

3875081 G E SOLID STATE  
Silicon Controlled Rectifiers

01E 17724 D T-25-15

**S2800 Series**

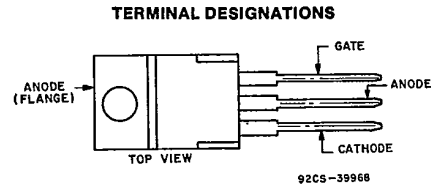
File Number **890**

**10-A Silicon Controlled Rectifiers**

For Power Switching, Power Control

**Features:**

- 800V, 125 Deg. C T<sub>J</sub> Operating
- High dv/dt and di/dt Capability
- Low Switching Losses
- High Pulse Current Capability
- Low Forward and Reverse Leakage
- Silicon Oxide Glass Multilayer Passivation System
- Advanced Unisurface Construction
- Precise Ion Implanted Diffusion Source



JEDEC TO-220AB

The S2800 series are high voltage, medium current silicon controlled rectifiers designed for switching AC and DC currents. The types within the series differ in their voltage ratings: the voltage ratings are identified by suffix letters in the type designations.

All types utilize the JEDEC TO-220AB package.

These Thyristors feature an advanced unisurface construction with a multilayer glass passivation system for improved reliability performance at high junction operating temperatures. Their dv/dt, di/dt capability and low switching losses make them suitable for applications such as lighting, power-switching, motor speed control and crow-bars.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:**

	S2800F	S2800A	S2800B	S2800C	S2800D	S2800E	S2800M	S2800S	S2800N		
V <sub>DRM</sub> , V <sub>RRM</sub> .....	50	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	V	
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub> (T <sub>C</sub> =100°C, θ = 180°) .....										10	A
I <sub>TSM</sub> (for 1 full cycle) .....										100	A
di/dt .....										100	A/μs
i <sup>2</sup> T (at 8.3 ms) .....										40	A <sup>2</sup> s
P <sub>GM</sub> (for 10μs max.) .....										16	W
P <sub>G(AV)</sub> (Averaging time 10ms max.) .....										0.5	W
T Storage .....										-65 to +150	°C
T <sub>J</sub> .....										-65 to +125	°C
T <sub>r</sub> (During soldering): For 10 s max. terminals and case) .....										250	°C

S2800 Series

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

At Maximum Ratings Unless Otherwise Specified, and at Indicated Case Temperatures ( $T_C$ )

CHARACTERISTIC	LIMITS			UNITS
	For All Types Except as Specified			
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$I_{DROM}$ OR $I_{ROM}$ $V_D = V_{DROM}$ OR $V_R = V_{RROM}$ , $T_C = +125^\circ C$ .....	—	0.1	2	mA
$V_T$ $i_T = 30$ A, $T_C = +25^\circ C$ For other values of $i_T$ .....	—	1.7	2	V
$I_{GT}$ $V_D = 12$ V (DC), $R_L = 30$ $\Omega$ $T_C = +25^\circ C$ .....	—	8	15	mA
$V_{GT}$ $V_D = 12$ V (DC), $R_L = 30$ $\Omega$ $T_C = +25^\circ C$ .....	—	0.9	1.5	V
$I_{HO}$ $T_C = +25^\circ C$ .....	—	10	20	mA
$dv/dt$ $V_D = V_{DROM}$ , Exponential voltage rise $T_C = +125^\circ C$ (See Fig. 11)				
S2800F .....	100	—	—	V/ $\mu s$
S2800A .....	75	—	—	
S2800B .....	50	—	—	
S2800C .....	40	—	—	
S2800D .....	30	—	—	
S2800E .....	25	—	—	
S2800M .....	20	—	—	
S2800S .....	15	—	—	
S2800N .....	15	—	—	
$t_{gt}$ $V_D = V_{DROM}$ , $i_T = 2$ A $I_{GT} = 80$ mA, $0.1$ $\mu s$ rise time $T_C = +25^\circ C$ (See Fig. 9)	—	1.6	2.5	$\mu s$
$t_q$ $V_D = V_{DROM}$ , $i_T = 2$ A, $t_p = 50$ $\mu s$ $dv/dt = 200$ V/ $\mu s$ , $di/dt = -10$ A/ $\mu s$ $I_{GT} = 200$ mA at $t_{ON}$ , $T_C = +75^\circ C$ (See Fig. 12)	—	10	35	$\mu s$
$R_{\theta JC}$	—	—	2	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	—	—	60	

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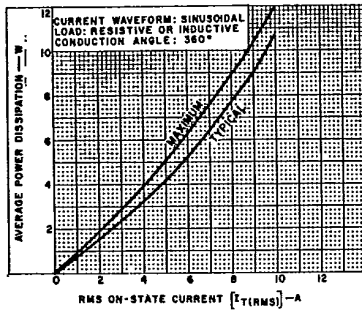


Fig. 1 — Power dissipation vs. on-state current.

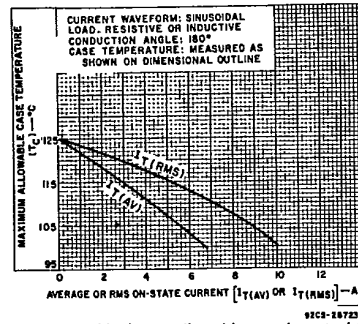


Fig. 2 — Maximum allowable case temperature vs. on-state current.

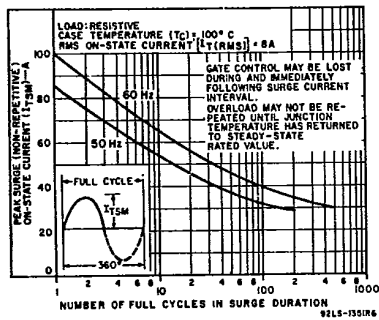


Fig. 3 — Allowable peak surge on-state current vs. surge duration.

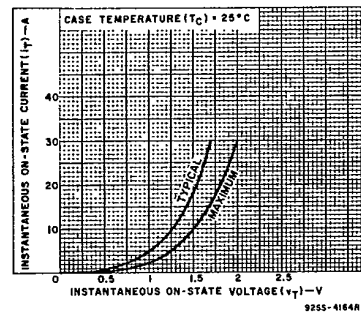


Fig. 4 — Instantaneous on-state current vs. on-state voltage.

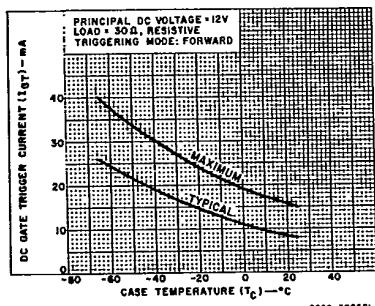


Fig. 5 — DC gate-trigger current vs. case temperature.

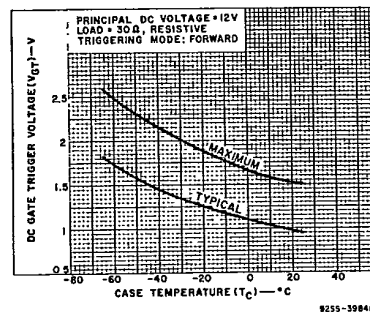


Fig. 6 — DC gate-trigger voltage vs. case temperature.

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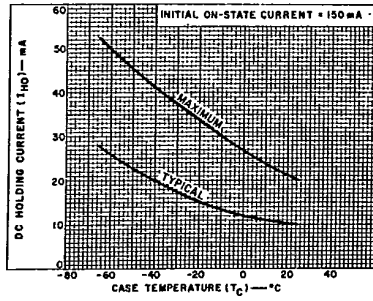


Fig. 7 — Holding current vs. case temperature.

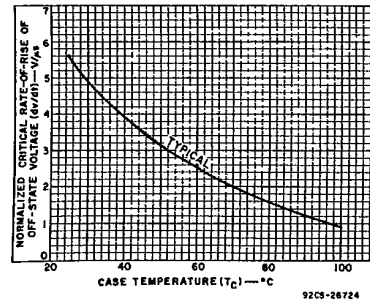


Fig. 8 — Normalized critical rate of rise of off-state voltage vs. case temperature.

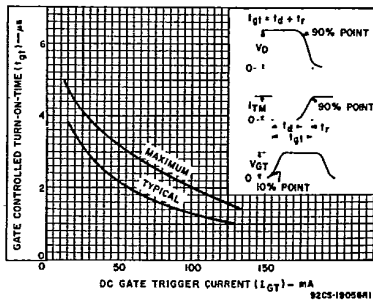


Fig. 9 — Gate-controlled turn-on time vs. gate trigger current.

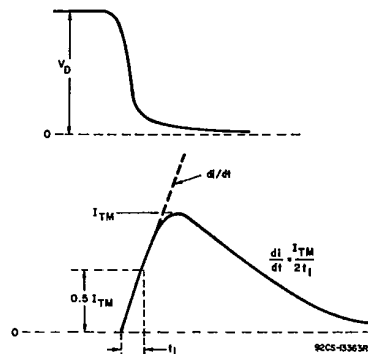


Fig. 10 — Rate of change of on-state current with time (defining di/dt).

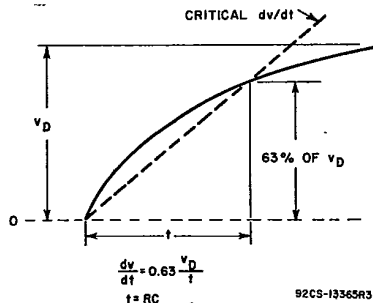


Fig. 11 — Rate of rise of off-state voltage with time (defining critical dv/dt).

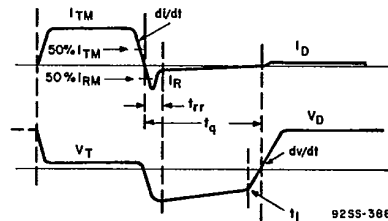


Fig. 12 — Relationship between instantaneous on-state current and voltage, showing reference points for measurement of circuit-commutated turn-off time (t\_q).