current	output in LOW state	128	mA
		output in HIGH state	-64	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65 to +150	°C

### NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150 °C.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS		UNIT
		Min	Max	
$V_{CC}$	DC supply voltage	4.5	5.5	V
$V_I$	Input voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	2.0		V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level Input voltage		0.8	V
$I_{OH}$	HIGH-level output current		-32	mA
$I_{OL}$	LOW-level output current		64	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0	10	ns/V
$T_{amb}$	Operating free-air temperature range	-40	+85	°C

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25\text{ °C}$			$T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+85\text{ °C}$		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$V_{IK}$	Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; I_{IK} = -18\text{ mA}$			-1.2		-1.2	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$	2.5	2.9		2.5		V
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$	3.0	3.4		3.0		V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; I_{OH} = -32\text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$	2.0	2.4		2.0		V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; I_{OL} = 64\text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$		0.36	0.55		0.55	V
$V_{RST}$	Power-up output voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; I_O = 1\text{ mA}; V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}$		0.13	0.55		0.55	V
$I_I$	Input leakage current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND or }5.5\text{ V}$		$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 1.0$		$\pm 1.0$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OFF}$	Power-off leakage current	$V_{CC} = 0.0\text{ V}; V_O\text{ or }V_I \leq 4.5\text{ V}$		$\pm 2.0$	$\pm 100$		$\pm 100$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{PU/PD}$	Power-up/down 3-State output current <sup>4</sup>	$V_{CC} = 2.1\text{ V}; V_O = 0.0\text{ V or }V_{CC}; V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}; V_{OE} = \text{Don't care}$		$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 50$		$\pm 50$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IH} + I_{OZH}$	3-State output High current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; V_O = 5.5\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$		1.0	10		10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL} + I_{OZL}$	3-State output Low current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; V_O = 0.0\text{ V}; V_I = V_{IL}\text{ or }V_{IH}$		-1.0	-10		-10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CEX}$	Output High leakage current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; V_O = 5.5\text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}$		1.0	50		50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_O$	Output current <sup>1</sup>	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$	-50	-100	-200	-50	-200	mA
$I_{CCH}$	Quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; \text{Outputs HIGH, }V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}$		0.55	2		2	mA
$I_{CCL}$		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; \text{Outputs LOW, }V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}$		9	19		19	mA
$I_{CCZ}$		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; \text{Outputs 3-State; }V_I = \text{GND or }V_{CC}$		0.55	2		2	mA
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Additional supply current per input pin <sup>2</sup>	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}; \text{one input at }3.4\text{ V, other inputs at }V_{CC}\text{ or GND}$		5.0	50		50	$\mu\text{A}$

### NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input at 3.4 V.
- For valid test results, data must not be loaded into the flip-flops (or latches) after applying the power.
- This parameter is valid for any  $V_{CC}$  between 0 V and 2.1 V, with a transition time of up to 10 msec. From  $V_{CC} = 2.1\text{ V}$  to  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$  a transition time of up to 100  $\mu\text{sec}$  is permitted.

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## AC CHARACTERISTICS

GND = 0 V,  $t_R = t_F = 2.5$  ns,  $C_L = 50$  pF,  $R_L = 500$   $\Omega$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25$ °C $V_{CC} = +5.0$ V			$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C $V_{CC} = +5.0$ V $\pm 0.5$ V		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay nAx to nBx, nBx to nAx	2	1.0 1.0	2.5 2.2	3.3 4.4	1.0 1.0	3.8 5.1	ns
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay $\overline{LEBA}$ to nAx, $\overline{LEAB}$ to nBx	1, 2	1.0 1.2	3.1 3.0	4.3 4.8	1.0 1.2	5.2 5.6	ns
$t_{pZH}$ $t_{pZL}$	Output enable time $\overline{OEBA}$ to nAx, $\overline{OEAB}$ to nBx	4 5	1.0 1.1	3.3 3.3	4.3 5.9	1.0 1.1	5.2 7.0	ns
$t_{pHZ}$ $t_{pLZ}$	Output disable time $\overline{OEBA}$ to nAx, $\overline{OEAB}$ to nBx	4 5	1.9 1.6	3.5 2.6	5.0 4.2	1.9 1.6	5.7 4.6	ns
$t_{pZH}$ $t_{pZL}$	Output enable time $\overline{EBA}$ to nAx, $\overline{EAB}$ to nBx	4 5	1.0 1.2	3.4 3.4	4.9 6.5	1.0 1.2	6.2 7.8	ns
$t_{pHZ}$ $t_{pLZ}$	Output disable time $\overline{EBA}$ to nAx, $\overline{EAB}$ to nBx	4 5	2.0 1.7	3.4 2.6	5.6 5.1	2.0 1.7	6.6 5.4	ns

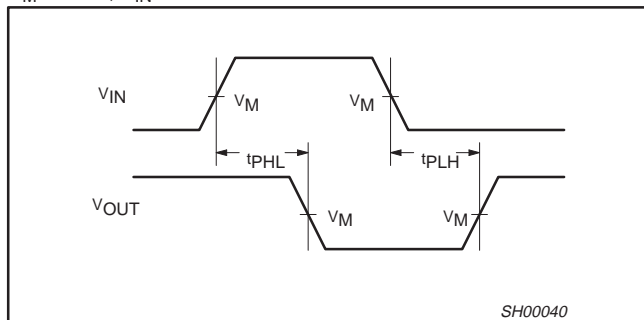
## AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS

GND = 0 V,  $t_R = t_F = 2.5$  ns,  $C_L = 50$  pF,  $R_L = 500$   $\Omega$

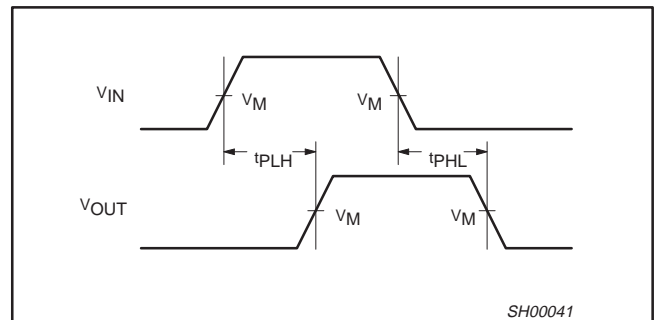
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	LIMITS			UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25$ °C $V_{CC} = +5.0$ V		$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C $V_{CC} = +5.0$ V $\pm 0.5$ V	
			MIN	TYP	MIN	
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Set-up time nAx to $\overline{LEAB}$ , nBx to $\overline{LEBA}$	3	1.5 3.5	0.4 -0.1	1.5 3.5	ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time nAx to $\overline{LEAB}$ , nBx to $\overline{LEBA}$	3	1.5 2.0	0.2 -0.3	1.5 2.0	ns
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Set-up time nAx to $\overline{EAB}$ , nBx to $\overline{EBA}$	3	1.5 3.5	0.2 -0.3	1.5 3.5	ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time nAx to $\overline{EAB}$ , nBx to $\overline{EBA}$	3	1.5 2.0	0.3 -0.2	1.5 2.0	ns
$t_w(L)$	Latch enable pulse width, LOW	3	4.0	3.1	4.0	ns

## AC WAVEFORMS

$V_M = 1.5$  V,  $V_{IN} =$  GND to 3.0 V



Waveform 1. Propagation Delay for Inverting Output



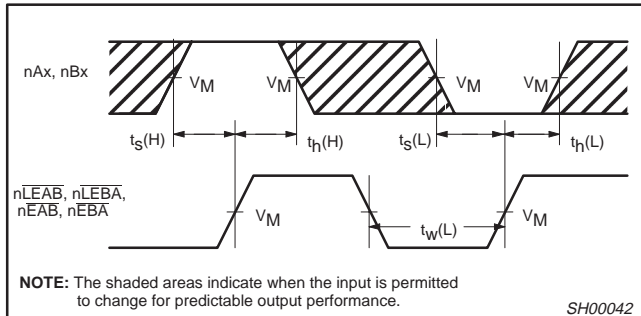
Waveform 2. Propagation Delay for Non-Inverting Output

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

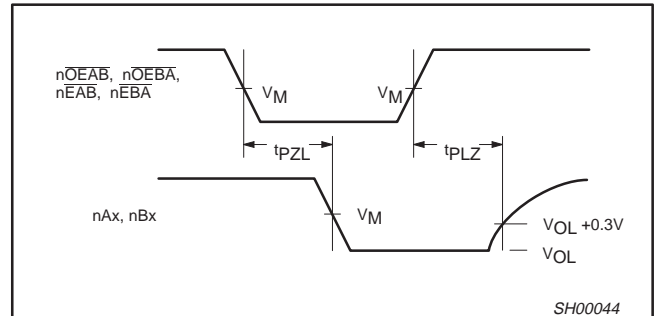
74ABT16543

## AC WAVEFORMS (Continued)

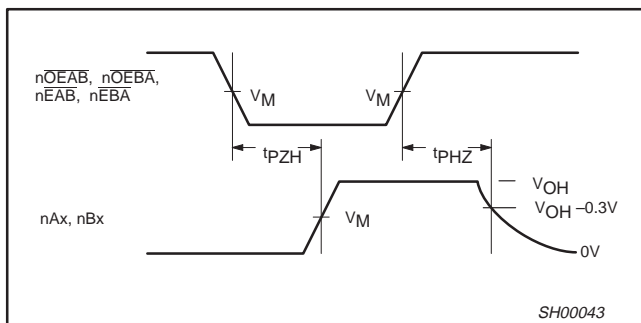
$V_M = 1.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{ V}$



**Waveform 3. Data Setup and Hold Times and Latch Enable Pulse Width**



**Waveform 5. 3-State Output Enable Time to Low Level and Output Disable Time from Low Level**



**Waveform 4. 3-State Output Enable Time to High Level and Output Disable Time from High Level**

## TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

**Test Circuit for 3-State Outputs**

**Input Pulse Definition**

$V_M = 1.5\text{ V}$

**SWITCH POSITION**

TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLZ}$	closed
$t_{PZL}$	closed
All other	open

**DEFINITIONS**

$R_L$  = Load resistor; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.

$C_L$  = Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.

$R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to  $Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generators.

FAMILY	INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS				
	Amplitude	Rep. Rate	$t_w$	$t_r$	$t_f$
74ABT/H16	3.0V	1MHz	500ns	2.5ns	2.5ns

SA00018

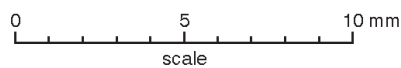
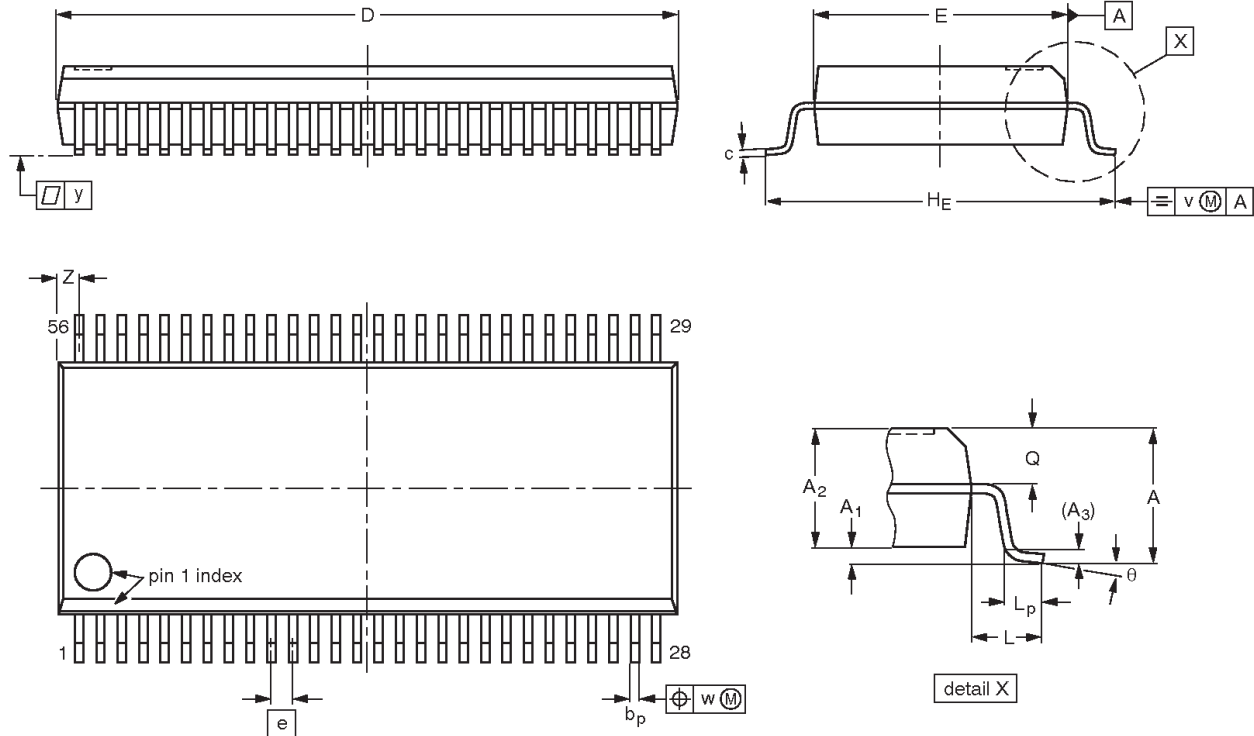


# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

**SSOP56:** plastic shrink small outline package; 56 leads; body width 7.5 mm

**SOT371-1**



**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	2.8	0.4 0.2	2.35 2.20	0.25	0.3 0.2	0.22 0.13	18.55 18.30	7.6 7.4	0.635	10.4 10.1	1.4	1.0 0.6	1.2 1.0	0.25	0.18	0.1	0.85 0.40	8° 0°

**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

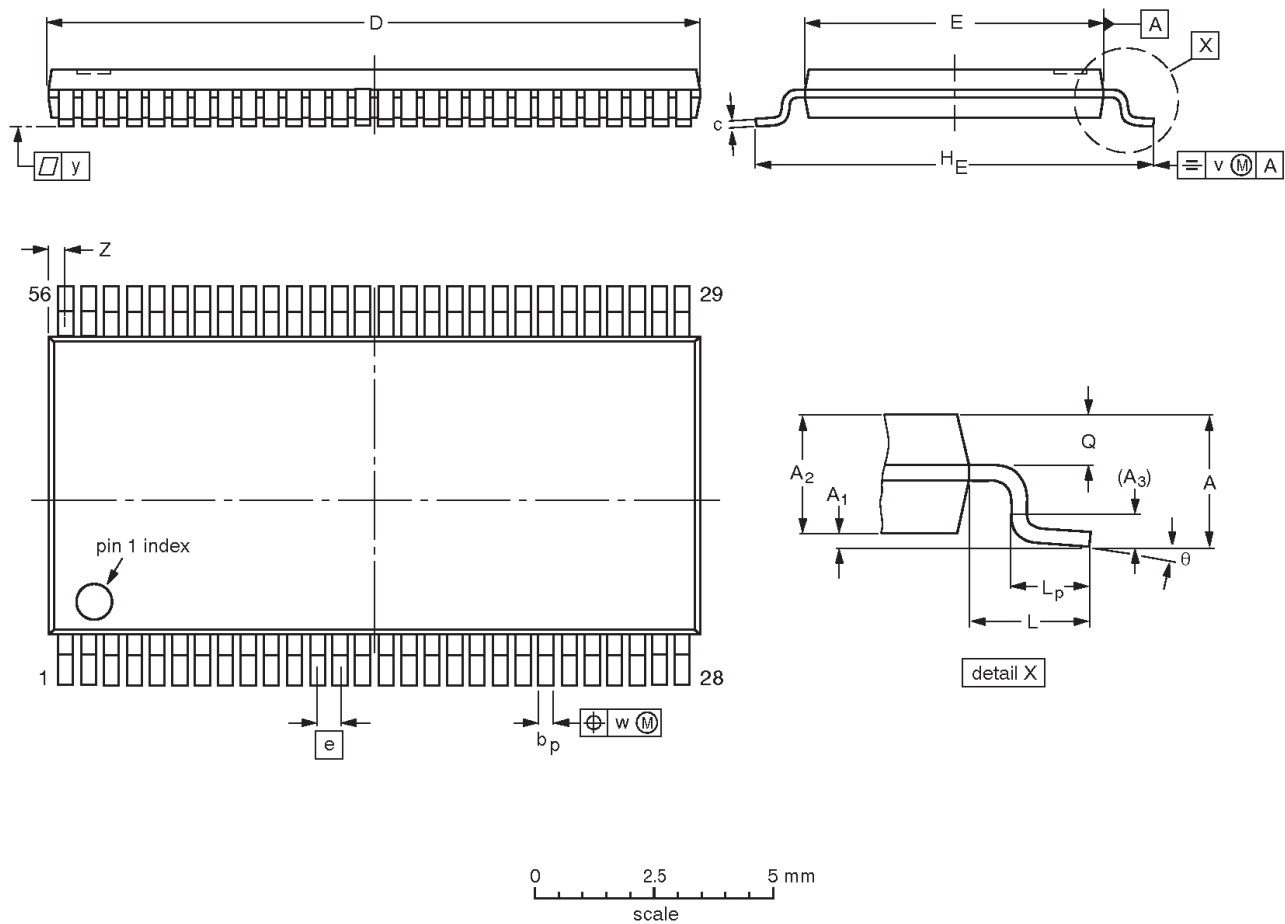
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT371-1		MO-118				95-02-04 99-12-27

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

## 74ABT16543

**TSSOP56:** plastic thin shrink small outline package; 56 leads; body width 6.1 mm

**SOT364-1**



**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions).**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	Z	$\theta$
mm	1.2	0.15 0.05	1.05 0.85	0.25	0.28 0.17	0.2 0.1	14.1 13.9	6.2 6.0	0.5	8.3 7.9	1.0	0.8 0.4	0.50 0.35	0.25	0.08	0.1	0.5 0.1	8° 0°

**Notes**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT364-1		MO-153				95-02-10 99-12-27

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16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable  
(3-State)

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74ABT16543

**NOTES**

# 16-bit latched transceiver with dual enable (3-State)

74ABT16543

## Data sheet status

Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2]</sup>	Definitions
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
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[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

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**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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