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NTE154 Silicon NPN Transistor High Voltage Video Output

Description:

The NTE154 is a silicon NPN transistor in a TO39 type package designed for use as a video output to drive a color CRT.

Features:

- High Voltage: $V_{CEO} = 300V$ Min @ $I_C = 5mA$
- Low Capacitance: $C_{ob} = 3pF$ Max @ $V_{CB} = 20V$
- High Frequency: $f_t = 50MHz$ Min @ $I_C = 15mA$
- High Power Dissipation: $P_D = 7W$ @ $T_C = +25^\circ C$

Absolute Maximum Ratings: (Note 1)

Collector to Base Voltage, V_{CBO}	300V
Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 2), V_{CEO}	300V
Emitter to Base Voltage, V_{EBO}	7V
Total Power Dissipation (Note 3, Note 4), P_D	
$T_C = +25^\circ C$	7W
$T_A = +25^\circ C$	1W
Operating Junction Temperature, T_{opr}	+200°C
Storage Temperature Range, T_{stg}	-65° to +200°C
Lead Temperature (During Soldering, 60sec), T_L	+300°C

- Note 1. These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of this device may be impaired.
- Note 2. This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- Note 3. These ratings are steady state limits.
- Note 4. These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of +200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of +25°C/W (derating factor of 40mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of +175°C/W (derating factor of 5.71mW/°C).

Electrical Characteristics: ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	300	–	–	V
Emitter Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	7	–	–	V
Collector Cutoff Current	I_{CBO}	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 200\text{V}$	–	1.0	100	nA
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 200\text{V}, T_A = +125^\circ\text{C}$	–	0.2	5.0	μA
Emitter Cutoff Current	I_{EBO}	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 6\text{V}$	–	1.0	100	nA
DC Current Gain	h_{FE}	$I_C = 1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$	20	50	–	
		$I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, \text{Note 5}$	40	100	–	
		$I_C = 30\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, \text{Note 5}$	40	100	–	
Collector Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}$	$I_C = 5\text{mA}, I_B = 0, \text{Note 2, Note 5}$	300	–	–	V
Base Emitter Saturating Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20\text{mA}, I_B = 2\text{mA}, \text{Note 5}$	–	0.74	0.85	V
Collector Emitter Saturating Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20\text{mA}, I_B = 2\text{mA}, \text{Note 5}$	–	0.35	1.0	V
High Frequency Current Gain	h_{fe}	$I_C = 15\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 150\text{V}, f = 20\text{MHz}$	2.5	4.0	–	
		$I_C = 3\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 270\text{V}, f = 20\text{MHz}$	2.0	2.5	–	
		$I_C = 30\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 30\text{V}, f = 20\text{MHz}, R_L = 9\text{k}\Omega$	2.0	4.0	–	
Collector Base Capacitance	C_{cb}	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 20\text{V}$	–	2.5	3.0	pF
Emitter Base Capacitance	C_{eb}	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 500\text{mV}$	–	45	70	pF

Note 2. This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.

Note 5. Pulse Conditions: Length = 300 μs , Duty Cycle = 1%.

