

# DATA SHEET

|                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| Part No.         | AN12979A       |
| Package Code No. | ULGA020-L-0404 |

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# AN12979A

## Stereo BTL amplifier IC with built-in AGC (I<sup>2</sup>C bus-control correspondence)

### ■ Overview

AN12979A is the stereo BTL amplifier which contained the AGC circuit for clip prevention of a speaker output.

This IC performs a mode change by the I<sup>2</sup>C bus control system. (Standby function ON/OFF change etc.)

### ■ Features

- Selection by I<sup>2</sup>C bus control is possible in the on-level of AGC. (3-bit, 8-step)
- Selection by I<sup>2</sup>C bus control is possible in an attack/recovery time of AGC. (attack: 2-bit, recovery: 3-bit)
- The resistance and the capacitor of a detector circuit which were being used for the conventional AGC are unnecessary.
- In order to realize high efficiency of output power, it adopts CMOS power amplifier circuit .
- Built-in compulsion shutdown terminal.

### ■ Applications

- Audio amplifier for mobile, such as a cellular phone

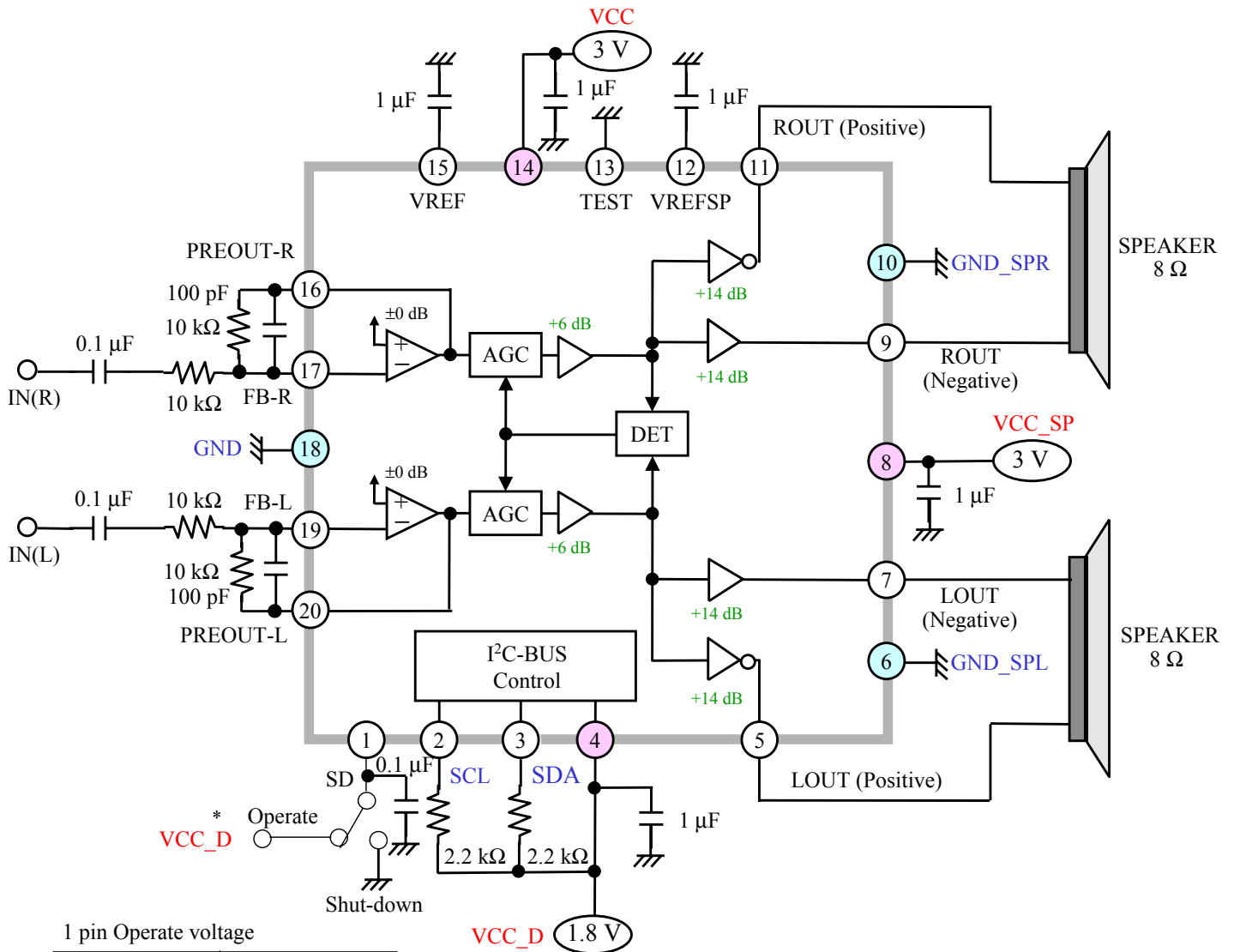
### ■ Package

- 20 pin Fine Pitch Land Grid Array Package (LGA Type)

### ■ Type

- Bi-CMOS IC

■ Application Circuit Example (Block Diagram)



1 pin Operate voltage

| VCC_D = 1.8 V         | VCC_D = 2.6 V         |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Operate<br>> 1.62 V   | Operate<br>> 2.34 V   |
| Shut-down<br>< 0.18 V | Shut-down<br>< 0.26 V |

Note) 1. This circuit and these circuit constants show an example and do not guarantee the design as a mass-production set.

2. \*: The threshold voltage at 1pin has the VCC\_D dependency.

## ■ Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin name | Type           | Description   |
|---------|----------|----------------|---|
| 1       | S.D      | —              | Terminal for shut-down (VCC: operate, GND: shut-down) |
| 2       | SCL      | Input          | SCL   |
| 3       | SDA      | Input / Output | SDA   |
| 4       | VCC_D    | Power Supply   | Power supply VCC_D for logic circuit                  |
| 5       | LOUT_POS | Output         | SP amp L-ch. output (+)                               |
| 6       | GND_SPL  | Ground         | Ground for SP L-ch. amp system                        |
| 7       | LOUT_NEG | Output         | SP amp L-ch. output (-)                               |
| 8       | VCC_SP   | Power Supply   | Power supply VCC_SP for SP output                     |
| 9       | ROUT_NEG | Output         | SP amp R-ch. output (-)                               |
| 10      | GND_SPR  | Ground         | Ground for SP R-ch. amp system                        |
| 11      | ROUT_POS | Output         | SP amp R-ch. output (+)                               |
| 12      | VREF_SP  | Input          | Terminal of reference voltage for SP output circuit   |
| 13      | TEST1    | —              | Terminal for testing (please connect to Ground)       |
| 14      | VCC      | Power Supply   | Power supply VCC                                      |
| 15      | VREF     | Input          | Terminal of reference voltage                         |
| 16      | PREOUT_R | Output         | First stage amplifier output R-ch.                    |
| 17      | FB_R     | Input          | Negative feedback input stage amplifier R-ch.         |
| 18      | GND      | Ground         | Ground  |
| 19      | FB_L     | Input          | Negative feedback input stage amplifier L-ch.         |
| 20      | PREOUT_L | Output         | First stage amplifier output L-ch.                    |

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

| A No. | Parameter                     | Symbol           | Rating      | Unit | Note |
|-------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------|------|
| 1     | Supply voltage                | VCC              | 3.6         | V    | *1   |
|       |                               | VCC_D            | 3.6         |      |      |
|       |                               | VCC_SP           | 5.0         |      |      |
| 2     | Supply current                | I <sub>CC</sub>  | —           | A    |      |
| 3     | Power dissipation             | P <sub>D</sub>   | 222         | mW   | *2   |
| 4     | Operating ambient temperature | T <sub>opr</sub> | −20 to +70  | °C   | *3   |
| 5     | Storage temperature           | T <sub>stg</sub> | −55 to +150 | °C   |      |

Note) \*1: The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation.

\*2: The power dissipation shown is the value at T<sub>a</sub> = 70°C for the independent (unmounted) IC package without a heat sink.

When using this IC, refer to the • P<sub>D</sub> – T<sub>a</sub> diagram in the ■ Technical Data and use under the condition not exceeding the allowable value.

\*3: Except for the power dissipation, operating ambient temperature, and storage temperature, all ratings are for T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C.

### ■ Operating Supply Voltage Range

| Parameter            | Symbol | Range      | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|--------|------------|------|------|
| Supply voltage range | VCC    | 2.7 to 3.3 | V    |      |
|                      | VCC_D  | 1.7 to 2.6 |      | *1   |
|                      |        | 1.7 to 3.3 |      | *2   |
|                      | VCC_SP | 2.7 to 4.5 |      |      |

Note) 1. The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation.

2. \*1: The values under FAST- mode.

\*2: The values under STANDARD- mode.

■ Electrical Characteristics at VCC = 3.0 V , VCC\_D = 1.8 V , VCC\_SP = 3.0 V

Note) T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C±2°C unless otherwise specified.

| B No.                               | Parameter                                 | Symbol             | Conditions   | Limits |      |      | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--------|------|------|------|------|
|                                     |   |                    |  | Min    | Typ  | Max  |      |      |
| <b>Circuit Current</b>              |   |                    |  |        |      |      |      |      |
| 1                                   | Circuit current 1A at non-signal (VCC)    | IVCC1A             | VCC = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = ON, AGC = ON      | 1.5    | 3.9  | 6.0  | mA   |      |
| 2                                   | Circuit current 2A at non-signal (VCC_SP) | IVCC2A             | VCC_SP = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = ON, AGC = ON   | 1.0    | 13   | 29   | mA   |      |
| 3                                   | Circuit current 3A at non-signal (VCC_D)  | IVCC3A             | VCC_D = 1.8V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = ON, AGC = ON     | —      | 0.1  | 10   | μA   |      |
| 4                                   | Circuit current 1B at non-signal (VCC)    | IVCC1B             | VCC = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = ON, SP = OFF, AGC = ON      | —      | 0.1  | 1.0  | μA   |      |
| 5                                   | Circuit current 2B at non-signal (VCC_SP) | IVCC2B             | VCC_SP = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = ON, SP = OFF, AGC = ON   | —      | 0.1  | 1.0  | μA   |      |
| 6                                   | Circuit current 3A at non-signal (VCC_D)  | IVCC3B             | VCC_D = 1.8V, Non-signal<br>STB = ON, SP = OFF, AGC = ON     | —      | 0.1  | 1.0  | μA   |      |
| 7                                   | Circuit current 1C at non-signal (VCC)    | IVCC1C             | VCC = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = OFF, AGC = ON     | 1.5    | 3.7  | 6.0  | mA   |      |
| 8                                   | Circuit current 1C at non-signal (VCC_SP) | IVCC2C             | VCC_SP = 3.0 V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = OFF, AGC = ON  | —      | 0.3  | 1.0  | mA   |      |
| 9                                   | Circuit current 1C at non-signal (VCC_D)  | IVCC3C             | VCC_D = 1.8 V, Non-signal<br>STB = OFF, SP = OFF, AGC = ON   | —      | 0.1  | 10   | μA   |      |
| <b>Input/output characteristics</b> |   |                    |  |        |      |      |      |      |
| 11                                  | SP reference output level                 | VSPOL<br>VSPOR     | Vin = -34.0 dBV, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω                       | -9.5   | -8.0 | -6.5 | dBV  |      |
| 12                                  | SP reference output distortion            | THSPOL<br>THSPOR   | Vin = -34.0 dBV, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω, to THD5th            | —      | 0.07 | 0.5  | %    |      |
| 13                                  | SP reference output noise voltage         | VNSPOL<br>VNSPOR   | Non-Signal<br>using A curve filter                           | —      | -75  | -68  | dBV  |      |
| 14                                  | SP maximum rating output                  | VMSPOL<br>VMSPOR   | THD = 10%, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω, AGC = OFF                  | 300    | 500  | —    | mW   |      |
| 15                                  | Output level at power save                | VSSPOL<br>VSSPOR   | Vin = -34.0 dBV, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω, using A curve filter | —      | -114 | -90  | dBV  |      |
| 16                                  | SP AGC output level 1                     | VSPOA1L<br>VSPOA1R | Vin = -19.0 dBV, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω, AGC-SELECT = [011]   | 3.0    | 4.0  | 5.0  | dBV  |      |
| 17                                  | SP AGC output level 2                     | VSPOA2L<br>VSPOA2R | Vin = -12.0 dBV, f = 1 kHz<br>RL = 8 Ω, AGC-SELECT = [011]   | 3.0    | 4.0  | 5.0  | dBV  |      |

■ Electrical Characteristics at VCC = 3.0 V , VCC\_D = 1.8 V , VCC\_SP = 3.0 V (continued)

Note) T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C±2°C unless otherwise specified.

| B No.                          | Parameter                             | Symbol             | Conditions                           | Limits      |     |             | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-----|-------------|------|------|
|                                |                                       |                    |                                      | Min         | Typ | Max         |      |      |
| I <sup>2</sup> C interface     |                                       |                    |                                      |             |     |             |      |      |
| 43                             | SCL,SDA signal input Low Level        | V <sub>IL</sub>    | —                                    | -0.5        | —   | 0.3 × VCC_D | V    |      |
| 44                             | SCL,SDA signal input Low Level        | V <sub>IH</sub>    | —                                    | 0.7 × VCC_D | —   | VCC_D + 0.5 | V    |      |
| 45                             | SDA output signal Low Level           | V <sub>OL</sub>    | Open corrector,<br>sync current: 3mA | 0           | —   | 0.2 × VCC_D | V    |      |
| 46                             | SCL,SDA Signal Input Current          | I <sub>i</sub>     | Input voltage: 0.1 V to 1.7 V        | -10         | —   | 10          | μA   |      |
| 47                             | SCL maximum frequency of signal input | f <sub>SCL</sub>   | —                                    | 0           | —   | 400         | kHz  |      |
| The threshold voltage at 1-pin |                                       |                    |                                      |             |     |             |      |      |
| 48                             | Shut-down input Low Level             | V <sub>sdlth</sub> | —                                    | —           | —   | 0.1 × VCC_D | V    |      |
| 49                             | Shut-down input High Level            | V <sub>sdhth</sub> | —                                    | 0.9 × VCC_D | —   | —           | V    |      |



### ■ Electrical Characteristics (Reference values for design) at VCC = 3.0 V , VCC\_D = 1.8 V, VCC\_SP = 3.0 V

Note)  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed by inspection.

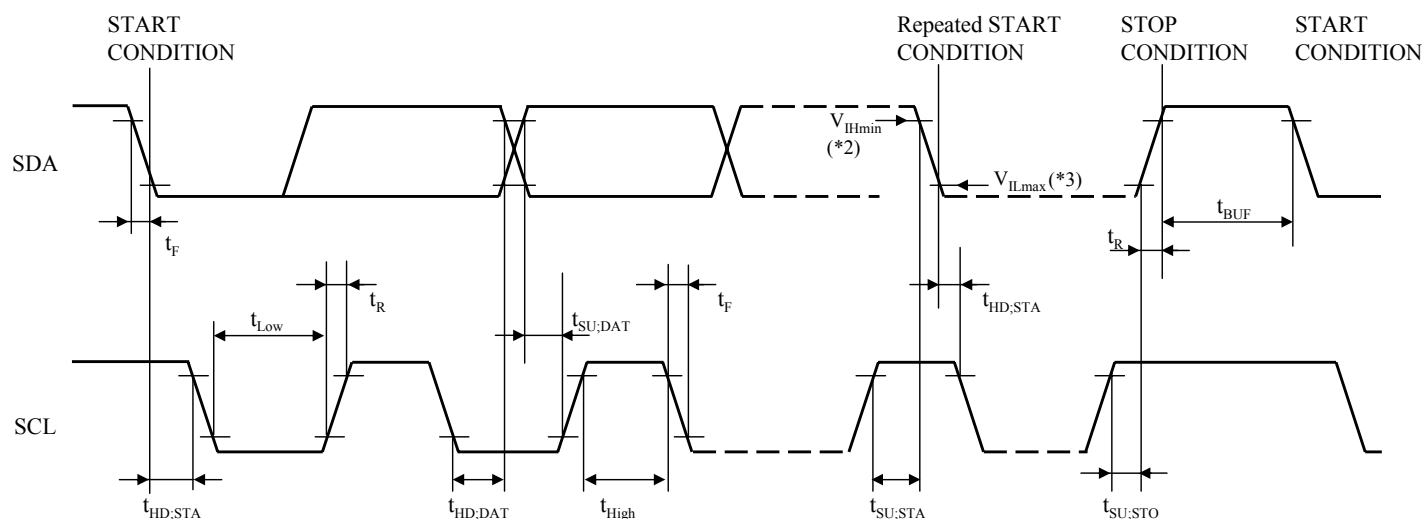
If a problem does occur related to these characteristics, we will respond in good faith to user concerns.

| B No.                      | Parameter  | Symbol              | Conditions | Limits |     |     | Unit          | Note |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------|------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|------|
|                            |  |                     |            | Min    | Typ | Max |               |      |
| I <sup>2</sup> C interface |  |                     |            |        |     |     |               |      |
| 66                         | Bus free time between a condition of stop and a condition of start | $t_{\text{BUF}}$    | —          | 1.3    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 67                         | Setup time of a condition of start                                 | $t_{\text{SU;STA}}$ | —          | 0.6    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 68                         | Hold time of a condition for start                                 | $t_{\text{HD;STA}}$ | —          | 0.6    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 69                         | "L" time of SCL clock  | $t_{\text{Low}}$    | —          | 1.3    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 70                         | "H" time of SCL clock  | $t_{\text{High}}$   | —          | 0.6    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 71                         | Rising time of SDA , SCL signal                                    | $t_{\text{R}}$      | —          | —      | —   | 0.3 | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 72                         | Fall time of SDA,SCL signal  | $t_{\text{F}}$      | —          | —      | —   | 0.3 | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 73                         | Data setup time  | $t_{\text{SU;DAT}}$ | —          | 0.1    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 74                         | Data hold time   | $t_{\text{HD;DAT}}$ | —          | 0      | —   | 0.9 | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |
| 75                         | Rising up time of a condition of stop                              | $t_{\text{SU;STO}}$ | —          | 0.6    | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | *1   |

Note) \*1: All values are  $V_{\text{IHmin}}$  (\*2) and  $V_{\text{ILmax}}$  (\*3) level standard.

\*2:  $V_{\text{IHmin}}$  is the minimum limit of the signal input high level.

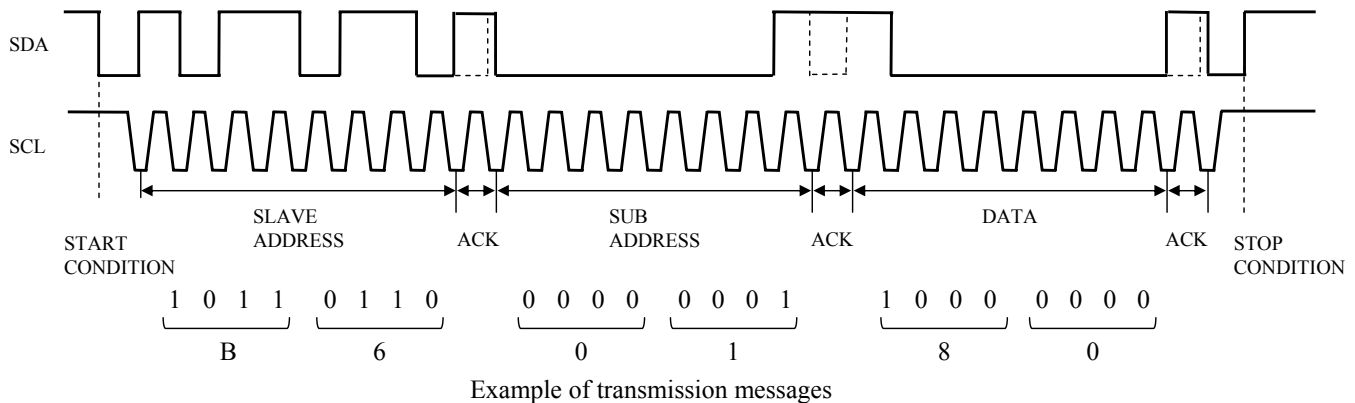
\*3:  $V_{\text{ILmax}}$  is the maximum limit of the signal input low level.



## ■ Technical Data

### • I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Mode

#### 1. Write Mode



Two transmission messages (i.e., the SCL and SDA) are sent in synchronous serial transmission. The SCL is a clock with fixed frequency. The SDA indicates address data for the control of the reception side, and is sent in parallel in synchronization with the SCL. The data is transmitted in 8-bit, 3 octets (bytes) in principle, where every octet has an acknowledge bit. The following description provides information on the structure of the frame.

#### <Start Conditions>

When the level of the SDA changes to low from high while the level of the SCL is high, the data reception of the receiver will be enabled.

#### <Stop Conditions>

When the level of the SDA changes to high from low while the level of the SCL is high, the data reception of the receiver will be aborted.

#### <Slave Address>

The slave address is a specified one unique to each device. When the address of another device is sent, the reception will be aborted.

#### <Sub Address>

The sub address is a specified one unique to each function.

#### <Data>

Data is information under control.

#### <Acknowledge Bit>

The acknowledge bit is used to enable the master to acknowledge the reception of data for each octet. The master acknowledges the data reception of the receiver by transmitting a high-level signal to the receiver and receiving a low-level signal returned from the receiver as shown by the dotted lines in Fig.

The communication will be aborted if the low signal is not returned.

The SDA will not change when the level of the SCL is high except start or stop conditions are enabled.

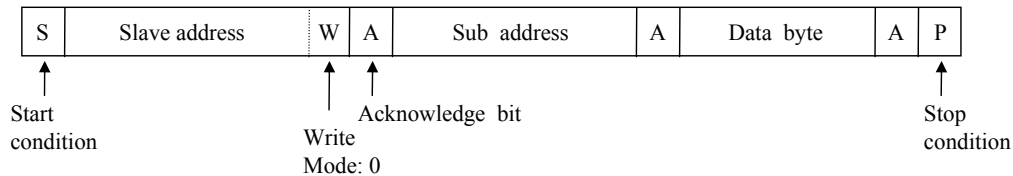
■ Technical Data (continued)

• I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Mode (continued)

1. Write Mode (continued)

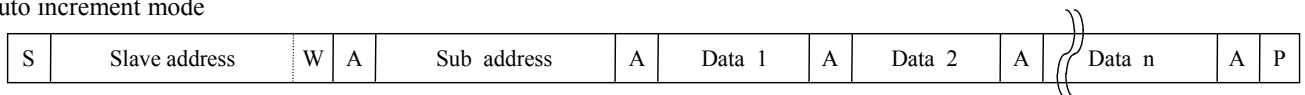
(a) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus PROTOCOL

- Slave address: 10110110 (B6Hex)
- Format (normal)



(b) Auto increment

- Sub-address 0\*Hex: Auto increment mode  
(When the data is sent in sequence, the sub address will change one by one and the data will be input.)
- Auto increment mode



(c) Initial condition

The initial state of the device is not guaranteed. Therefore, the input of 00Hex register-D0 (Note.1) will be absolutely 0, when the power is turned ON.

(d) Sub-address Byte and Data Byte Format

| Sub-address | Data byte           |                     |                     |                      |                          |                              |                              |                      |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
|             | MSB                 |                     |                     |                      |                          |                              |                              | LSB                  |
|             | D7                  | D6                  | D5                  | D4                   | D3                       | D2                           | D1                           | D0                   |
| *0Hex       | *                   | *                   | 0<br>(Note.2)       | 0<br>(Note.2)        | AGC<br>0 → OFF<br>1 → ON | SP Save<br>0 → ON<br>1 → OFF | Standby<br>0 → ON<br>1 → OFF | 0<br>(Note.1)        |
| *1Hex       | AGC-ON<br>data bit3 | AGC-ON<br>data bit2 | AGC-ON<br>data bit1 | AGC-REC<br>data bit3 | AGC-REC<br>data bit2     | AGC-REC<br>data bit1         | AGC-ATT<br>data bit2         | AGC-ATT<br>data bit1 |
| *2Hex       | 0<br>(Note.2)       | 0<br>(Note.2)       | 0<br>(Note.2)       | *                    | *                        | 0<br>(Note.2)                | 0<br>(Note.2)                | 0<br>(Note.2)        |

<00Hex Register>

- D0, D4, D5, D6, D7: Always set to 0
- D1: Standby ON/OFF switch
- D2: SP Save ON/OFF switch
- D3: AGC ON/OFF switch

<01Hex Register>

- D0, D1 : AGC-attack-time selection
- D2, D3, D4: AGC-recovery-time selection
- D5, D6, D7: AGC-on-level selection

<02Hex Register>

- D0 to D7: Always set to 0 (test&adjust mode)

0  
(Note.2)

Please use these bit only Data = "0", because they are used by our company's final test and fine-tuning AGC-on level.

Note that Data = "0" is Not shut-down mode.

## ■ Technical Data (continued)

### • I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Mode (continued)

#### 1. Write Mode (continued)

##### (e) AGC-attack-time selection

| Write 01Hex Register |    | Attack time |
|----------------------|----|-------------|
| D1                   | D0 |             |
| 0                    | 0  | 0.5 ms      |
| 0                    | 1  | 1 ms        |
| 1                    | 0  | 2 ms        |
| 1                    | 1  | 4 ms        |

##### (f) AGC-recovery-time selection

| Write 01Hex Register |    |    | Recovery time |
|----------------------|----|----|---------------|
| D4                   | D3 | D2 |               |
| 0                    | 0  | 0  | 1.0 s         |
| 0                    | 0  | 1  | 1.5 s         |
| 0                    | 1  | 0  | 2.0 s         |
| 0                    | 1  | 1  | 3.0 s         |
| 1                    | 0  | 0  | 4.0 s         |
| 1                    | 0  | 1  | 6.0 s         |
| 1                    | 1  | 0  | 8.0 s         |
| 1                    | 1  | 1  | 12.0 s        |

##### (g) AGC-on-level selection (at VCC = 3.0 V, VCC\_SP = 3.0 V)

| Write 01Hex Register |    |    | AGC On Level | Output Po ( RL = 8 W ) | VCC_SP (Recommend) |
|----------------------|----|----|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| D7                   | D6 | D5 |              |                        |                    |
| 0                    | 0  | 0  | 1 dBV        | 157 mW                 | 2.7 V ≤            |
| 0                    | 0  | 1  | 2 dBV        | 198 mW                 | 2.7 V ≤            |
| 0                    | 1  | 0  | 3 dBV        | 249 mW                 | 2.7 V ≤            |
| 0                    | 1  | 1  | 4 dBV        | 314 mW                 | 3.0 V ≤            |
| 1                    | 0  | 0  | 5 dBV        | 395 mW                 | 3.3 V ≤            |
| 1                    | 0  | 1  | 6 dBV        | 498 mW                 | 3.7 V ≤            |
| 1                    | 1  | 0  | 7 dBV        | 626 mW                 | 4.1 V ≤            |
| 1                    | 1  | 1  | 8 dBV        | 789 mW                 | 4.5 V              |

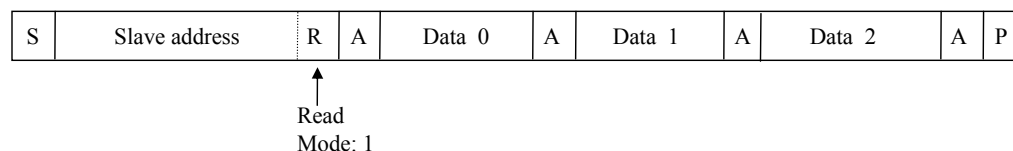
## ■ Technical Data (continued)

### • I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Mode (continued)

#### 2. Read Mode

##### (a) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus PROTOCOL

- Slave address 10110111(B7Hex)
- Format



Note) At the slave address input, it is sequentially output from data 0.  
There is no necessity for inputting the sub-address.

##### (b) Sub-address Byte and Data Byte Format

|        | MSB  |  | Data byte                                  |  |  |  |  | LSB  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|        | D7   | D6   | D5   | D4   | D3   | D2   | D1   | D0   |  |
| Data 0 | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D7] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D6] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D5] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D4] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D3] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D2] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D1] | Sub address<br>*0Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D0] |  |
| Data 1 | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D7] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D6] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D5] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D4] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D3] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D2] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D1] | Sub address<br>*1Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D0] |  |
| Data 2 | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D7] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D6] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D5] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D4] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D3] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D2] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D1] | Sub address<br>*2Hex<br>Latch data<br>[D0] |  |

Purchase of Panasonic I<sup>2</sup>C components conveys a license under the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C patent right to use these components in an I<sup>2</sup>C systems, provided that the system conforms to the I<sup>2</sup>C standard specification as defined by Philips.

### • Operating temperature guarantee of I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Control

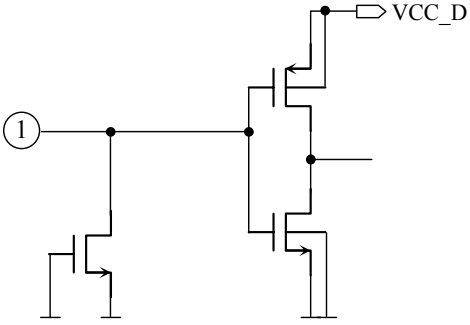
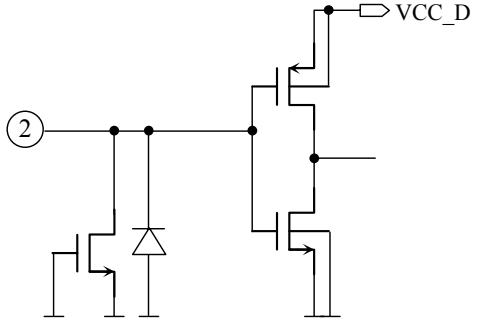
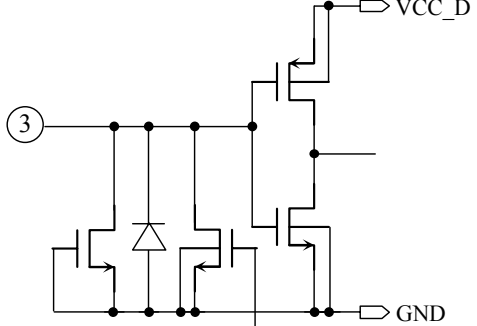
The performance in the ambient temperature of operation is guaranteed theoretically in the design at normal temperature (25°C) by inspecting it at a speed of the clock that is about 50% earlier regarding the operating temperature guarantee of I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Control.

But the following characteristics are logical values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed by inspection.  
If a problem does occur related to these characteristics, Panasonic will respond in good faith to customer concerns.

### ■ Technical Data (continued)

- I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Pin No. | Waveform and voltage                           | Internal circuit   | Description  |
|---------|--|--|--|
| 1       | Shut-down<br>VCC_D to VCCを印加<br>1.8 V to 3.0 V |    | IC is shut down by pin1 being shorted to GND.(All I <sup>2</sup> C Data become 0.) |
| 2       | SCL<br>Hi-Z                                    |   | I <sup>2</sup> C-BUS SCL pin   |
| 3       | SDA<br>Hi-Z                                    |  | I <sup>2</sup> C-BUS SDA pin   |
| 4       | VCC_D<br>1.8 V(typ.)                           | —  | Power supply pin for I <sup>2</sup> C-BUS  |

### ■ Technical Data (continued)

- I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Pin No. | Waveform and voltage  | Internal circuit | Description                         |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 5       | LOUT_POS<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | L-ch. positive speaker output pin   |
| 6       | GND_SPL               | —                | Ground pin for L-ch. speaker output |
| 7       | LOUT_NEG<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | L-ch. negative speaker output pin   |
| 8       | VCC_SP<br>3.0 V(typ.) | —                | Power supply pin for speaker output |

### ■ Technical Data (continued)

#### • I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Pin No. | Waveform and voltage  | Internal circuit | Description                            |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| 9       | ROUT_NEG<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | R-ch. negative speaker output pin      |
| 10      | GND_SPR               | —                | GND pin for R-ch. speaker output       |
| 11      | ROUT_POS<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | R-ch. positive speaker output pin      |
| 12      | VREF_SP<br>DC 1.45 V  |                  | Reference voltage pin for output stage |



### ■ Technical Data (continued)

#### • I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Pin No. | Waveform and voltage  | Internal circuit | Description                             |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| 13      | TEST1<br>Hi-Z         |                  | Test mode pin<br>Please connect to GND. |
| 14      | VCC<br>3.0 V(typ.)    | —                | Power supply pin                        |
| 15      | VREF<br>DC 1.45 V     |                  | Reference voltage pin                   |
| 16      | PREOUT_R<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | First stage amplifier R-ch. output pin  |

### ■ Technical Data (continued)

#### • I/O block circuit diagrams and pin function descriptions (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Pin No. | Waveform and voltage  | Internal circuit | Description   |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| 17      | FB_R<br>DC 1.45 V     |                  | Negative feedback pin for input stage amplifier R-ch. |
| 18      | GND                   | —                | Ground pin  |
| 19      | FB_L<br>DC 1.45 V     |                  | Negative feedback pin for input stage amplifier L-ch. |
| 20      | PREOUT_L<br>DC 1.45 V |                  | First stage amplifier L-ch. output pin                |

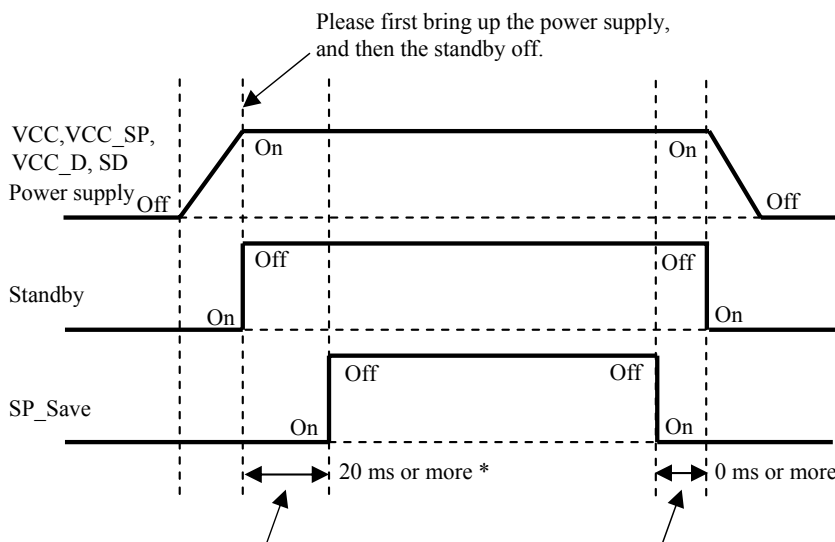
■ Technical Data (continued)

• Power supply and logic sequence

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

The timing control of power-ON/OFF and each logic according to the procedure below should be recommended for the best pop performance caused in switching.

1. The sequence of the power supply and each logic



The basic procedure at the power-on

1. The power OFF condition  
Both the standby and the SP\_Save are in the ON condition.
2. Power ON
3. Standby Off
4. SP\_Save Off

The basic procedure at the power-off

1. The power ON condition  
Both the standby and the SP\_Save are in the OFF condition.
2. SP\_Save On (= Standby On)
3. Standby On
4. Power Off

After at least 20 ms has passed after the standby off, please off SP\_Save.

Please control Standby On to simultaneous with SP\_Save On, or the back.

Note) \*: This IC contains the pre-charge circuit. It is time until each bias is stabilized from Standby Off.

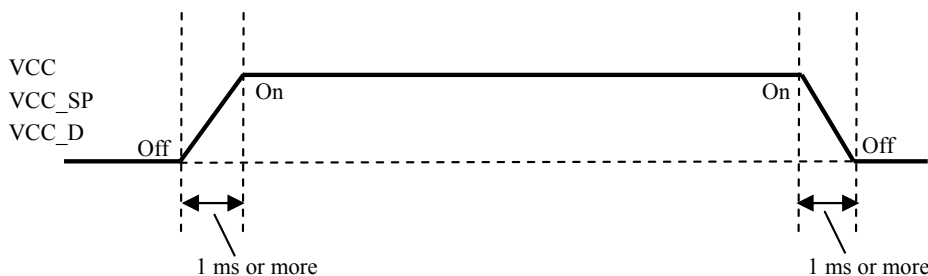
It depends for this time on the capacity value linked to a reference voltage terminal (VREF and VREFSP), and the capacity value and resistance linked to an input terminal (IN\_R and IN\_L).

It is a recommendation value in a constant given in the example of ■ Application Circuit Example (Block Diagram).

2. The sequence of VCC and VCC\_SP and VCC\_D

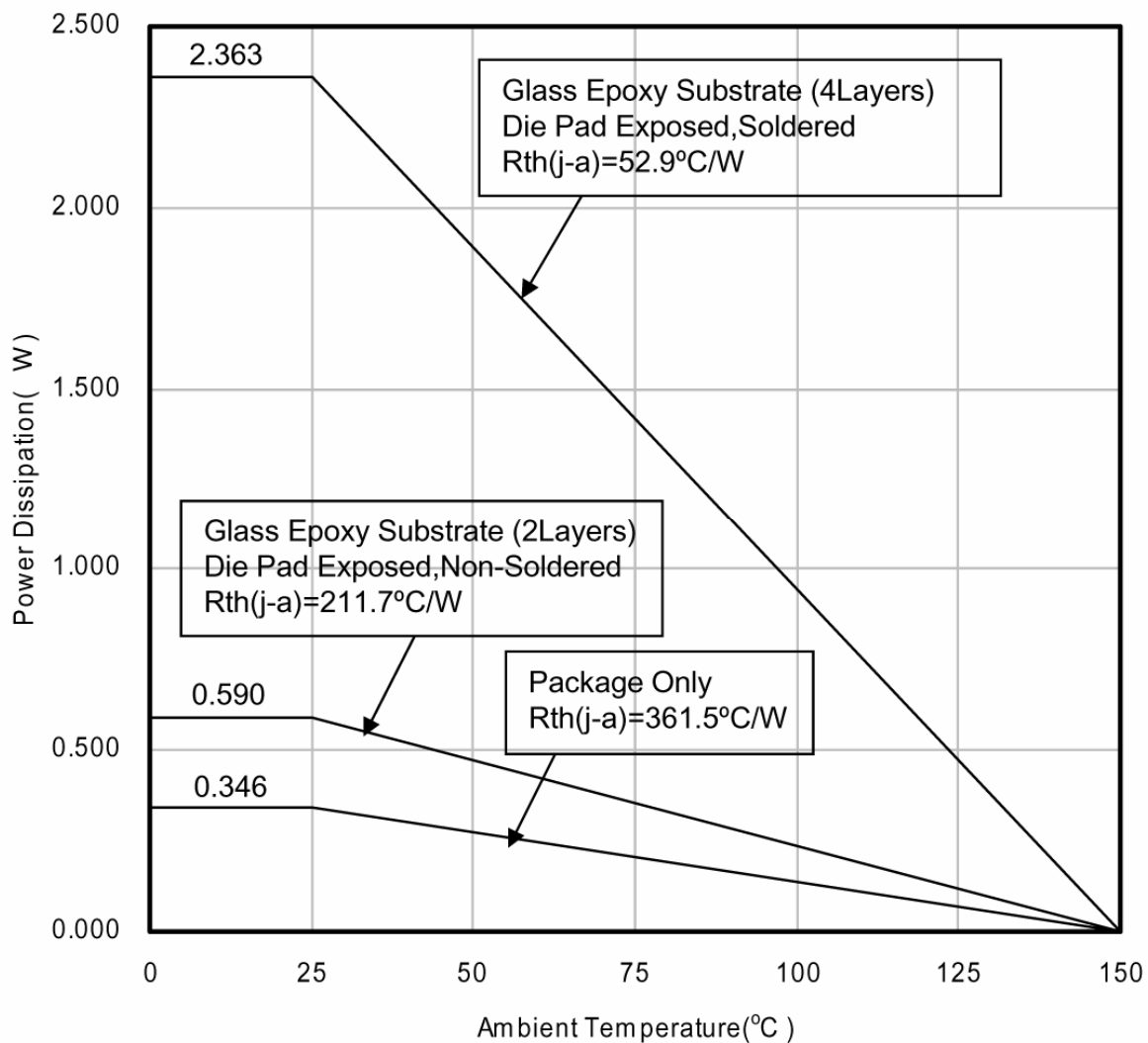
This IC have not a standup and falling order in VCC and VCC\_SP.

A standup and falling time of VCC and VCC\_SP recommend 1 or more ms.



## ■ Technical Data (continued)

- $P_D$ — $T_a$  diagram



**■ Usage Notes**

1. Please take notice in the use of this product that it might break or occasionally smoke when an abnormal state occurs such as SP output pin (Pin5, Pin7, Pin9, Pin11) – power supply pin short, SP output pin(Pin5, Pin7, Pin9, Pin11) – GND short, or SP output (Pin5, Pin7, Pin9, Pin11) -to-SP output-pin short (load short).
2. Please absolutely do not mount the IC in the reverse direction on to the printed-circuit-board.  
It damaged when the electricity is turned on.
3. Please do not make it open, because the open SDpin(Pin1) is not fixed.

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