



AON7406

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

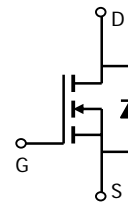
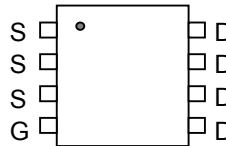
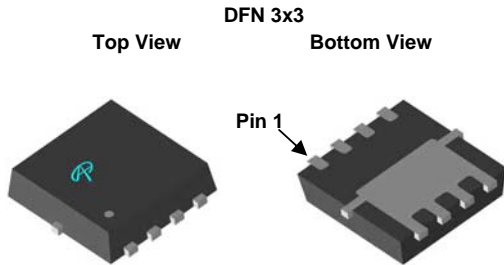


General Description

The AON7406 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use in SMPS and general purpose applications. *Standard Product AON7406 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

Features

V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 11A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 15m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 23.5m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 20 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^{B,H} | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 20 | A |
| | | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | 50 | |
| Continuous Drain Current ^G | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 11 | |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 8.8 | |
| Power Dissipation ^B | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 27 | W |
| | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 11 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 3.1 | |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 2 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units | |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | $t \leq 10s$ | 30 | 40 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| | | Steady-State | 60 | 75 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case ^D | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 4 | 4.5 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ | |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 30 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=30\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1 5 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$ | | | ± 100 | nA |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 1 | 1.6 | 3 | V |
| $I_{D(ON)}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 50 | | | A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=11\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=8.5\text{A}$ | | 12.5 17.5 19 | 15 21 23.5 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=10\text{A}$ | | 19 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.73 | 1 | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 3 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 955 | 1200 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 145 | | pF |
| C_{riss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 112 | | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 0.5 | 0.85 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $Q_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $I_D=10\text{A}$ | | 17 | 24 | nC |
| $Q_g(4.5\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 9 | 12 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 3.4 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 4.7 | | nC |
| $t_{D(on)}$ | Turn-On DelayTime | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $R_L=1.5\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$ | | 5 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 6 | | ns |
| $t_{D(off)}$ | Turn-Off DelayTime | | | 19 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 4.5 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=11\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 19 | 25 | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=11\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 9 | | nC |

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in^2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead $R_{\theta JL}$ and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\text{ms}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1in^2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F: The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ junction to ambient thermal resistance rating.

G: The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

Rev1: Nov 2007

COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

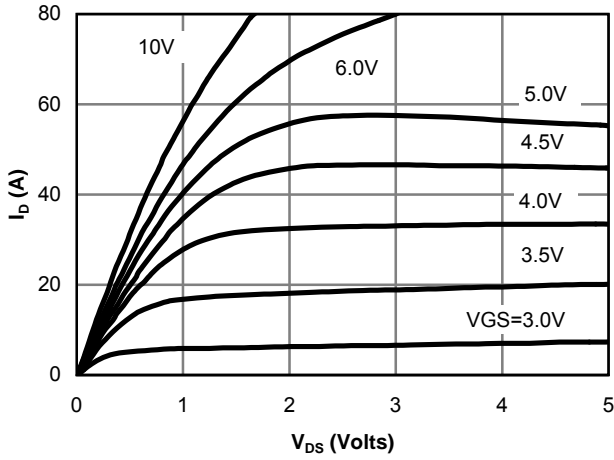


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

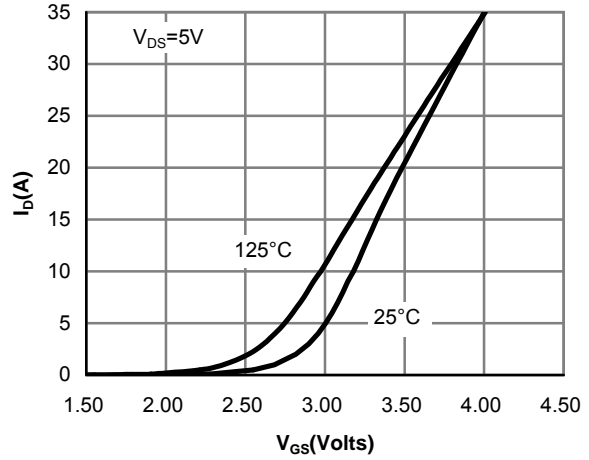


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

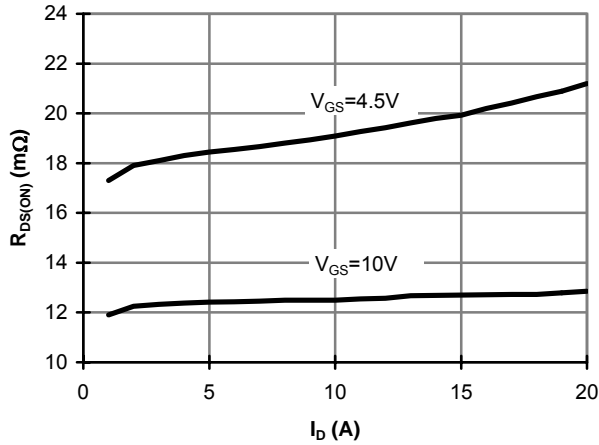


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

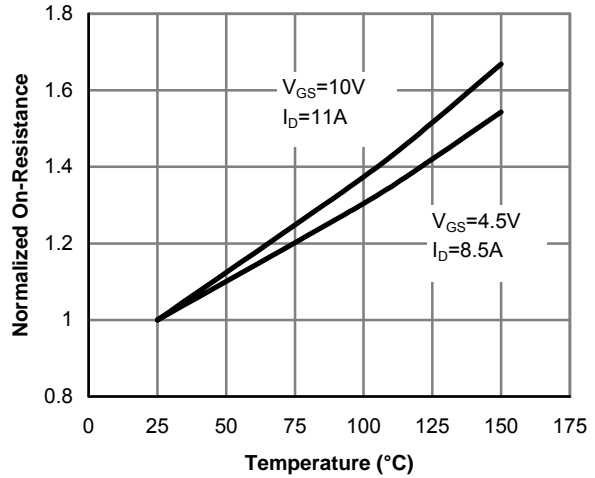


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

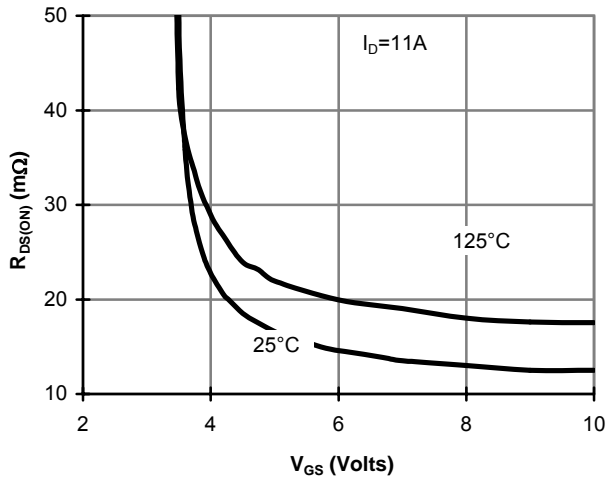


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

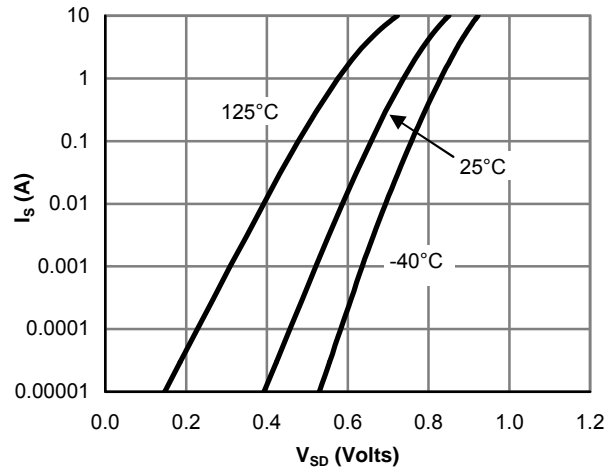


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

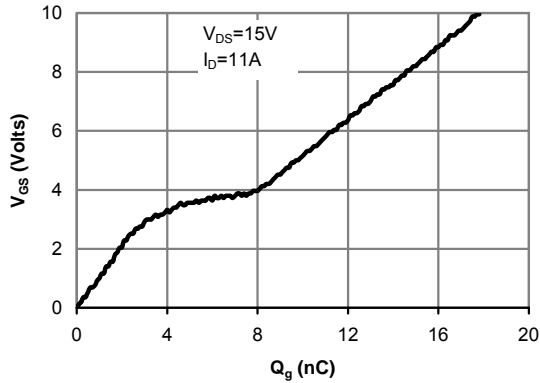


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

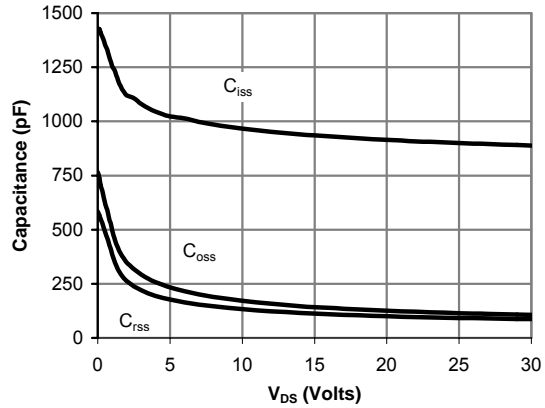


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

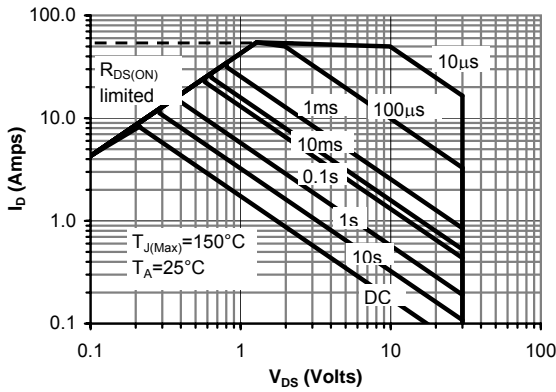


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

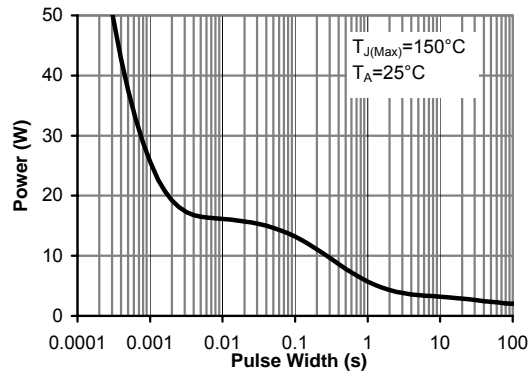


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

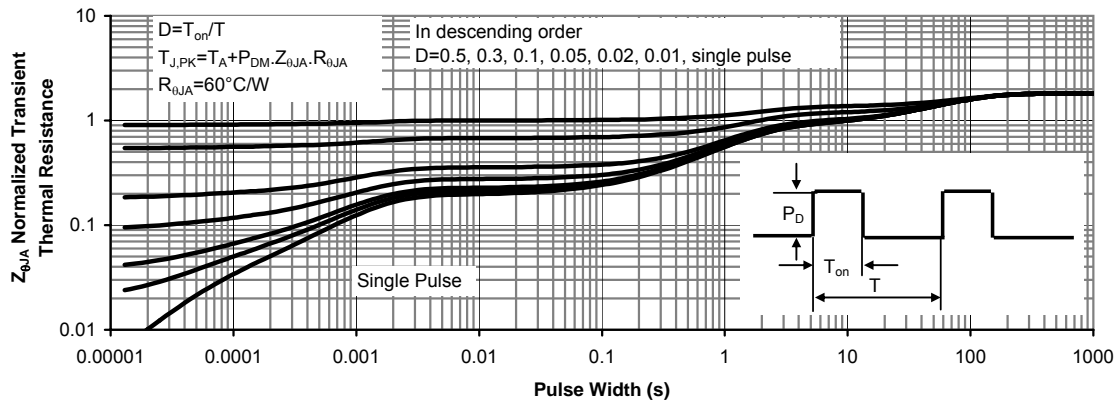


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance