## **Features**

Low-voltage and Standard-voltage Operation

-1.8 (V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V to 5.5V)

- Internally Organized 512 x 8 (4K), or 1024 x 8 (8K)
- Two-wire Serial Interface
- Schmitt Trigger, Filtered Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Bidirectional Data Transfer Protocol
- 1 MHz (5V), 400 kHz (1.8V, 2.5V, 2.7V) Compatibility
- Write Protect Pin for Hardware Data Protection
- 16-byte Page (4K, 8K) Write Modes
- Partial Page Writes Allowed
- Self-timed Write Cycle (5 ms max)
- High-reliability
  - Endurance: 1 Million Write Cycles
  - Data Retention: 100 Years
- 8-lead PDIP, 8-lead JEDEC SOIC, 8-lead Ultra-Thin Mini-MAP (MLP 2x3), 5-lead SOT23, 8-lead TSSOP and 8-ball dBGA2 Packages
- Lead-free/Halogen-free
- Die Sales: Wafer Form, Tape and Reel and Bumped Wafers

# Description

The AT24C04B/08B provides 4096/8192 bits of serial electrically erasable and programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) organized as 512/1024 words of 8 bits each. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where low-power and low-voltage operation are essential. The AT24C04B/08B is available in space-saving 8-lead PDIP, 8-lead JEDEC SOIC, 8-lead Ultra-Thin Mini-MAP (MLP 2x3), 5-lead SOT23, 8-lead TSSOP, and 8-ball dBGA2 packages and is accessed via a Two-wire serial interface. In addition, the AT24C04B/08B is available in 1.8V (1.8V to 5.5V) version.

0
Function
Address Inputs
Serial Data
Serial Clock Input
Write Protect
No Connect
Ground
Power Supply

Table 0-1. Pin Configuration

For use of 5-lead SOT23 Note:

4K: The software A2 and A1 bits in the device address word must be set to zero to properly communicate.

8K. The software A2 bit in the device address word must be set to zero to properly communicate.

Mini-MAP (MLP 2x3)				
VCC	8		A0	
WP	7	2	A1	
SCL	6	3	A2	
SDA	5	4	GND	
Bc	ottom	n Vie	ew	
8-le	ad T	rss	OP	
A0 🗆	1	8		
A1 🗆	2	7	🗆 WP	
A2 🗆	3	6	🗆 SCL	
GND 🗆	4	5	🗆 SDA	

8-lead Ultra-Thin

5-le	ead SOT	23
SCL	1 5	WP
GND	2	
SDA	3 4	

	ball d	BG	A2
VCC WP	8	1	A0
WP	7	2	A1
SCL	6	3	A2
SCL SDA	5	4	GND
	ottom	Vie	ew
8-	lead	so	IC
A0 🗔	1	8	
A1 🗔	2	7	WP
A2 🗔	3	6	SCL

le	ad PD	IP
1	$\cup$ 8	
2	7	🗆 WP
3	6	
4	5	SDA
	1	2 7 3 6

GND [

SDA



**Two-wire** Serial EEPROM

4K (512 x 8)

8K (1024 x 8)

# AT24C04B AT24C08B



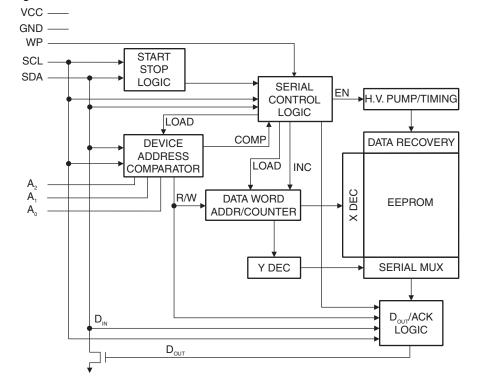


# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Operating Temperature55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground1.0V to +7.0V
Maximum Operating Voltage 6.25V
DC Output Current 5.0 mA

#### Figure 0-1. Block Diagram

\*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



## 1. Pin Description

**SERIAL CLOCK (SCL):** The SCL input is used to positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.

**SERIAL DATA (SDA):** The SDA pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. This pin is opendrain driven and may be wire-ORed with any number of other open-drain or open-collector devices.

#### DEVICE/PAGE ADDRESSES (A2, A1, A0):

The AT24C04B uses the A2 and A1 inputs for hard wire addressing and a toal of four 4K devices may be addressed on a single bus system. The A0 pin is a no connect and can be connected to ground (device addressing is discussed in detail under the Device Addressing section).

The AT24C08B only uses the A2 input for hardware addressing and a total of two 8K devices may be addressed on a single bus system. The A0 and A1 pins are no connects and can be connected to ground (device addressing is discussed in detail under the Device Addressing section).

	Part of the Array Protected
WP Pin	
Status	24C04B/08B
At V <sub>CC</sub>	Full Array
At GND	Normal Read/Write Operations

Table 1-1. Write Protect





## 2. Memory Organization

**AT24C04B, 4K SERIAL EEPROM:** Internally organized with 32 pages of 16 bytes each, the 4K requires an 9-bit data word address for random word addressing.

**AT24C08B, 8K SERIAL EEPROM:** Internally organized with 64 pages of 16 bytes each, the 8K requires a 10-bit data word address for random word addressing.

#### Table 2-1.Pin Capacitance<sup>(1)</sup>

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , f = 1.0 MHz,  $V_{CC} = +1.8V$ 

Symbol	Test Condition	Max	Units	Conditions
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Capacitance (SDA)	8	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0V$
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance (A <sub>0</sub> , A <sub>1</sub> , A <sub>2</sub> , SCL)	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$

Note: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.

#### Table 2-2.DC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from:  $T_{AI} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.8V$  to +5.5V, (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Voltage		1.8		5.5	V
V <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Voltage		2.5		5.5	V
V <sub>CC3</sub>	Supply Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V <sub>CC4</sub>	Supply Voltage		4.5		5.5	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	READ at 100 kHz		0.4	1.0	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	WRITE at 100 kHz		2.0	3.0	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Standby Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		0.6	3.0	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Standby Current $V_{CC} = 2.5V$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		1.4	4.0	μA
I <sub>SB3</sub>	Standby Current $V_{CC} = 2.7V$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		1.6	4.0	μA
I <sub>SB4</sub>	Standby Current $V_{CC} = 5.0V$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		8.0	18.0	μA
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		0.10	3.0	μA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		0.05	3.0	μA
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Level <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.6		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.3	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Level <sup>(1)</sup>		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.7		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>OL2</sub>	Output Low Level V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	Output Low Level V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.15 mA			0.2	V

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min and  $V_{IH}$  max are reference only and are not tested.

#### Table 2-3.AC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_{AI} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.8V$  to +5.5V, CL = 1 TTL Gate and 100 pF (unless otherwise noted)

		1.8, 2.5, 2.7		5.0-volt		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Units
f <sub>SCL</sub>	Clock Frequency, SCL		400		1000	kHz
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Clock Pulse Width Low	1.2		0.4		μs
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	Clock Pulse Width High	0.6		0.4		μs
t <sub>l</sub>	Noise Suppression Time		50		40	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Clock Low to Data Out Valid	0.1	0.9	0.05	0.55	μs
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	1.2		0.5		μs
t <sub>HD.STA</sub>	Start Hold Time	0.6		0.25		μs
t <sub>SU.STA</sub>	Start Setup Time	0.6		0.25		μs
t <sub>HD.DAT</sub>	Data In Hold Time	0		0		μs
t <sub>SU.DAT</sub>	Data In Setup Time	100		100		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Inputs Rise Time <sup>(1)</sup>		0.3		0.3	μs
t <sub>F</sub>	Inputs Fall Time <sup>(1)</sup>		300		100	ns
t <sub>SU.STO</sub>	Stop Setup Time	0.6		.25		μs
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Out Hold Time	50		50		ns
t <sub>WR</sub>	Write Cycle Time		5		5	ms
Endurance <sup>(1)</sup>	5.0V, 25°C, Byte Mode	1M		1M		Write Cycles

Note: 1. This parameter is ensured by characterization only.





## 3. Device Operation

**CLOCK and DATA TRANSITIONS:** The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods (see Figure 5-2 on page 8). Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a start or stop condition as defined below.

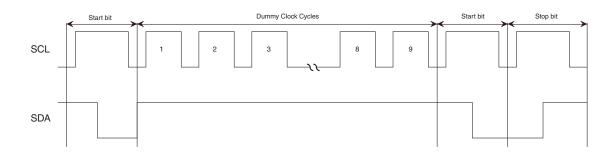
**START CONDITION:** A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command (see Figure 5-3 on page 8).

**STOP CONDITION:** A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (see Figure 5-3 on page 8).

**ACKNOWLEDGE:** All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle.

**STANDBY MODE:** The AT24C04B/08B features a low-power standby mode which is enabled: (a) upon power-up and (b) after the receipt of the STOP bit and the completion of any internal operations.

**2-WIRE SOFTWARE RESET:** After an interruption in protocol, power loss or system reset, any 2-wire part can be reset by following these steps: (a) Create a start bit condition, (b) clock 9 cycles, (c) create another start bit followed by a stop bit condition as shown below. The device is ready for next communication after above steps have been completed.



# 4. Bus Timing

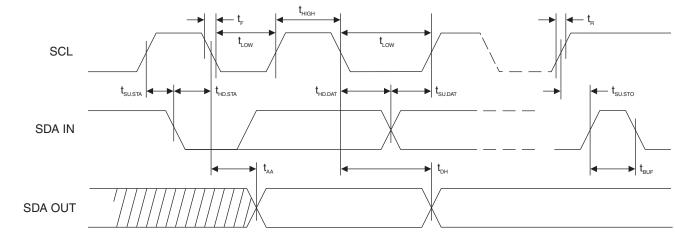
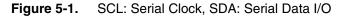
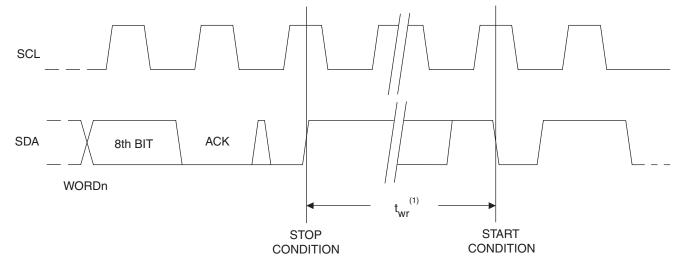


Figure 4-1. SCL: Serial Clock, SDA: Serial Data I/O®

# 5. Write Cycle Timing





Note: 1. The write cycle time  $t_{WR}$  is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal clear/write cycle.







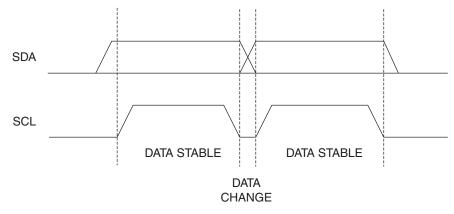
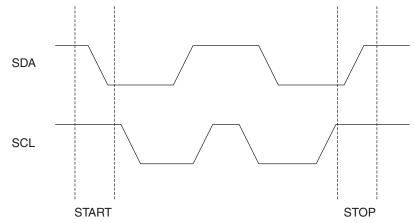
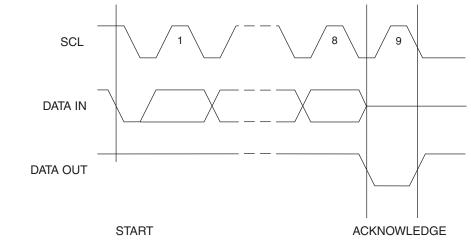


Figure 5-3. Start and Stop Definition







## 6. Device Addressing

The 4K and 8K EEPROM device requires an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation (refer to Figure 8-1).

The device address word consists of a mandatory one, zero sequence for the first four most significant bits as shown. This is common to all the EEPROM devices.

The 4K EEPROM only uses the A2 and A1 device address bits with the third bit being a memory page address bit. The two device address bits must compare to their corresponding hard-wired input pins. The A0 pin is no connect.

The 8K EEPROM only uses the A2 device address bit with the next 2 bits being for memory page addressing. The A2 must compare to its corresponding hard-wired input pin. The A1 and A0 pins are no connect.

For the SOT23 Package Offering:

The 4K EEPROM software A2 and A1 bits in the device address word must be set to zero to properly communicate.

The 8K EEPROM software A2 bit in the device address word must be set to zero to properly communicate.

#### 7. Write Operations

**BYTE WRITE:** A write operation requires an 8-bit data word address following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a zero and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. Following receipt of the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a zero and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the write sequence with a stop condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally timed write cycle,  $t_{WR}$ , to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and the EEPROM will not respond until the write is complete (see Figure 8-2 on page 11).

PAGE WRITE: The 4K/8K EEPROMs are capable of 16-byte page writes.

A page write is initiated the same as a byte write, but the microcontroller does not send a stop condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to fifteen data words. The EEPROM will respond with a zero after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the page write sequence with a stop condition (see Figure 8-3 on page 11).

The data word address lower four bits are internally incremented following the receipt of each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location. When the word address, internally generated, reaches the page boundary, the following byte is placed at the beginning of the same page. If more than sixteen data words are transmitted to the EEPROM, the data word address will "roll over" and previous data will be overwritten.

**ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING:** Once the internally timed write cycle has started and the EEPROM inputs are disabled, acknowledge polling can be initiated. This involves sending a start condition followed by the device address word. The read/write bit is representative of the operation desired. Only if the internal write cycle has completed will the EEPROM respond with a zero allowing the read or write sequence to continue.





## 8. Read Operations

Read operations are initiated the same way as write operations with the exception that the read/write select bit in the device address word is set to one. There are three read operations: current address read, random address read and sequential read.

**CURRENT ADDRESS READ:** The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last read or write operation, incremented by one. This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The address "roll over" during read is from the last byte of the last memory page to the first byte of the first page. The address "roll over" during write is from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page.

Once the device address with the read/write select bit set to one is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller does not respond with an input zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 8-4 on page 11).

**RANDOM READ:** A random read requires a "dummy" byte write sequence to load in the data word address. Once the device address word and data word address are clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the microcontroller must generate another start condition. The microcontroller now initiates a current address read by sending a device address with the read/write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 8-5 on page 11).

**SEQUENTIAL READ:** Sequential reads are initiated by either a current address read or a random address read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an acknowledge. As long as the EEPROM receives an acknowledge, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will "roll over" and the sequential read will continue. The sequential read operation is terminated when the microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 8-6 on page 12).

#### Figure 8-1. Device Address



# AT24C04B/08B



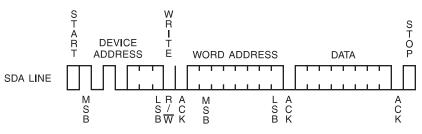
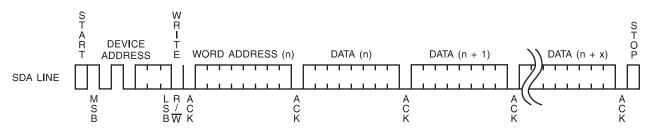
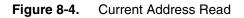
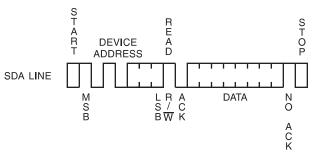


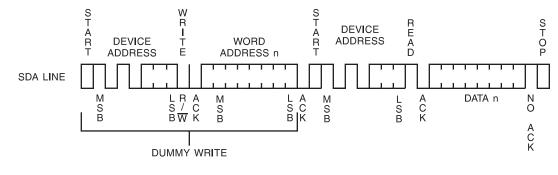
Figure 8-3. Page Write







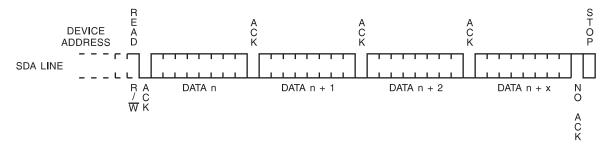








#### Figure 8-6. Sequential Read



# AT24C04B Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Voltage	Package	Operation Range
AT24C04B-PU (Bulk form only)	1.8	8P3	
AT24C04BN-SH-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8S1	
AT24C04BN-SH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8S1	
AT24C04B-TH-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free/ Industrial Temperature
AT24C04B-TH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8A2	(-40°C to 85°C)
AT24C04BY6-YH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8Y6	(
AT24C04B-TSU-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.8	5TS1	
AT24C04BU3-UU-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.8	8U3-1	
AT24C04B-W-11 <sup>(3)</sup>	1.8	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. "-B" denotes bulk.

2. "-T" denotes tape and reel. SOIC = 4K per reel. TSSOP, Ultra Thin Mini-MAP, SOT23, and dBGA2 = 5K per reel.

3. Available in tape and reel and wafer form; order as SL788 for inkless wafer form. Bumped die available upon request. Please contact Serial Interface Marketing.

	Package Type			
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)			
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)			
8A2	8-lead, 4.4 mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)			
8Y6	8-lead, 2.0 mm x 3.00 mm Body, 0.50 mm Pitch, Ultra Thin Mini-MAP, Dual No Lead Package (DFN), (MLP 2x3 mm)			
5TS1	5-lead, 2.90 mm x 1.60 mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (SOT23)			
8U3-1	8-ball, die Ball Grid Array Package (dBGA2)			
	Options			
-1.8	Low-voltage (1.8V to 5.5V)			





# AT24C08B Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Voltage	Package	<b>Operation Range</b>
AT24C08B-PU (Bulk form only)	1.8	8P3	
AT24C08BN-SH-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8S1	
AT24C08BN-SH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8S1	
AT24C08B-TH-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free/ Industrial Temperature
AT24C08B-TH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8A2	(–40°C to 85°C)
AT24C08BY6-YH-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.8	8Y6	
AT24C08B-TSU-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.8	5TS1	
AT24C08BU3-UU-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.8	8U3-1	
AT24C08B-W-11 <sup>(3)</sup>	1.8	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. "-B" denotes bulk.

2. "-T" denotes tape and reel. SOIC = 4K per reel. TSSOP, Ultra Thin Mini-MAP, SOT23, and dBGA2 = 5K per reel.

3. Available in tape and reel and wafer form; order as SL788 for inkless wafer form. Bumped die available upon request. Please contact Serial Interface Marketing.

	Package Type				
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)				
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)				
8A2	8-lead, 4.4 mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)				
8Y6	8-lead, 2.0 mm x 3.00 mm Body, 0.50 mm Pitch, Ultra Thin Mini-MAP, Dual No Lead Package (DFN), (MLP 2x3 mm)				
5TS1	5-lead, 2.90 mm x 1.60 mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (SOT23)				
8U3-1	8-ball, die Ball Grid Array Package (dBGA2)				
Options					
-1.8	Low-voltage (1.8V to 5.5V)				

# 9. Part marking scheme

## 9.1 8-PDIP

TOP MARK	Seal Year
	Seal Week
	-
A T M L U	Y W W
	-
0 4 B 1	
	-
* Lot Number	
	-
Pin 1 Indicator (Do	ot)

Y =	SEAL	YEAR		WW = SEAL WEEK
6:	2006	0:	2010	02 = Week 2
7:	2007	1:	2011	04 = Week 4
8:	2008	2:	2012	:: : :::: :
9:	2009	3:	2013	:: : :::: ::
				50 = Week 50
				52 = Week 52

Lot Number to Use ALL Characters in Marking

BOTTOM MARK

No Bottom Mark

#### 9.2 8-SOIC

TOP	MARK					Sea	l Ye	ar	
							Sea	l Wee	۶k
								1	
	А	Т	М	$\mathbf{L}$	Η	Y	W	W	
	0	4	В		1				
	*	Lot	Nur	nber					
	Pin	1 Ir	ndica	ator	(Dot	_)			

Y =	SEAL	YEAR		WW = SEAL WEEK
6:	2006	0:	2010	02 = Week 2
7:	2007	1:	2011	04 = Week 4
8:	2008	2:	2012	:: : :::: :
9:	2009	3:	2013	:: : :::: ::
				50 = Week 50
				52 = Week 52

Lot Number to Use ALL Characters in Marking

#### BOTTOM MARK

No Bottom Mark





## 9.3 8-TSSOP

#### TOP MARK

Pin 1 Indicator (Dot)	Y = SEAL YEAR	WW = SEAL WEEK
I	6: 2006    0: 2010	02 = Week 2
	7: 2007 1: 2011	04 = Week 4
* H Y W W	8: 2008 2: 2012	:: : :::: :
	9: 2009 3: 2013	:: : :::: ::
0 4 B 1		50 = Week 50
		52 = Week 52

#### BOTTOM MARK

Ρ	Н					
A	А	A	A	А	А	A
<-	Pin	1 Ir	ndica	ator		

9.4 8-Ultra Thin Mini MAP

#### TOP MARK

	Y = YEAR OF ASSEMBLY
0 4 B	XX = ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND WITH
	NSEB TRACE CODE LOG BOOK.
H 1	(e.g. XX = AA, AB, AC, AX, AY, AZ)
У Х Х	
	Y = SEAL YEAR
*	6: 2006 0: 2010
	7: 2007 1: 2011
Pin 1 Indicator (Dot)	8: 2008 2: 2012
	9: 2009 3: 2013

# AT24C04B/08B

#### 9.5 <u>ULA</u>

```
TOP MARK

\begin{vmatrix} --- & | & --- & | \\ 0 & 4 & B \\ & | & --- & | & --- & | \\ Y & X & X \\ & | & --- & | & --- & | \\ & & & | \\ Pin 1 Indicator (Dot) \end{vmatrix}
Y = BUILD YEAR
2006 = 6 2008 = 8
2007 = 7 Etc. ...
XX = ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND WITH
NSEB TRACE CODE LOG BOOK.
(e.g. XX = AA, AB, AC, ... AX, AY, AZ)
```

9.6 SOT23

```
TOP MARK
                   |---|---|---|
                  4 B 1 B U
|---|---|---|---|
*
Line 1 ---->
                     XX = Device
V = Voltage Indicator
W = Write Protect Feature
U = Material Set
               Pin 1 Indicator (Dot)
BOTTOM MARK
   |---|---|---|
   У М Т С
  |---|---|---|
Y = One Digit Year Code
M = Seal Month
(Use Alpha Designator A-L)
TC = Trace Code
```

#### 9.7 <u>dBGA2</u>

TOP MARK

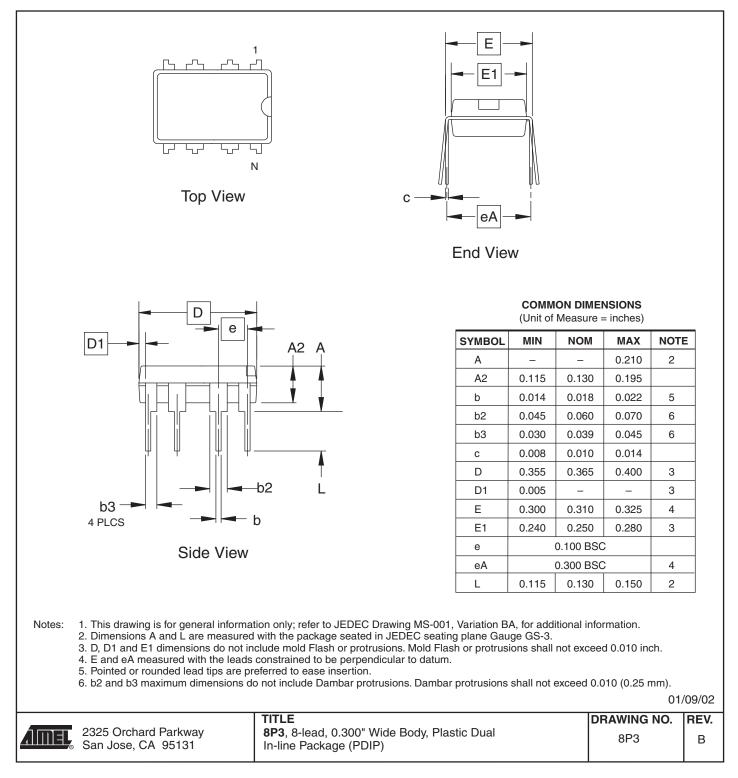




LINE 1-----> 04BU LINE 2----> YMTC |<-- Pin 1 This Corner XXX = Device U = Material Set Y = One Digit Year Code M = Seal Month (Use Alpha Designator A-L) TC = Trace Code

## 10. Packaging Information

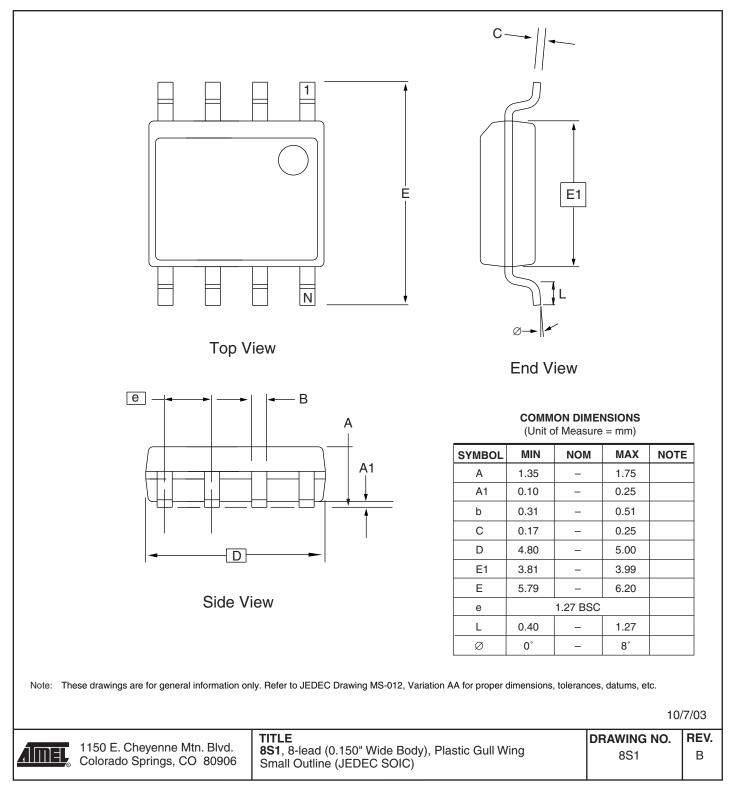
## 8P3 – PDIP





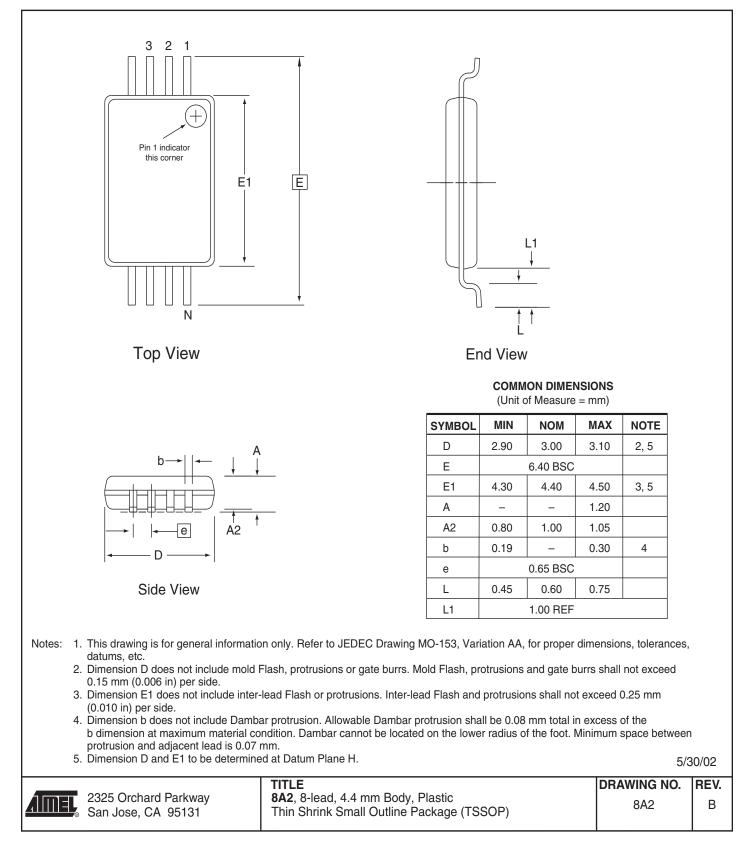


## 8S1 – JEDEC SOIC



# AT24C04B/08B

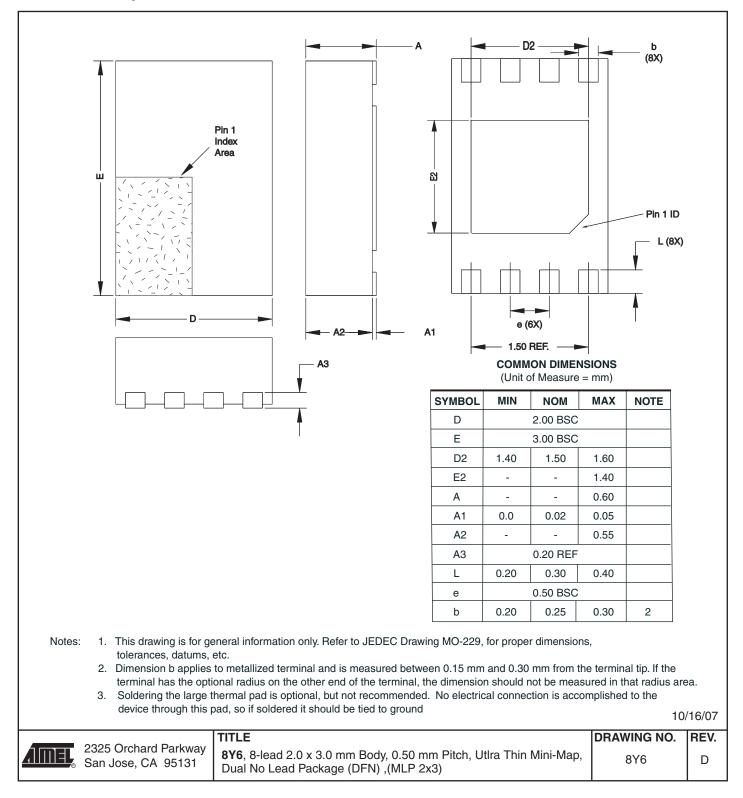
## 8A2 – TSSOP





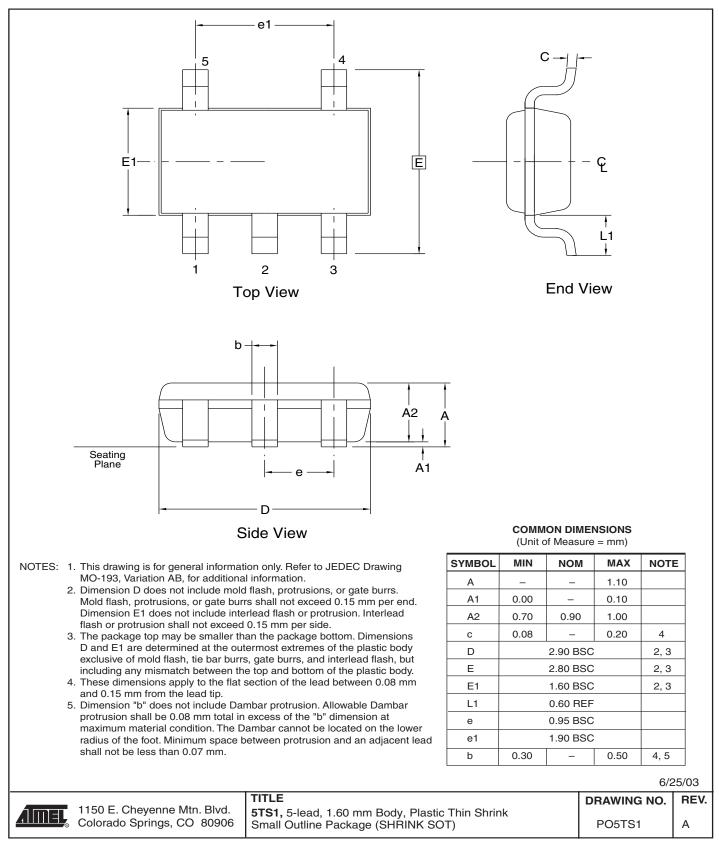


## 8Y6 - Mini Map



# AT24C04B/08B

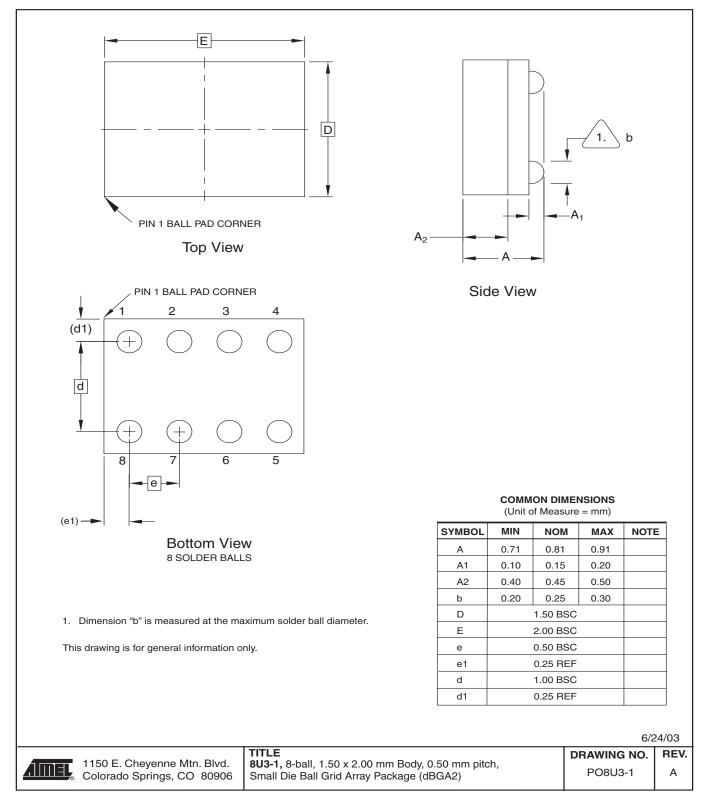
## 5TS1 – SOT23







## 8U3-1 - dBGA2



# 11. Revision History

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
5226D	7/2008	Removed 'Preliminary' status
5226C	2/2008	Text changes on page 4 and 9
5226B	8/2007	Updated to new template Updated common Figures Added Package Marking tables
5226A	6/2007	Initial document release





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