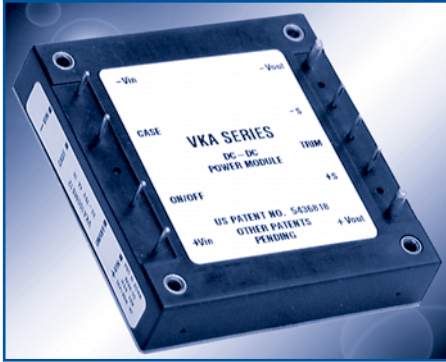


muRata **OBSOLETE PRODUCT** **VKA150MS24-205C**
 Murata Power Solutions **150 Watt Single Output Half Brick DC/DC Converter**
 Contact Factory for Replacement Model



- RoHS Compliant
- 33 - 75V Input Range
- High Efficiency: 90% Typical
- 100µS Transient Response
- 50 - 100% Load Step
- 420 kHz Fixed-Frequency Operation
- Remote Sense
- UL/CUL 1950, VDE EN60950
- Operation to +100°C Baseplate Temperature
- Primary Remote On/Off, Negative Logic
- Output Voltage Trim
- Continuoout Short-Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- Case Ground Pin

The VKA150MS24-205C DC/DC converter presents an economical and practical solution for distributed power system architectures which require high power density and efficiency while maintaining system modularity and up-gradeability. With the ability to operate over a wide input voltage range of 33 to 75 volts, this module is ideal for use in battery backup applications common in today's telecommunication and

electronic data processing applications. The output is fully isolated from the input, allowing for a variety of polarity and grounding configurations.

The VKA150MS24-205's proprietary control circuitry responds to 50-100% load steps in 100µSeconds to within 1% nominal Vout.

The patented fixed frequency architecture combined with surface

mount technology results in a compact, efficient and reliable solution to DC/DC conversion requirements. Safety approvals per UL/CUL 1950, EN 60950.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

MODEL	INPUT VOLTAGE	VOUT (VDC)	IOUT (A)	EFFICIENCY	
				MIN	TYP
VKA150MS24-205C	48VDC	24.0V	6.25	89	90

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Family VKA150 MS24-205C
 Indicates 150 Watt Regulated Unit
 Model Number _____
 Lead Length 0.200"
 Remote On-Off Logic:
 Negative
 C = RoHS Compliant



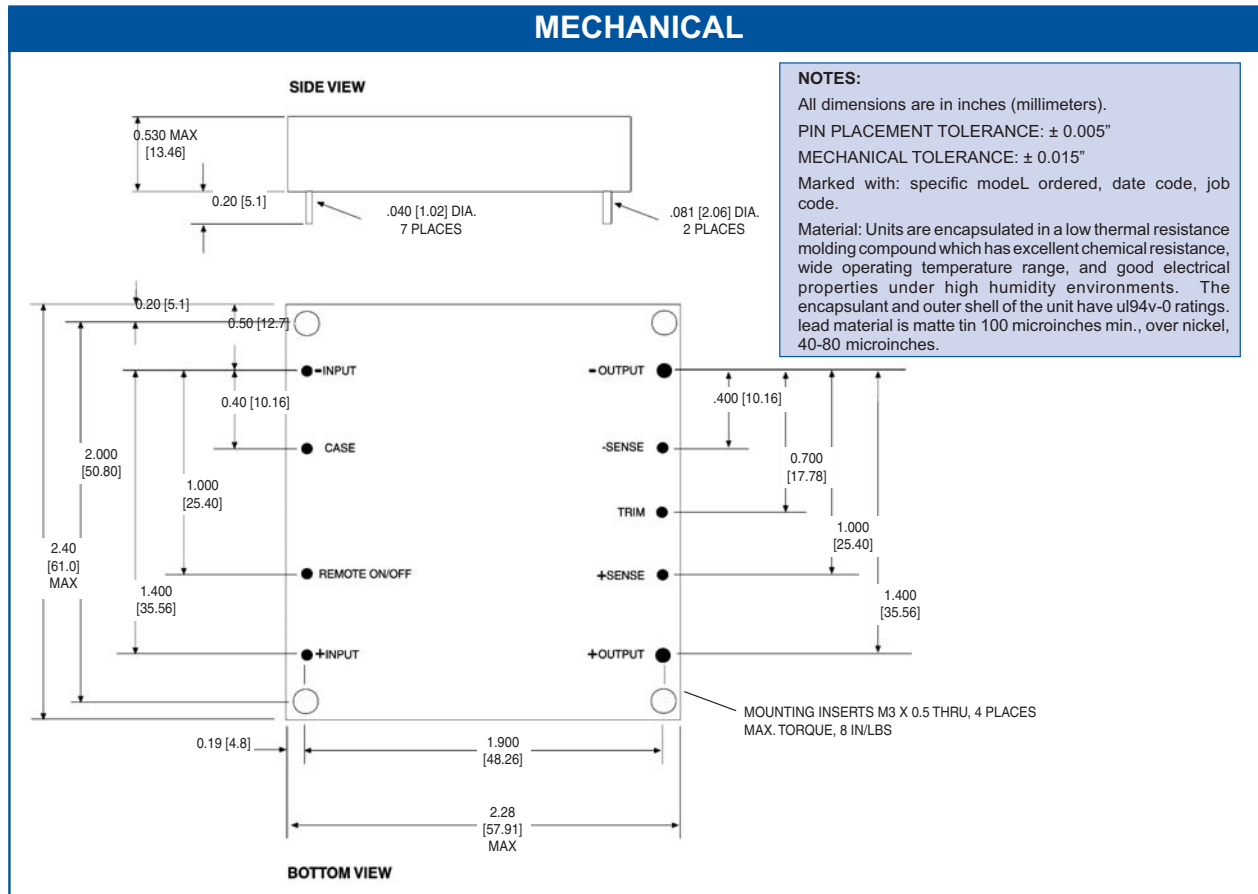
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 For full details go to www.murata-ps.com/rohs



SPECIFICATIONS, ALL MODELS

Specifications are at $T_{CASE} = +40^{\circ}\text{C}$ Nominal Input Voltage unless otherwise specified.

	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
INPUT	INPUT						
	Voltage Range			48	75	V _{DC}	
	Maximum Input Current	V _{IN} = 30V _{DC}			6.6	A	
	Reflected Ripple Current	Peak - Peak			550	mA	
	Input Ripple Rejection	DC to 1KHz	50	60		dB	
	No Load Input Current MS			100		mA	
	Power Dissipation MS	No Load			4.8		W
		Standby, Primary On/Off Disabled MS			0.4		W
	Inrush Charge	V _{IN} = V _{INmax}			0.360		mC
	Quiescent Operating Current	Primary On/Off Disabled		8	12		mA
OUTPUT	OUTPUT						
	Rated Power				150	W	
	Set point Accuracy				1	%	
	Line Regulation	High Line to Low Line		0.02	0.05	%	
	Load Regulation	No Load to Rated Load		0.2	0.5	%	
	Output Temperature Drift			±0.2	±0.05	%/°C	
	Output Ripple, p-p	DC to 20MHz BW			1.5%	V _{OUT, Nom}	
	Output Current Limit Inception		105%	130%	150%	I _{OUT, Nom}	
	Output Short-Circuit Current			120%	150%	I _{OUT, Nom}	
	Output Overvoltage Limit		120%		140%	V _{OUT, Nom}	
Transient Response	50 to 100% Load Step						
	Peak Deviation	di/dt = 0.1A/μSec		2	3%	V _{OUT, Nom}	
	Settling Time	V _{OUT, 1%} of Nominal Output		75	100	μSec	
GENERAL	PARAMETER						
	ISOLATION						
	Input to Output	Peak Test for 2 Seconds	1500			V _{DC}	
	Input to Baseplate		1500			V _{DC}	
	Output to Baseplate		500			V _{DC}	
	Resistance		10			MΩ	
	Capacitance			2000		pF	
	Leakage Current	V _{ISO} = 240V _{AC} , 60Hz		180		μA, rms	
	GENERAL						
	Switching Frequency		400	420	440	KHz	
	Remote Sense Compensation				0.5	V	
	Output Voltage Adjust Range			-50% / +10%		V _{OUT, Nom}	
	Remote On/Off Control Inputs	Primary	Open Collector/Drain				
		Sink Current-Logic Low				1.0	mA
		V _{low}				0.4	V
	V _{high}				Open Collector		
	Turn-on Time	Within 1% of Rated Output		5.0	8.0	mSec	
	Weight				3 (85)	oz (g)	
	TEMPERATURE						
	Operation/Specification	Case Temperature	-40	+25	+100	°C	
Storage	Case Temperature	-55	+25	+125	°C		
Shutdown Temperature	Case Temperature	+100		+115	°C		
Thermal Impedance, case-ambient			8.2		°C/W		
Lead Solder Temperature	10 Seconds max			+300	°C		



NOTES:
 All dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 PIN PLACEMENT TOLERANCE: ± 0.005"
 MECHANICAL TOLERANCE: ± 0.015"
 Marked with: specific model, ordered, date code, job code.
 Material: Units are encapsulated in a low thermal resistance molding compound which has excellent chemical resistance, wide operating temperature range, and good electrical properties under high humidity environments. The encapsulant and outer shell of the unit have UL94V-0 ratings. Lead material is matte tin 100 microinches min., over nickel, 40-80 microinches.

OUTPUT ADJUST VOLTAGE

This feature allows the user to accurately adjust the module's output voltage set point to a specified level. This is achieved by connecting a resistor or potentiometer from the TRIM terminal to either the +Vout terminal (for increased Vout) or the -Vout terminal (for decreased Vout). The formulae below describe the trim resistor value to obtain a Vout change of Δ%. Vo is output voltage prior to adjustment.

$$R_{adj - up} = \left(\frac{V_o(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225\Delta\%} - \frac{(100 + 2\Delta\%)}{\Delta\%} \right) \Omega$$

$$R_{adj - down} = \left(\frac{100}{\Delta\%} - \frac{2}{\Delta\%} \right) \Omega$$

OVP NOTE

Special attention should be given to the peak voltage deviation during a dynamic load step when trimming the output above the original set point to avoid tripping the overvoltage protection circuit. Should an OVP condition occur, the converter will go into a latch condition and must be externally reset before it will return to normal operation.

THROUGH-HOLE SOLDERING INFORMATION

These devices are intended for wave soldering or manual soldering. **They are not intended to be subject to surface mount processes under any circumstances.**

The normal wave soldering process can be used with these devices where the device is subjected to a maximum wave temperature of 260°C for a period of no more than 10 seconds. Within this time and temperature range, the integrity of the device's plastic body will not be compromised and internal temperatures within the converter will not exceed 175°C. Care should be taken to control manual soldering limits identical to that of wave soldering.