

# 1-Mbit (1M x 1) Static RAM

### **Features**

- Pin- and function-compatible with CY7C107B/CY7C1007B
- · High speed
  - $t_{AA} = 10 \text{ ns}$
- · Low Active Power
  - $I_{CC} = 80 \text{ mA} @ 10 \text{ ns}$
- · Low CMOS Standby Power
  - $I_{SB2} = 3 \text{ mA}$
- 2.0V Data Retention
- · Automatic power-down when deselected
- · CMOS for optimum speed/power
- · TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- CY7C107D available in Pb-free 28-pin 400-Mil wide Molded SOJ package. CY7C1007D available in Pb-free 28-pin 300-Mil wide Molded SOJ package

## Functional Description [1]

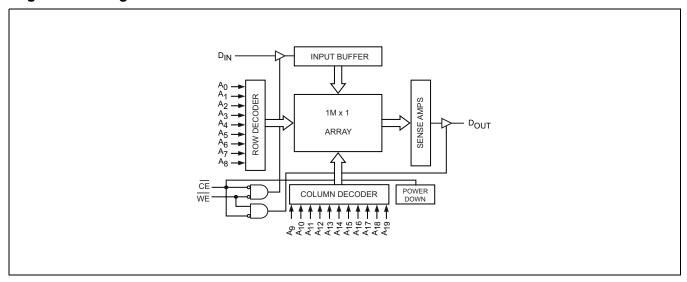
The CY7C107D and CY7C1007D are high-performance CMOS static RAMs organized as 1,048,576 words by 1 bit. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and tri-state drivers. These devices have an automatic power-down feature that reduces power consumption by more than 65% when deselected. The output pin ( $D_{\text{OUT}}$ ) is placed in a high-impedance state when:

- Deselected (CE HIGH)
- When the write operation is active (CE and WE LOW)

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) inputs LOW. Data on the input pin (D<sub>IN</sub>) is written into the memory location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>19</sub>).

Read from the device by taking Chip Enable  $(\overline{CE})$  LOW while while forcing Write Enable  $(\overline{WE})$  HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins appears on the data output  $(D_{OUT})$  pin.

### Logic Block Diagram

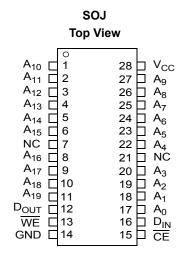


### Note

1. For guidelines on SRAM system design, please refer to the 'System Design Guidelines' Cypress application note, available on the internet at www.cypress.com.



## Pin Configuration [2]



### **Selection Guide**

	CY7C107D-10 CY7C1007D-10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	80	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current, I <sub>SB2</sub>	3	mA

<sup>2.</sup> NC pins are not connected on the die.



### **Maximum Ratings**

DC Input Voltage [3]	-0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001V
Latch-up Current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>	Speed
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	$5V \pm 0.5V$	10 ns

### **Electrical Characteristics** (Over the Operating Range)

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions			07D-10 007D-10	Unit
	•		-	Min	Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA			0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage			2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage [3]			-0.5	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$		-1	+1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled		-1	+1	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max,	100 MHz		80	mA
		$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA},$ $f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$	83 MHz		72	mA
			66 MHz		58	mA
			40 MHz		37	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current—TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{IH}, \\ &V_{IN} \ge V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IN} \le V_{IL}, \text{ f = f}_{max} \end{aligned}$			10	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current— CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3\text{V}, \text{f} = 0 \end{aligned}$			3	mA

Note

<sup>3.</sup>  $V_{IL}$  (min) = -2.0V and  $V_{IH}$ (max) =  $V_{CC}$  + 1V for pulse durations of less than 5 ns.



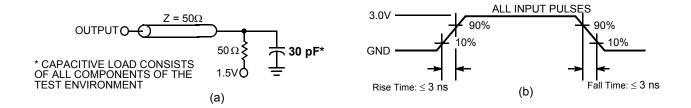
### Capacitance [4]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub> : Addresses	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = 5.0V$	7	pF
C <sub>IN</sub> : Controls			10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance		10	pF

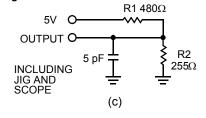
### Thermal Resistance [4]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	300-Mil Wide SOJ	400-Mil Wide SOJ	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$		Still Air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	59.16	58.76	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		40.84	40.54	°C/W

### AC Test Loads and Waveforms [5]



### **High-Z characteristics:**



### Notes

- 4. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 5. AC characteristics (except High-Z) are tested using the load conditions shown in Figure (a). High-Z characteristics are tested for all speeds using the test load shown in Figure (c).



### Switching Characteristics (Over the Operating Range) [6]

Parameter	Description		7D-10 )7D-10	Unit
	·	Min	Max	
Read Cycle		•		1
t <sub>power</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access	100		μS
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	10		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		10	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to Data Valid		10	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low Z [8]	3		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub> $\overline{\text{CE}}$ HIGH to High Z [8, 9]			5	ns
t <sub>PU</sub> [10]	CE LOW to Power-Up	0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	CE HIGH to Power-Down		10	ns
Write Cycle [1	1]	<u>.</u>		
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	10		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>		7		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	7		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	7		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	6		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z [8]	3		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z [8, 9]		6	ns

- 6. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> and 30-pF load capacitance.
- 7. tpOWER gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply should be at typical V<sub>CC</sub> values until the first memory access can be performed.
- 8. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub> and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any given device.

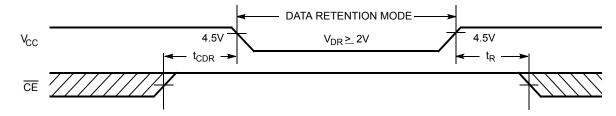
  9. t<sub>HZCE</sub> and t<sub>HZWE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (c) of "AC Test Loads and Waveforms [5]" on page 4. Transition is measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
- 10. This parameter is guaranteed by design and is not tested.
- 11. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW.  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.



### Data Retention Characteristics (Over the Operating Range)

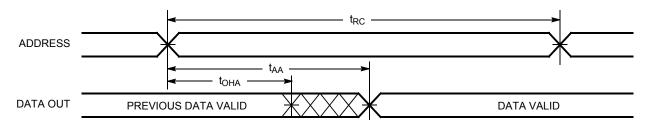
Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention		2.0		V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR} = 2.0V, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V,$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V \text{ or } V_{IN} \le 0.3V$		3	mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[5]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0		ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time		t <sub>RC</sub>		ns

### **Data Retention Waveform**

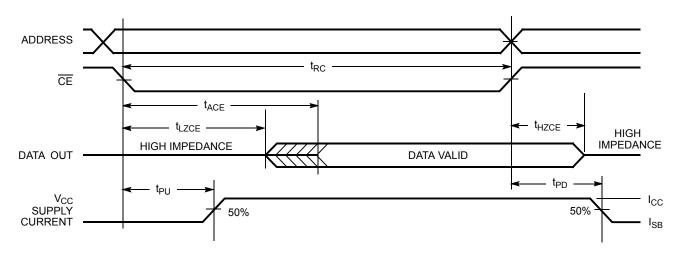


### **Switching Waveforms**

Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [13, 14]



## **Read Cycle No. 2** [14, 15]



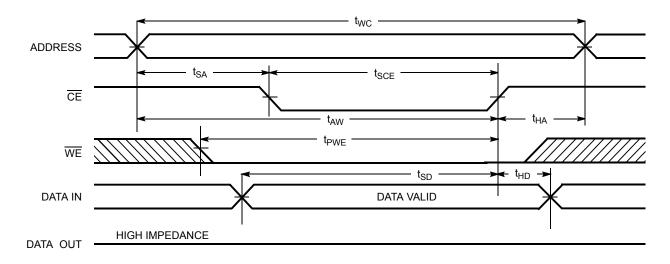
- 12. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$ .

  13. Device is continuously selected,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .
- 14. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 15. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  transition LOW.

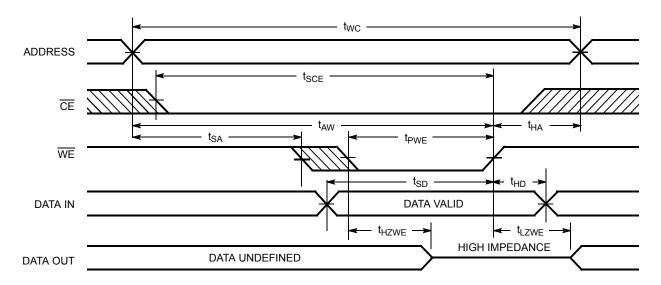


## Switching Waveforms(continued)

Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [16]



Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled) [16]



### **Truth Table**

CE	WE	D <sub>OUT</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	High Z	Power-Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	High Z	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

### Note

<sup>16.</sup> If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.



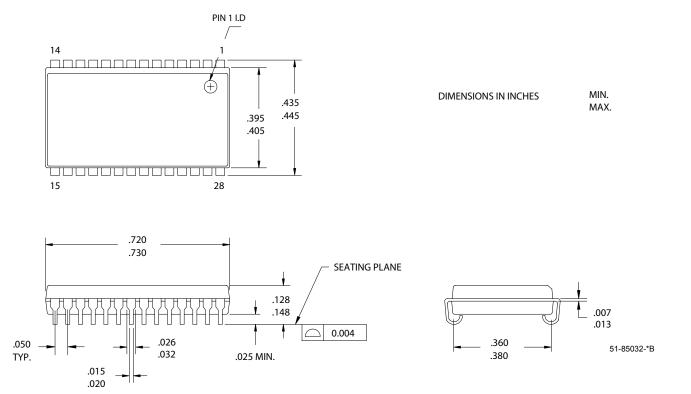
### **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C107D-10VXI	51-85032	28-pin (400-Mil) Molded SOJ (Pb-free)	Industrial
	CY7C1007D-10VXI	51-85031	28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ (Pb-free)	

Please contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

## **Package Diagrams**

Figure 1. 28-pin (400-Mil) Molded SOJ, 51-85032





### Package Diagrams(continued)

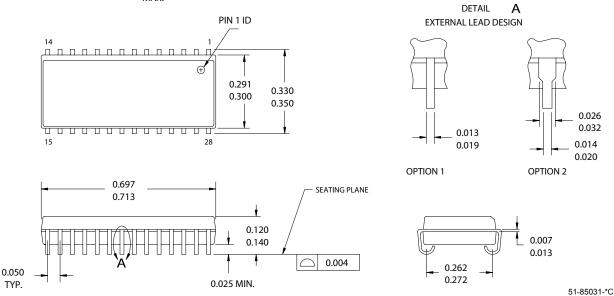
Figure 2. 28-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ, 51-85031

### NOTE:

- 1. JEDEC STD REF MO088
- 2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 in (0.152 mm) PER SIDE
- MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 in (0.152 mm) PER SID

  3. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES MIN.

  MAX.



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## **Document History Page**

REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	201560	See ECN	SWI	Advance Information data sheet for C9 IPP
*A	233722	See ECN	RKF	DC parameters modified as per EROS (Spec # 01-02165) Pb-free offering in Ordering Information
*B	263769	See ECN	RKF	Added Data Retention Characteristics table Added T <sub>power</sub> Spec in Switching Characteristics Table Shaded Ordering Information
*C	307601	See ECN	RKF	Reduced Speed bins to –10 and –12 ns
*D	560995	See ECN	VKN	Converted from Preliminary to Final Removed Commercial Operating range Removed 12 ns speed bin Added I <sub>CC</sub> values for the frequencies 83MHz, 66MHz and 40MHz Updated Thermal Resistance table Updated Ordering Information Table Changed Overshoot spec from V <sub>CC</sub> +2V to V <sub>CC</sub> +1V in footnote #3
*E	802877	See ECN	VKN	Changed $I_{CC}$ specs from 60 mA to 80 mA for 100MHz, 55 mA to 72 mA for 83MHz, 45 mA to 58 mA for 66MHz, 30 mA to 37 mA for 40MHz