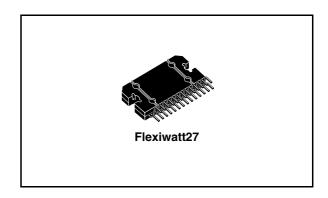


Quad power amplifier with built-in voltage converter

Features

- Multipower BCD technology
- DMOS power output
- Non-switching high efficiency amplifier
- Switching high efficiency voltage converter
- High output power capability 4x60W EIAJ/4Ω
- Full I²C Bus driving:
 - St-by
 - Independent front/rear soft play/mute
 - Selectable gain 26dB 12dB (for low noise line output function)
 - High efficiency enable/disable
 - Voltage converter enable/disable
 - Regulated voltage selection
 - Switching frequency selection
- Hardware mute function
- Full fault protection
- DC offset detection
- Four independent short circuit protection
- Clipping detector with selectable threshold (1 % / 10 %) via I²C bus



Description

The TDA7565 is a new BCD technology quad bridge type of car radio amplifier in Flexiwatt27 package specially intended for car radio applications. Thanks to the DMOS output stage the TDA7565 has a very low distortion allowing a clear powerful sound.

The built-in voltage converter control block assures a very high output power with an extremely low number of added components.

The dissipated power under average listening condition is aligned to the conventional solutions (4 x 40 W).

Table 1. Device summary

Order code	Package	Packing
TDA7565	Flexiwatt27 Tube	

Contents TDA7565

Contents

1	Bloc	k and pins connection diagrams	. 5
2	Elec	trical specification	. 6
	2.1	Absolute maximum ratings	. 6
	2.2	Thermal data	. 6
	2.3	Electrical characteristics	. 6
3	I ² C k	ous interface	10
	3.1	Data validity	10
	3.2	Start and stop conditions	10
	3.3	Byte format	10
	3.4	Acknowledge	10
4	Soft	ware specifications	12
5	Exar	mples of bytes sequence	15
6	Pack	rage information	16
7	Povi	sion history	17

TDA7565 List of tables

List of tables

Table 1.	Device summary
Table 2.	Absolute maximum ratings
Table 3.	Thermal data6
Table 4.	Electrical characteristics
Table 5.	Chip address
	IB112
Table 7.	IB213
Table 8.	DB113
Table 9.	DB213
Table 10.	DB314
Table 11.	DB414
Table 12.	Document revision history

List of figures TDA7565

List of figures

Figure 1.	Block diagram	. 5
	Pins connection (top view)	
	Demoboard schematic	
Figure 4.	Data validity on the I2C bus	10
Figure 5.	Timing diagram on the I2C bus	11
Figure 6.	Acknowledge on the I2C bus	11
Figure 7.	Flexiwatt27 (vertical) mechanical data and package dimensions	16

1 Block and pins connection diagrams

Figure 1. Block diagram

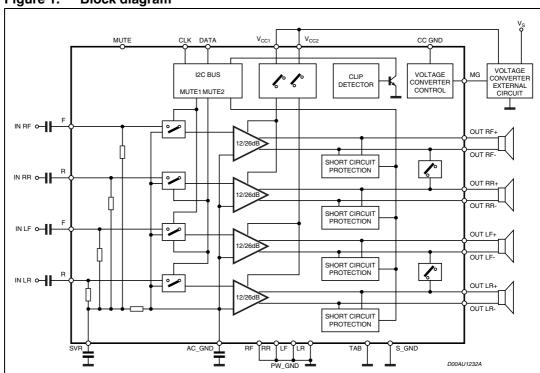
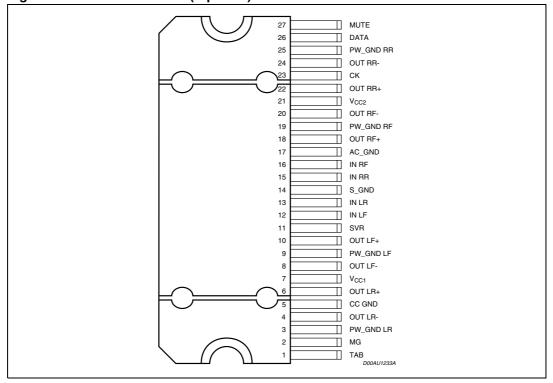


Figure 2. Pins connection (top view)



2 Electrical specification

2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{opc OFF}	Operating supply voltage, converter off	18	V
V _{opc ON}	Operating supply voltage, converter on	25	V
V _S	DC supply voltage	28	V
V _{peak}	Peak supply voltage (for t = 50 ms)	50	V
V _{CK}	CK pin voltage	6	V
V _{DATA}	Data pin voltage	6	V
I _O	Output peak current (not repetitive t = 100 μs)	8	Α
Io	Output peak current (repetitive f > 10 Hz)	6	Α
P _{tot}	Power dissipation T _{case} = 70 °C	80	W
T _{stg} , T _j	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 150	°C

2.2 Thermal data

Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
R _{th j-case}	Thermal resistance junction to case Max.	1	°C/W

2.3 Electrical characteristics

Table 4. Electrical characteristics

(Refer to the test circuit, V_S = 13.5V; R_L = 4Ω ; f = 1 kHz; voltage converter disabled (VC_{Off}); T_{amb} = 25°C; unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power an	Power amplifier					
V _S	Supply voltage range		8		18	V
I _d	Total quiescent drain current			180	300	mA
I _d	Total quiescent drain current (VC _{on})			TBD		mA
	Output power	EIAJ (V _S = 13.7 V)		35		W
P _O	(VC _{off}) V = 14.4 V	THD = 10 % THD = 1 %		25 20		W W

Table 4. Electrical characteristics (continued)

(Refer to the test circuit, V_S = 13.5V; R_L = 4 Ω ; f = 1 kHz; voltage converter disabled (VC_{Off}); T_{amb} = 25°C; unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Output power	EIAJ (V _S = 13.7V)		60		W
P _O	(VC _{on}) V = 14.4V	THD = 10% THD = 1%		40 31		W W
THD	Total harmonic distortion	P _O = 1 W to 12 W; STDMODE HE MODE; PO = 1-2 W HE MODE; PO = 4-12 W		0.03 0.03 0.1	0.1	% % %
		P _O = 1-12 W, f = 10 kHz		0.15	0.5	%
C _T	Cross talk	$f = 1 \text{ kHz to } 10 \text{ kHz}, R_G = 600 \Omega$	50	55		dB
R _{IN}	Input impedance		60	100	130	ΚΩ
G _{V1}	Voltage gain 1		25.5	26	26.5	dB
ΔG _{V1}	Voltage gain match 1		-1		1	dB
G _{V2}	Voltage gain 2		11.5	12	12.5	dB
ΔG_{V2}	Voltage gain match 2		-1		1	dB
E _{IN1}	Output noise voltage 1	$R_g = 600 \Omega$; $G_V = 26 dB$ filter 20 Hz to 22 kHz		60	100	μV
E _{IN2}	Output noise voltage 2	$R_g = 600 \ \Omega; \ G_V = 26 \ dB$ filter 20 Hz to 12 kHz		15	20	μV
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$f = 100 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}; V_r = 1V \text{ pk};$ $R_g = 600 \Omega$	50	60		dB
BW	Power bandwidth	(-3 dB)	75			KHz
A _{SB}	Stand-by attenuation		70	100		dB
I _{SB}	Stand-by current				100	μΑ
A _M	Mute attenuation		70	90		dB
V _{OS}	Offset voltage	Mute and play	-100		100	mV
V _{AM}	Min. supply voltage threshold		6.5	7	7.5	٧
	Slew rate		1.5			V/μs
T _{ON}	Turn on delay	D2/D1 (IB1) 0 to 1		10	20	ms
T _{OFF}	Turn off delay	D2/D1 (IB1) 1 to 0		10	20	ms
	Thermal foldback junction temperature		155	170	185	°C
CD	Clin dot the love!	D0 (IB1) = 0	0	1	2	%
CD _{THD}	Clip det thd. level	D0 (IB1) = 1	5	10	15	%
V _O	Offset detection	Power amplifier = play AC Input = 0	±1.5	±2	±2.5	V
T _{hw}	Thermal warning			165		°C

Table 4. Electrical characteristics (continued)

(Refer to the test circuit, V_S = 13.5V; R_L = 4 Ω ; f = 1 kHz; voltage converter disabled (VC_{Off}); T_{amb} = 25°C; unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I ² C Bus i	C Bus interface					
f _{SCL}	Clock frequency				400	KHz
V _{IL}	Input low voltage				1.5	V
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		2.3			V
V _{Min(pin27)}	Mute in threshold voltage	Amp. mute			1.5	V
V _{Mout(pin27)}	Mute out threshold voltage		3.5			V
A _{M(pin 27)}	Mute attenuation		80	90		
Voltage c	onverter					
Vcc1, Vcc2	Converter output voltage (VC = ON)	V _S = 14 V D3 (IB2) = 0; D6 (IB2) = 0 D3 (IB2) = 1; D6 (IB2) = 0 D3 (IB2) = 0; D6 (IB2) = 1 D3 (IB2) = 1; D6 (IB2) = 1		15 16.5 17.5 18.5		V V V
Fs	Voltage converter switching frequency	D6 (IB1) = 0; D7 (IB1) = 0 D6 (IB1) = 1; D7 (IB1) = 0 D6 (IB1) = 0; D7 (IB1) = 1 D6 (IB1) = 1; D7 (IB1) = 1		100 150 260 400		kHz kHz kHz kHz
Vmgl	MOS gate output low voltage	I _o = 250 mA			1	V
\ /vee evle	MOC state authorit birds walters	I _o = 20 mA		10.5		V
Vmgh	MOS gate output high voltage	I _o = 200 mA		10		V
Vmgcla mp	MOS gate output clamp voltage	I _o = 5 mA		TBD		٧
t _f	Fall time	C _o = 1 nF		20		ns
t _r	Rise time	C _o = 1 nF		50		ns
Vmgl (VC _{off})	MOS gate output voltage with voltage converter disabled	I _o = 5 mA			0.5	٧

C10 2.2nF R5 10 1W R5 10 1V STPS30L40CT L1 100μH D1 C11 SDA 3300µF C12 100nF C8 220nF ____ C13 10μF <u>Γ</u> R1 50Ω C9 10nF R4 3.3 1W Q1 R3 10Ω OUT RF+ STP60NE06 C1 220nF OUT RF-IN RF o-OUT RR+ O C2 220nF 22 IN RR o-TDA7565 OUT RR-O C3 220nF OUT LF-IN LF o-OUT LR+ IN LR o-OUT LR-MUTE o-D00AU1224B

Figure 3. Demoboard schematic

I²C bus interface TDA7565

3 I²C bus interface

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7565 and vice versa takes place through the 2 wires I²C bus interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be connected).

3.1 Data validity

As shown by *Figure 4*, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

3.2 Start and stop conditions

As shown by *Figure 5* a start condition is a high to low transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a low to high transition of the SDA line while SCL is high.

3.3 Byte format

Every byte transferred to the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

3.4 Acknowledge

The transmitter* puts a resistive high level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see *Figure 6*). The receiver** the acknowledges has to pull-down (low) the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so that the SDA line is stable low during this clock pulse.

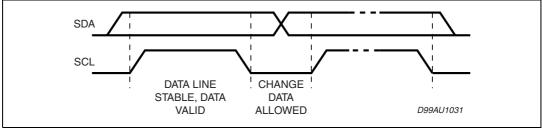
* Transmitter

- master (μP) when it writes an address to the TDA7565
- slave (TDA7565) when the μP reads a data byte from TDA7565

** Receiver

- slave (TDA7565) when the μP writes an address to the TDA7565
- master (μP) when it reads a data byte from TDA7565

Figure 4. Data validity on the I²C bus



TDA7565 I²C bus interface

Figure 5. Timing diagram on the I²C bus

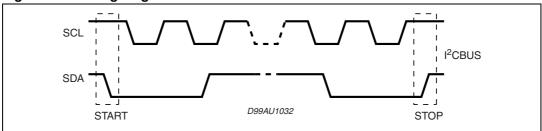
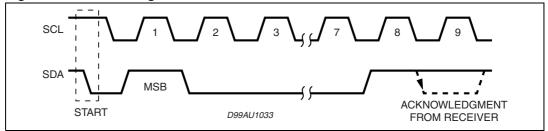


Figure 6. Acknowledge on the I²C bus



4 Software specifications

All the functions of the TDA7565 are activated by $\ensuremath{\text{I}}^2\text{C}$ interface.

The bit 0 of the "ADDRESS BYTE" defines if the next bytes are write instruction (from μP to TDA7565) or read instruction (from TDA7565 to μP).

Table 5. Chip address

Bit	Instruction
D7	Address bit
D6	Address bit
D5	Address bit
D4	Address bit
D3	Address bit
D2	Address bit
D1	Address bit
D0(R/W)	Read/Write bit 0 = Write instruction 1 = read instruction

If R/W = 0, the μP sends 2 "Instruction Bytes": IB1 and IB2.

Table 6. IB1

Bit	Instruction
D7	Sel. freq. switch 1
D6	Sel. freq. switch 2
D5	Offset detection start (D5 = 1) Offset detection stop (D5 = 0) (off)
D4	Front channel Gain = 26dB (D4 = 0) Gain = 12dB (D4 = 1)
D3	Rear channel Gain = 26dB (D3 = 0) Gain = 12dB (D3 = 1)
D2	Mute front channels (D2 = 0) Unmute front channels (D2 = 1)
D1	Mute rear channels (D1 = 0) Unmute rear channels (D1 = 1)
D0	CD 1% (D0 = 0) CD 10% (D0 = 1)

Table 7. IB2

Bit	Instruction
D7	Voltage converter enabled (D7 = 1) Voltage converter disabled (D7 = 0)
D6	Regulated voltage selection 1
D5	Test speed
D4	Stand-by on - amplifier not working - $(D4 = 0)$ Stand-by off - amplifier working - $(D4 = 1)$
D3	Regulated voltage selection 0)
D2	To be forced to "Level 1"
D1	Right channel Power amplifier working in standard mode (D1 = 0) Power amplifier working in Hi Eff. mode(D1 = 1)
D0	Left channel Power amplifier working in standard mode (D0 = 0) Power amplifier working in Hi Eff. mode(D0 = 1)

Table 8. DB1

Bit	Instruction
D7	Thermal warning
D6	Х
D5	Х
D4	Х
D3	Х
D2	Offset (LF)
D1	Short circuit protection (CH1)
D0	Х

Table 9. DB2

Bit	Instruction
D7	Off status
D6	X
D5	Clip detector output
D4	X
D3	X
D2	Offset (LR)
D1	Short circuit protection (CH2)
D0	x

Table 10. DB3

Bit	Instruction
D7	St-by status
D6	X
D5	X
D4	X
D3	X
D2	Offset (RF)
D1	Short circuit protection (CH3)
D0	X

Table 11. DB4

Bit	Instruction
D7	x
D6	X
D5	X
D4	x
D3	X
D2	Offset (RR)
D1	Short circuit protection (CH4)
D0	x

5 Examples of bytes sequence

1 - Turn-on of the power amplifier with 26 dB gain, mute on, diagnostic defeat, high eff. mode, voltage converter disabled.

Start	Address byte with D0 = 0	ACK	IB1	ACK	IB2	ACK	STOP
			XX00X000		0XX1XX10		

2 - Turn-off of the power amplifier

Start	Address byte with D0 = 0	ACK	IB1	ACK	IB2	ACK	STOP
			XXXXXXX		XXX0XXX0		

4 - Offset detection procedure start

Start	Address byte with D0 = 0	ACK	IB1	ACK	IB2	ACK	STOP
			XX1XX11X		XXX1XXX0		

5 - Offset detection procedure stop and reading operation.

Start	Address byte with D0 = 1	ACK	DB1	STOP
-------	--------------------------	-----	-----	------

- The purpose of this test is to check if a D.C. offset (2V typ.) is present on the outputs, produced by input capacitor with anomalous leakage current or humidity between pins.
- The delay from 3 to 4 can be selected by software, starting from 1 ms

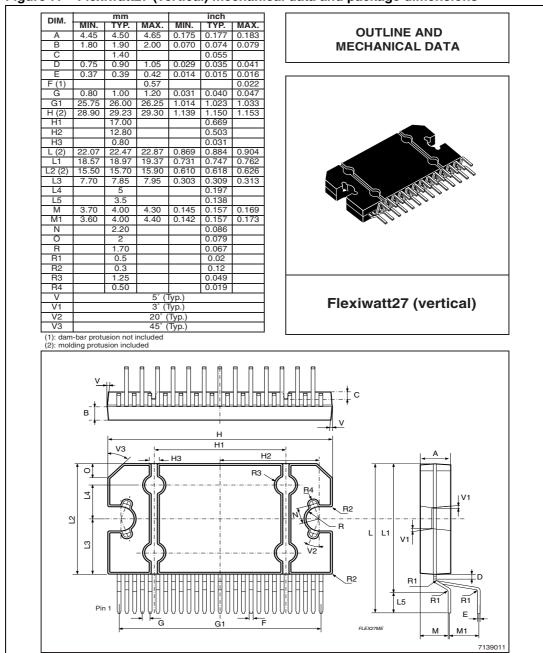
Package information TDA7565

6 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST (also) offers these devices in ECOPACK[®] packages. ECOPACK[®] packages are lead-free. The category of second Level Interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label.

ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

Figure 7. Flexiwatt27 (vertical) mechanical data and package dimensions



TDA7565 Revision history

7 Revision history

Table 12. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
20-Sep-2003	1	Initial release.
01-Jul-2008	2	Document reformatted. Document status promoted from product preview to datasheet.

Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and services described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY APPROVED IN WRITING BY AN AUTHORIZED ST REPRESENTATIVE, ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN MILITARY, AIR CRAFT, SPACE, LIFE SAVING, OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, NOR IN PRODUCTS OR SYSTEMS WHERE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. ST PRODUCTS WHICH ARE NOT SPECIFIED AS "AUTOMOTIVE GRADE" MAY ONLY BE USED IN AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS AT USER'S OWN RISK.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of ST.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2008 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com