Rev 0; 1/06



# Sample-and-Infinite Hold Voltage Reference

#### Features

- Precise Electronically Adjustable Voltage Reference
- Enables Automated Factory Trimming of Devices **Needing Voltage Adjustment**
- Can be Adjusted to Within ±1.5mV
- Wide Adjustable Output Voltage Range Within 300mV of the Supply Rails
- Low Temperature Coefficient
- ±1mA of Output-Current Drive
- NV Memory Stores the Voltage Indefinitely
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Cost
- Low Power Consumption
  - ♦ 4.0V to 5.5V Single-Supply Operation
  - Small 5-Lead SOT23 Package
  - ♦ -40°C to +125°C Temperature Operation
  - DS4305K Evaluation Kit is Available

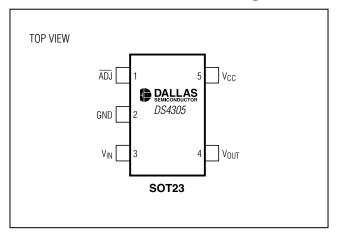
#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	SOT MARK		
DS4305R+T&R	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23	4305+		
+Denotes lead-free package					

otes lead-tree package

#### **Pin Configuration**

Maxim Integrated Products 1



# Power-Supply Calibration

**Applications** 

**General Description** 

The DS4305 is a nonvolatile (NV) sample-and-infinite-

hold adjustable voltage reference. The reference volt-

age is programmed in-circuit during factory calibration/

programming. Programming the reference voltage, V<sub>OUT</sub>, is as simple as applying the desired voltage on

VIN and toggling the adjust pin (ADJ) to lock the VOUT

voltage level indefinitely, even if the device is power cycled. The DS4305 replaces current cumbersome fac-

tory adjustment arrangements with a low-cost solution

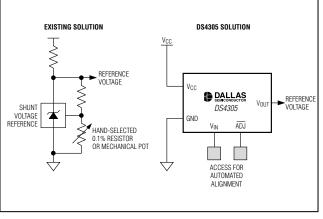
that can be adjusted using automated techniques. In

addition, the DS4305 has the ability to be readjusted after the unit has been fully assembled and tested. This

results in a much more flexible manufacturing arrange-

ment, lower inventory costs, and a quicker time-to-market.

- Threshold Setting Offset Nulling **Bias Adjusting** Power Amps **Pressure Bridges**
- Factory-Calibrated Equipment



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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

### Typical Operating Circuit

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Voltage on V<sub>CC</sub> Relative to GND .....-0.5V to +6.0V Voltage on V<sub>IN</sub>, ADJ, and V<sub>OUT</sub>

Relative to GND ...-0.5V to (V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V), not to exceed +6.0V Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +125°C EEPROM Programming Adjust Temperature......0°C to +70°C V<sub>OUT</sub> to GND Short-Circuit Duration .....Continuous Storage Temperature Range ......55°C to +125°C Soldering Temperature ...See IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 Specification

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

 $(T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 125^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ΤΥΡ ΜΑΧ	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	(Note 1)	4.0	5.5	V
V <sub>IN</sub> Voltage Range	VIN		0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3	V
ADJ Logic 0	VIL		-0.3	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
VOUT Current	Vouti		-1	+1	mA
V <sub>OUT</sub> Load	Voutl			100	рF

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +4.0V to +5.5V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current	lin	-40°C to +85°C; V <sub>IN</sub> , <del>ADJ</del> , and V <sub>OUT</sub> = open circuit		1.4	2.0	mA
		+85°C to +125°C; $V_{IN}$ , $\overline{ADJ}$ , and $V_{OUT}$ = open circuit			2.1	
V <sub>IN</sub> Resistance	R <sub>PD</sub>		95			kΩ
ADJ Pullup Resistance	R <sub>PU</sub>		18			kΩ
V <sub>OUT</sub> Voltage Range	Voutr	(Note 1)	0.3		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> Tracking Accuracy	Voutta	(Note 2)			±20	mV
VOUT Quantization	Voutq	(Note 3)			±1.5	mV
		$-40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.7V		±56		µV/°C
Vour Tomporature Coofficient		$-40^{\circ}$ C to $+25^{\circ}$ C, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> $\ge 5.3$ V	7	34	60	ppm/°C
V <sub>OUT</sub> Temperature Coefficient	Vout to	+25°C to +85°C, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> $\ge$ 5.3V	-24	-7	+10	
		+85°C to +125°C, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 5.3V	-43	-23	-3	
	Vout ln	-40°C to +85°C	-1.6		+1.8	mV/V
VOUT Line Regulation		+85°C to +125°C	-1.6		+1.8	
V <sub>OUT</sub> Load Regulation	Vout LD	-40°C to +85°C, -1mA $\leq$ V <sub>OUT I</sub> $\leq$ +1mA			2.0	mV/mA
		+85°C to +125°C, -1.0mA ≤ V <sub>OUT I</sub> ≤ +1.0mA			2.5	
Long-Term Stability	Voutlts	1000 hours at +25°C				ppm
V <sub>OUT</sub> Noise	en1	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz		160		μVp-p
	e <sub>n2</sub>	10Hz ≤ f ≤ 1kHz		23		μV <sub>RMS</sub>



DS4305

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +4.0V to +5.5V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
V <sub>OUT</sub> PSRR	Voutpsrr	f = 200 kHz		28		dB
VOUT Self-Adjust Settling Time	tst	(Note 4)		7	10	ms/V
EEPROM Programming Time	tw	(Note 5)		9	12	ms
Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{IN}$ and $\overline{ADJ}$ = open circuit (Note 6)			10	μs
ADJ Toggle Low Time	tadj		100			ns
VOUT Factory-Trimmed Value	Vout ft	+25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.8V (Note 7)		1200		mV

#### NONVOLATILE MEMORY CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +4.0V \text{ to } 5.5V, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Programming Cycles		+70°C (Note 8)	50,000			Cycles

Note 1: All voltages referenced to ground.

Note 2: Tracking accuracy is defined as VOUT - VIN after the DS4305 has completed self-adjustment.

Note 3: Quantization refers to the size of the voltage steps used to track the input signal.

Note 4: Settling time is the maximum amount of time VOUT requires to self-adjust. The settling time is determined by the following formula:  $\Delta V_{OUT} \times t_{ST}$ .

Note 5: EEPROM programming time is the hold time required after the DS4305 has completed self-adjustment before VIN or VCC can be removed or before ADJ can be toggled low once again.

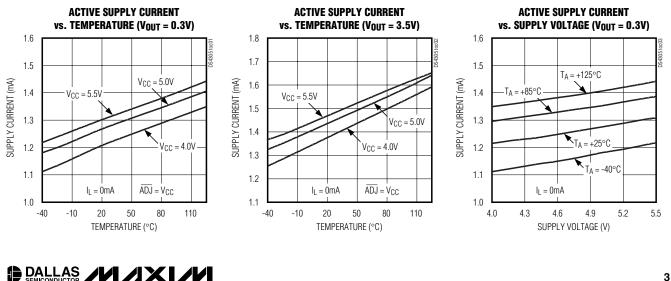
Note 6: Turn-on time is defined as the time required for VOUT to reach its specified accuracy after the required supply voltage is applied.

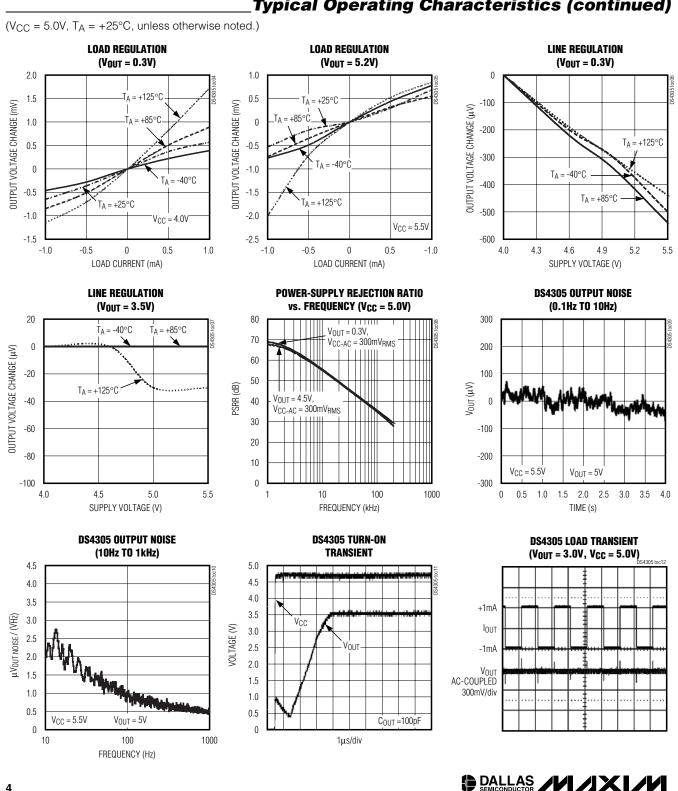
Note 7: VOUT not loaded.

Note 8: Guaranteed by design.

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{CC} = 5.0V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 





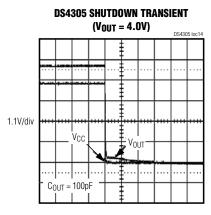
#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

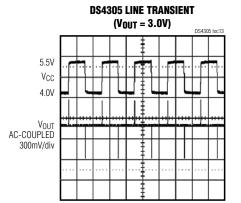
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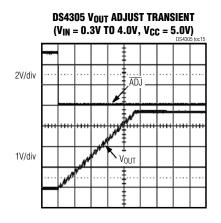
**DS4305** 

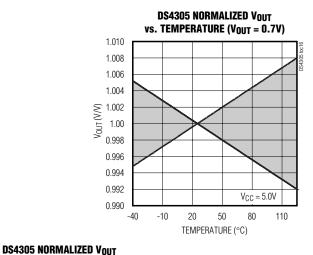
### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)









vs. TEMPERATURE (VOUT = 5.0V)

 $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ 

80

110

1.001

1.000

0.999

0.996

0.995

-40

-10

20

50

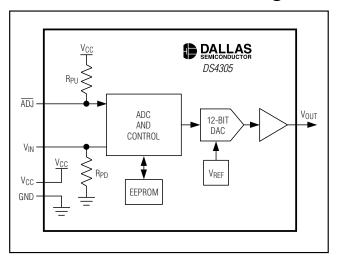
TEMPERATURE (°C)

0.998 0.997

**DS4305** 

#### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	ADJ	Adjust Control Input
2	GND	Ground
3	VIN	Sample Voltage Input
4	Vout	Voltage Output
5	Vcc	Power-Supply Voltage



#### **Block Diagram**

#### **Detailed Description**

The DS4305 provides a precise, NV output voltage, V<sub>OUT</sub>, making it an ideal solution for factory calibration of embedded systems. The DS4305 output voltage can be adjusted over almost the entire operating supply range of the device, and it can be precisely set to within  $\pm 1.5$ mV. A graphical description of the DS4305 is provided in the block diagram.

During factory calibration, a simple adjustment procedure must be followed. This entire procedure includes setting VIN, toggling ADJ, waiting as VOUT self-adjusts, and waiting for the completion of the EEPROM storage cycle (see the timing diagram in Figure 1). At the start of calibration, a voltage must be placed on VIN. This voltage needs to be completely stable before the adjustment procedure begins, and it must remain stable throughout the entire adjustment procedure. The DS4305 starts its self-adjust procedure when the ADJ pin is pulled low and held low for at least tADJ, after which it can be released at any time. Once ADJ has been released, it should not be toggled again for the remainder of the adjustment procedure. After the falling edge on ADJ and the wait time, tADJ, the VOUT selfadjust period begins. The length of the VOUT self-adjust period can be determined using the formula  $\Delta V \times t_{ST}$ , where  $\Delta V$  is I VOUT OLD - VOUT NEW I.

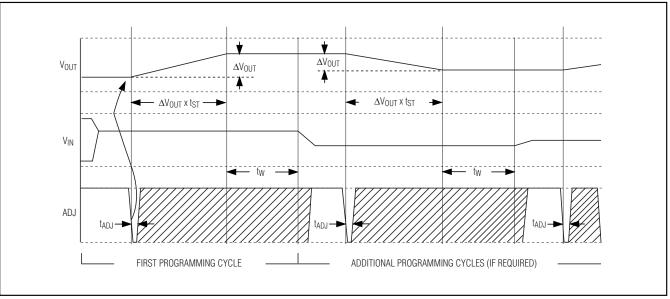


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

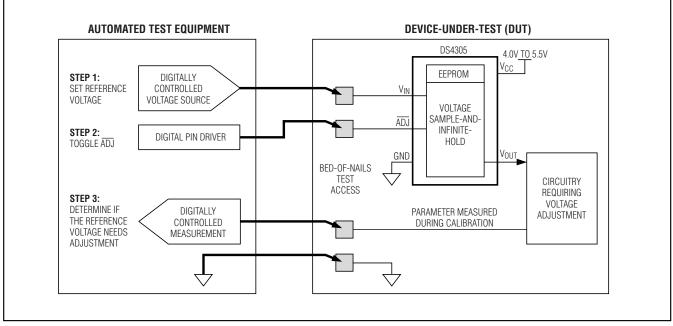


Figure 2. Application Circuit

During the V<sub>OUT</sub> self-adjust period, the DS4305 internally adjusts the on-board DAC until V<sub>OUT</sub> matches V<sub>IN</sub>. After V<sub>OUT</sub> has stabilized to within the tracking accuracy, V<sub>OUTTA</sub>, of V<sub>IN</sub>, it will be automatically stored in EEPROM. The storage period lasts for the duration of the EEPROM write time, t<sub>W</sub>. After the first adjustment procedure has completed, V<sub>OUT</sub> can be measured, and if necessary V<sub>IN</sub> can be readjusted and the entire adjustment procedure can be repeated to fine-tune V<sub>OUT</sub> within the V<sub>OUT</sub> ange.

Following each self-adjust procedure,  $V_{OUT}$  is saved indefinitely, even if the DS4305 is power cycled.

#### **Automated Programming Procedure**

Figure 2 details an example of how the DS4305 can be adjusted in an application. During factory alignment, a three/four-node bed-of-nails is used to: (1) provide the adjustment voltage through the  $V_{IN}$  pin, (2) control the ADJ input, and (3) sense the needed feedback parameter. During manufacture, an automated test procedure adjusts  $V_{OUT}$ , by changing  $V_{IN}$ , until the feedback parameter is optimized. After the bed-of-nails operation is complete, both the  $V_{IN}$  and  $\overline{ADJ}$  inputs are left open

circuit. V<sub>OUT</sub> can be readjusted at any time by following the same procedure. The closed-loop nature of the adjustment process removes all the system inaccuracies such as resistor tolerances, amplifier offsets, gain mismatches, and even the inaccuracies in the automated equipment that provides the reference voltage.

#### **Typical Operating Circuit**

The *Typical Operating Circuit* shows an example of how the DS4305 can replace most existing calibration solutions. Many power supplies use a shunt voltage reference to provide the internal reference voltage, and fine-tune adjustments are often made with hand-selected discrete resistors. The DS4305 replaces this cumbersome arrangement with a solution that is capable of being adjusted by automated techniques. An additional benefit of the DS4305 is the ability to provide a much lower voltage (down to 300mV) than is possible with shunt voltage references. Another benefit of the DS4305 is the ability to be adjusted after the unit has been fully assembled and tested, resulting in a much more flexible manufacturing arrangement, lower inventory costs, and a quicker time-to-market.



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**DS4305** 

#### Layout Considerations

To prevent an inadvertent programming cycle from occurring during power-up, minimize capacitive loading on the ADJ pin. A large capacitance on this pin could potentially hold ADJ in a low state long enough that a programming cycle is initiated.

#### **Power-Supply Decoupling**

To achieve best results, it is highly recommended that a decoupling capacitor is used on the IC power-supply pin. Typical values of decoupling capacitors are  $0.01\mu$ F or  $0.1\mu$ F. Use a high-quality, ceramic, surface-mount capacitor, and mount it as close as possible to the V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins of the IC to minimize lead inductance. Chip Topology

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 6016 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO GROUND

#### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/DallasPackInfo.

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