PC104-73DL1 LVDT/RVDT OUTPUT, PROGRAMMABLE

16 BIT RESOLUTION; WRAP-AROUND SELF TEST

ON-BOARD PROGRAMMABLE EXCITATION SUPPLY (OPTIONAL)

FEATURES:

- 16 bit resolution
- Continuous background bit testing and Excitation loss detection
- Transformer isolated
- No adjustments or trimming required
- Part number, S/N, Date code, & Rev. in permanent memory

DESCRIPTION:

This PC104 compliant stackthrough module offers (1) three-wire transformer isolated "PROGRAMMABLE" LVDT/RVDT outputs with wrap-around self test and optional excitation supply. Instead of buying cards that are set for specific outputs, the uniqueness of this design makes it possible to buy our generic card that can be programmed and reprogrammed in the field for any excitation and signal voltage between 2.0 and 28 volts. One transformer isolated excitation is supplied for the A, B output pair. User selects the desired A+B voltage. After this is done, the card will automatically set the correct B voltage for any programmed A voltage. Use of a ratiometric design eliminates errors caused by excitation voltage variations. The outputs are stable with temperature and switching spikes are not noticeable. To simplify logistics, Part number, S/N, Date code, & Rev. are located in permanent memory locations.

Automatic background bit testing where the output of each channel is compared against the commanded input to a testing accuracy of 0.1% FS and each Signal and Excitation is monitored. Any failure triggers a flag. The testing is totally transparent to the user, requires no external programming, has no effect on the standard operation of this card and can be enabled or disabled via the bus. The results are available in status registers.

Principal of Operation (LVDT): Typically the primary is excited by an ac source, causing a magnetic flux to be generated within the transducer. Voltages are induced in the two secondaries, with the magnitude varying with the position of the core. Usually, the secondaries are connected in series opposition, causing a net output voltage of zero when the core is at the electrical center. When the core is displaced in either direction from center the voltage increases linearly either in phase or out of phase with the excitation depending on the direction.

Interfacing LVDT to Converter

- Two common connection methods are:
- 1. Primary as reference (Two-wire system)
- 2. Derived reference (Three/four-wire LVDT)

Two-wire system: This method of connection converts the widest range of LVDT sensors and, is the most sensitive to excitation voltage variations, temperature and phase shift effects.

Three/four-wire LVDT: The LVDT is again excited from the primary side, but the converter reference is the sum of A + B that has constant amplitude for changing core displacement This system is insensitive to temperature effects, phase shifts and oscillator instability and solves the identity (A-B)/(A+B)

Yg + Yi (IN-PHA 10.0 V 10.0 V 5.0 V 5.0 V Va Va 0.0 V Va+Vb=10V Va+Vb=10V Va+Vb=10V Va+Vb=10V Va+Vb=10V Va=0V Va=0V Vb=10V Vb=10V Vb=10V	$\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{K}$ SE) FIGURATION) $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{K}$ FIGURATION) $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{K}$ $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}$ $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{K}$ $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}$ \mathbf{f} $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}$ \mathbf{f}	4 WIRE	3 WIRE A W W A A B X A-B					
		0	O					
SPECIFICATIONS:	401:00450000	50)						
Resolution:	16 Dits (.001526%)	FS)						
Linearity:	1 mV + .05% readir	ng–	-					
Offset:	1 mV 2 wire or 4 wire Tr	anoformar isolated						
Output Format.	3-wire of 4-wire. 11							
Output voltage.	2.0 to 20 virils $\pm 1\%$ at no load, programmable with TK. Transformer isolated. Output voltage will vary directly with excitation							
l oad:	With output voltage	s from 20 to 70 V/rms; 24	$5 k_{\rm O}$ min					
Eoad.	With output voltage	s from 7.1 to 20.0 Vrms: 10	0 kQ min					
	With output voltage	$s \neq 0$ 10 1 to 28.0 Vrms: 10	5 k0 min. Short circuit protected					
Regulation:	1% max	3 1011 10.1 10 20.0 11113. 1						
Excitation:	2 0-28 Vrms progr	anomable 0.1 V resolution T	ransformer isolated (250 Mw)					
Frequency:	360 Hz to 10 Khz, k	proadband.						
Phase Shift (input to output):	0.1° max.							
Excitation Z in:	50 K Ω min.	_	_					
Power:	+5 VDC ±5% at 0.3	 85 A	_					
	±12 VDC ±5% at 0.	5 A						
Temperature:	-40°C to +80°C	0	0					
Storage temperature:	-55°C to +105°C.	\sim	U U					
Size:	3.6 x 3.8 x 0.6							
Weight:	12 oz.	z	z					
Output voltage:	Output A= REF*TR Output B= REF*TR	* (POSITION / 65536) * 1- (POSITION / 65536)						
Transformation Ratio (TR):	[(Output A + Output	t B) / REF) * 65536						

PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS:

I/O CONFIGURATION:

This card requires 32 consecutive addresses in the I/O address space on a 32 byte boundary. The base address is switch settable in the 000-3E0 hex (0 to 992) address range.

ADDRESS= BASE + OFFSET



NOTE: Base addresses to avoid:

320-32F	Hard Disk	3B0-3BF	Monochrome Display	3F8-3FF Asynch Comm I/O
378-37F	Parallel Printer Port	3F0-3F7	Floppy Disk	

Offset

00	Position Lo	read/write	07	Freq. Out Hi	write/read	0D	Model Number Hi	read	15	Rev level Hi	read
01	Position Hi	read/write	08	Excitation. Lo	write/read	10	Serial Number Lo	read	16	Status, Signal	read
02	Wrap-around Lo	read/write	09	Excitation Hi	write/read	11	Serial Number Lo	read	18	Status, Excitation	read
03	Wrap-around Hi	read/write	0A	TR Lo	write/read	12	Date Code Lo	read			
04	Status, Accuracy	read	0B	TR Hi	write/read	13	Date Code Hi	read			
06	Freq. Out Lo	write/read	0C	Model Number L	o read	14	Rev level Lo	read			

	Hi by	te					Lo byte									
	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Data, max.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Data, 1/2 scale, max.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Data, zero	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Data, 1/2 scale, min.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Data, min.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status, Signal	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	В	Α
Status, Excitation	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	D
Status, Test	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	D

Codes are in 2's complement.

Examples of voltage programming	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
28.1 Vrms entered as 281	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
7.0 Vrms entered as 70	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0

PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS:

Power ON: sets all outputs to zero, optional excitation supply to 360 Hz and no output.

Wrap around: Can be read at any time and indicates the actual output. Read the Hi byte first. Hi byte read holds Lo byte until read.

Optional Excitation Supply: For frequency, write a 16 bit word (Ex: 400 Hz = 110010000) to 06h/07h. For voltage, write a 16 bit word (Ex: 26.1 Vrms = 100000101) with Lsb=0.1 Vrms, to 08h/09h. It is recommended that user program the required frequency before setting the output voltage.

To read status: Read 18h for excitation, 16h for Signal, 04h for accuracy. Test: "1" Accuracy OK; "0" failed; Status: "1" Exc. On, Signal On. "0" Exc. and/or Signal loss.

CONNECTOR: Samtec TSW-104-25-T-D-R-A Mate: IDC 4x2 .1"

Pin	Lo	Hi	Exc. Hi (In)	Exc. Lo (In)	Exc. Hi Out)	Exc. Lo (Out)
Ch.A	1	4	7	8	5	6
Ch.B	3	2				

Pin numbers								
7	5	3	1					
٠	•	٠	٠					
٠	•	•	•					
	-		•					
8	6	4	2					

PART NUMBER DESIGNATION

