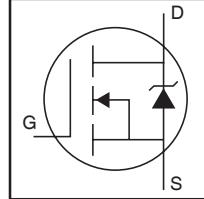


# IRF1324S-7PPbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

## Applications

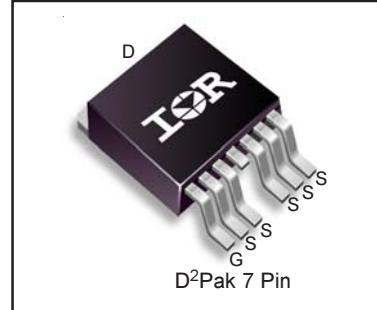
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits



$V_{DSS}$	24V
$R_{DS(on)}$	typ. 0.8mΩ
	max. 1.0mΩ

## Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	429①	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	303①	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ②	1640	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	300	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.0	W/ $^\circ C$
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery ④	1.6	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	$^\circ C$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb-in (1.1N·m)	

## Avalanche Characteristics

$E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	230	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b,	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		

## Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑨	—	0.50	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) , D <sup>2</sup> Pak ⑧⑨	—	40	

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	24	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.023	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ②
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	0.80	1.0	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 160\text{A}$ ⑤
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 19V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS} = -20V$
$R_G$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	3.0	—	$\Omega$	

**Dynamic @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

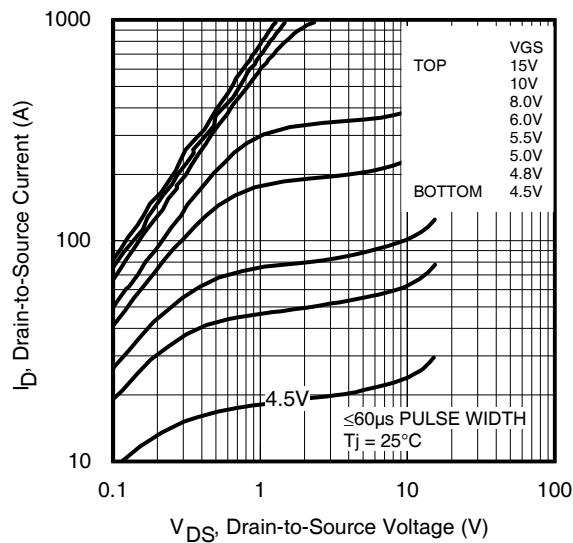
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	270	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 160\text{A}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	180	252	nC	$I_D = 75\text{A}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	47	—		$V_{DS} = 12V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	58	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$Q_{\text{sync}}$	Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )	—	122	—		$I_D = 75\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	19	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 16V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	240	—		$I_D = 160\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	86	—		$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	93	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	7700	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	3380	—		$V_{DS} = 19V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	1930	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}, \text{ See Fig.5}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	4780	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 19V$ ⑦, See Fig.11
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑥	—	4970	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 19V$ ⑥

**Diode Characteristics**

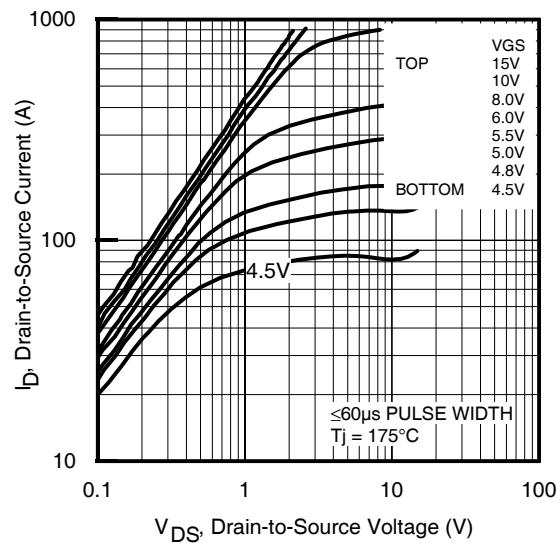
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_s$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	429①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{sM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	1636	A	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_s = 160\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	71	107	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 20V,$
		—	74	110		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 160\text{A}$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	83	120	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑤
		—	92	140		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.0	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

**Notes:**

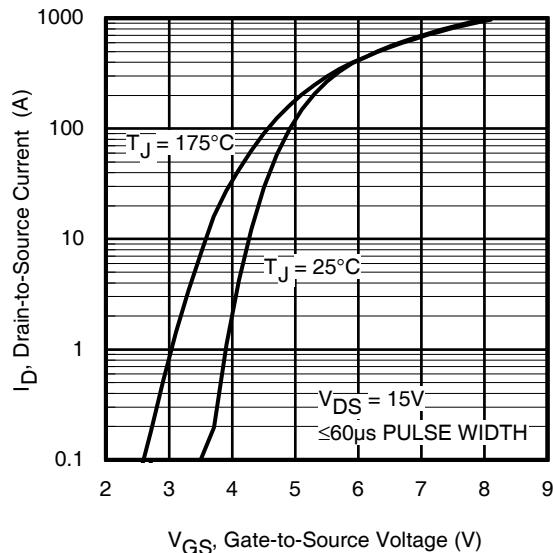
- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package limitation current is 160A.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{J\text{max}}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.018\text{mH}$   
 $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 160\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 160\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 600\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑨  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$



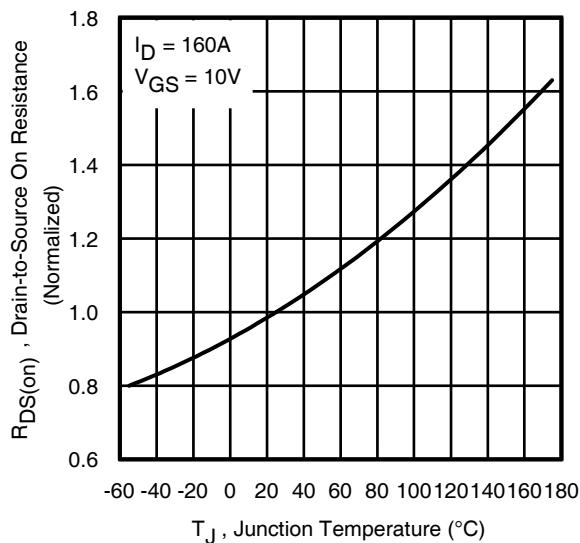
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



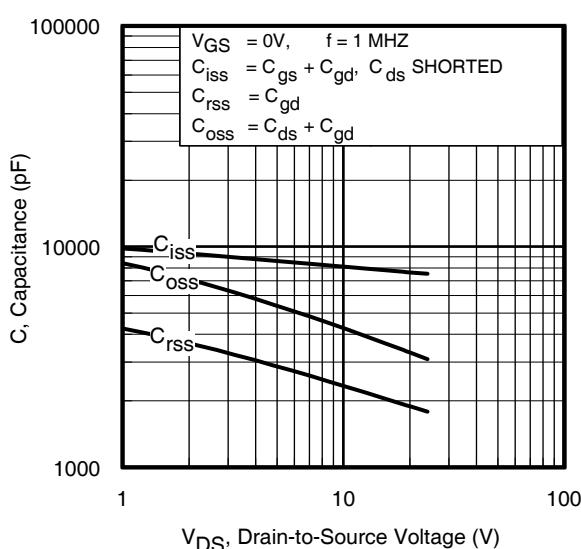
**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



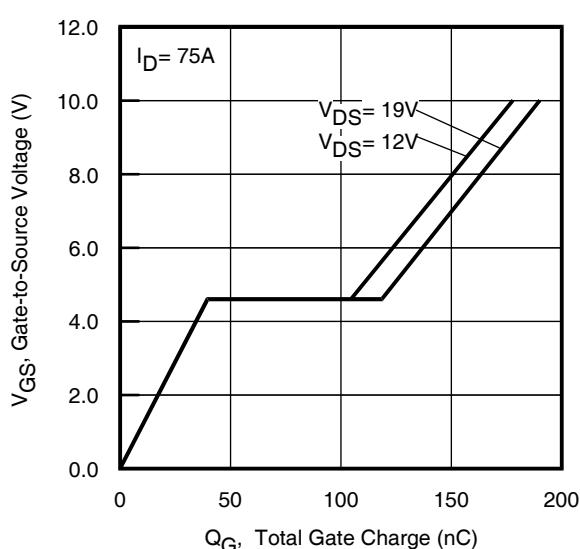
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



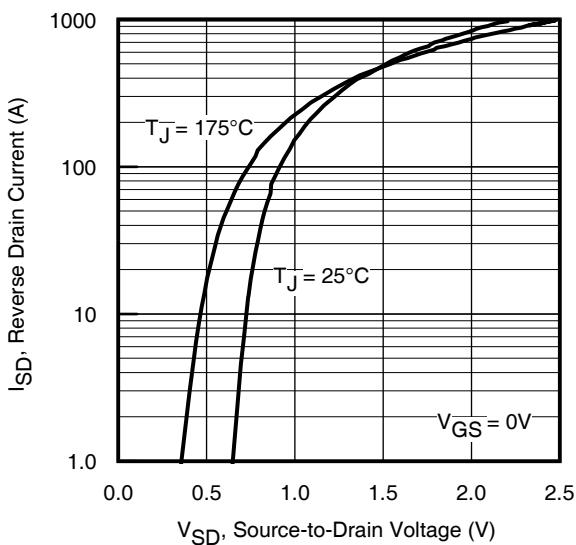
**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



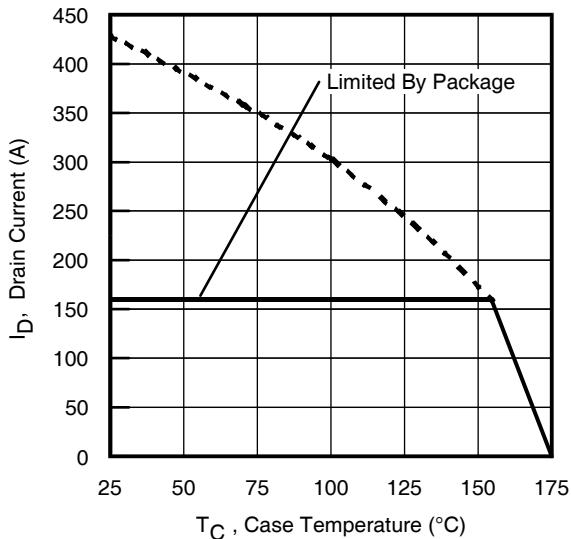
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



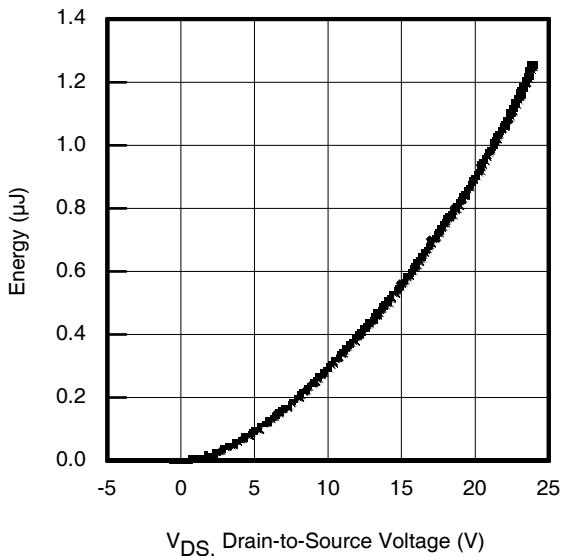
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



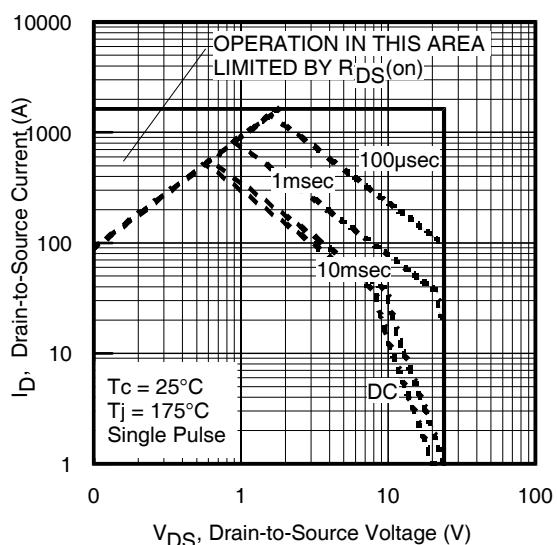
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



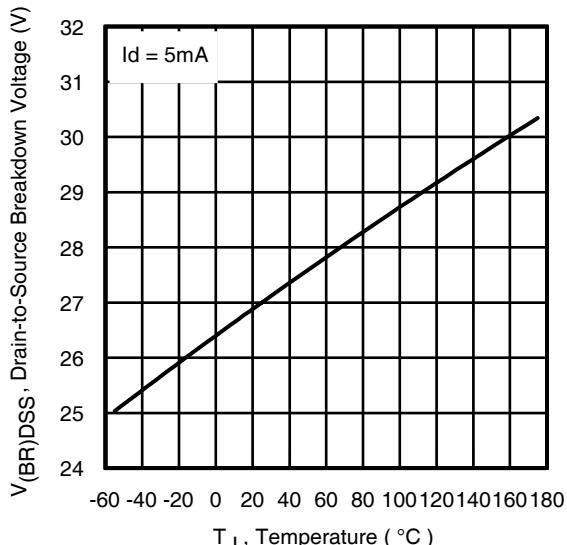
**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



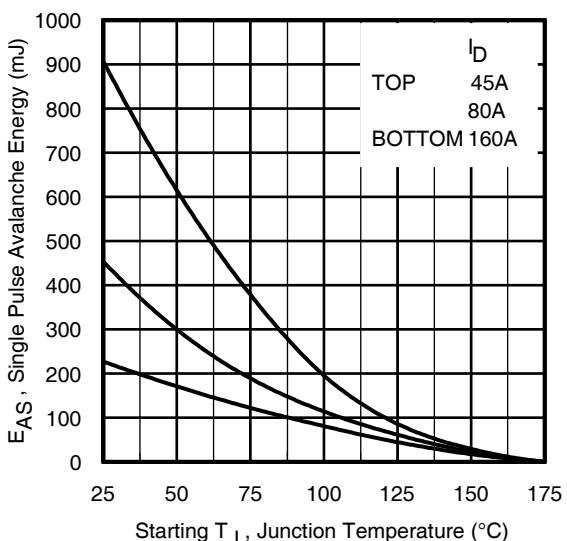
**Fig 11.** Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy



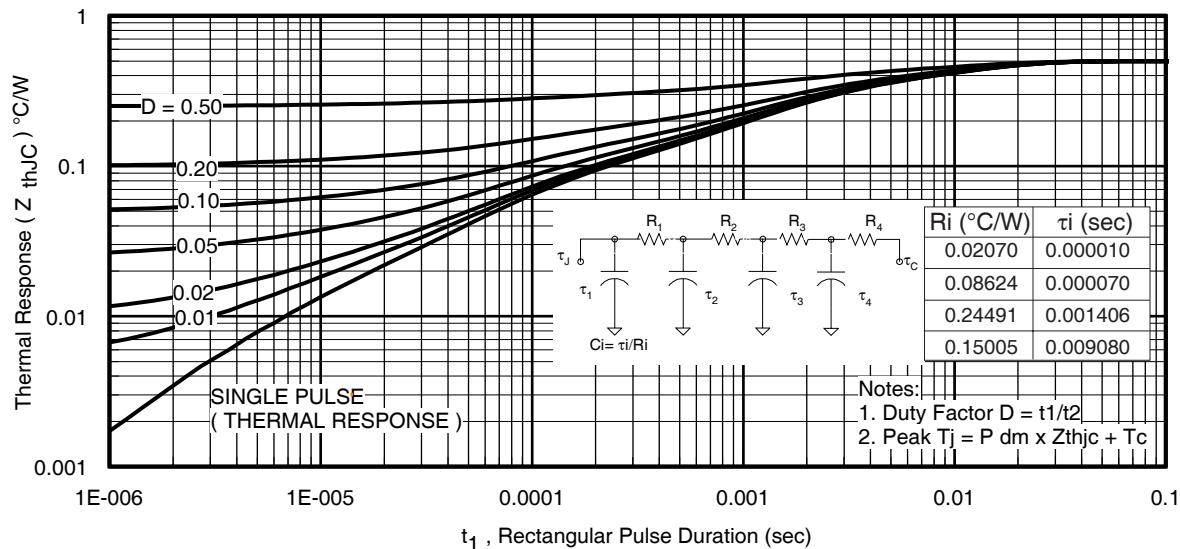
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



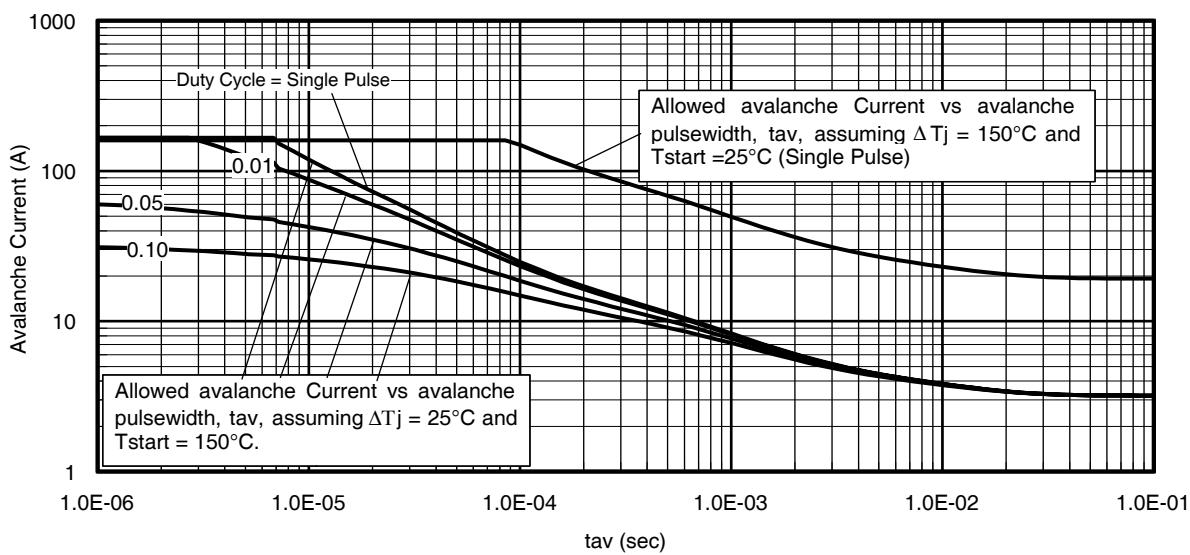
**Fig 10.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage



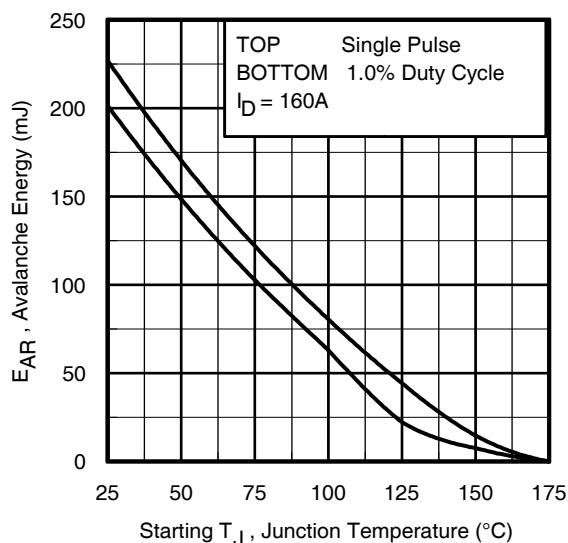
**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current



**Fig 13.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



**Fig 14.** Typical Avalanche Current vs.Pulsewidth

**Fig 15.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

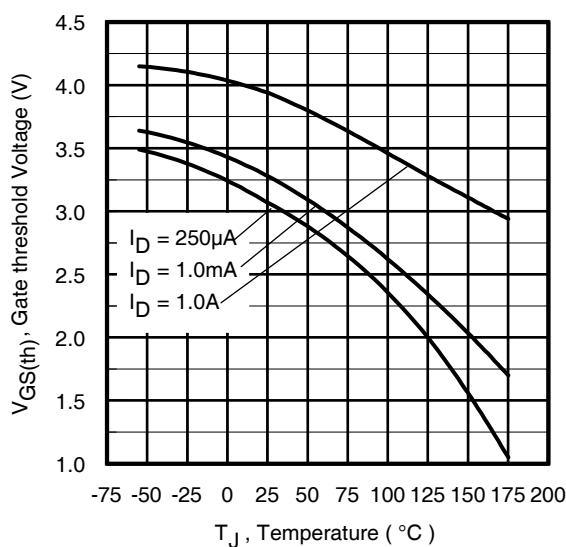
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:**  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

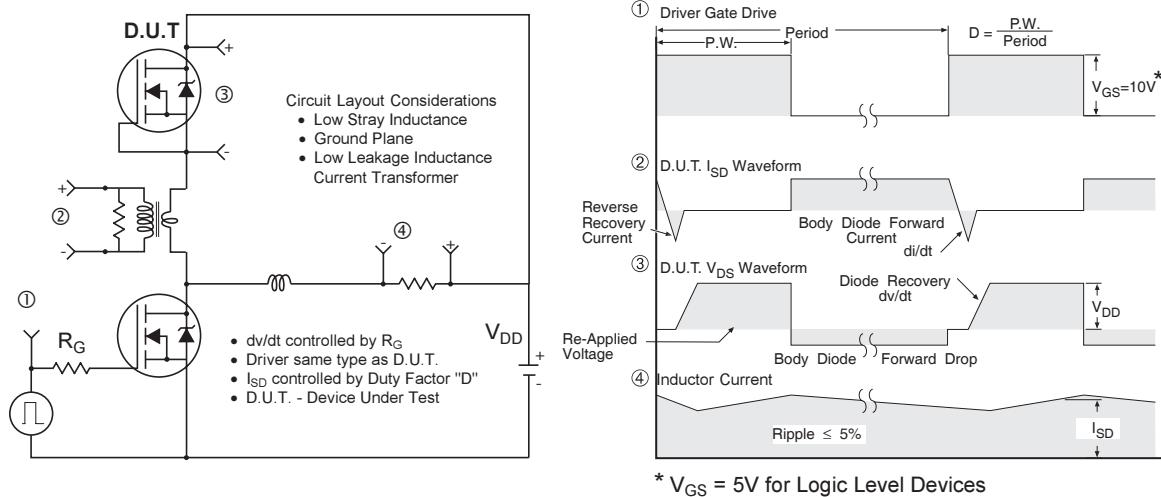
1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
4.  $P_D(\text{ave})$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
- t<sub>av</sub> = Average time in avalanche.
- D = Duty cycle in avalanche = t<sub>av</sub> · f
- Z<sub>thJC</sub>(D, t<sub>av</sub>) = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_D(\text{ave}) = 1/2 ( 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av} ) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

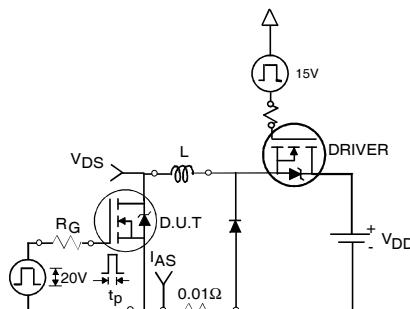
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_D(\text{ave}) \cdot t_{av}$$

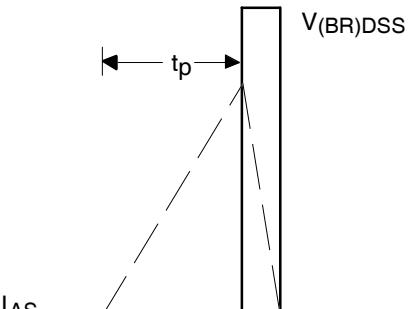
**Fig 16.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature



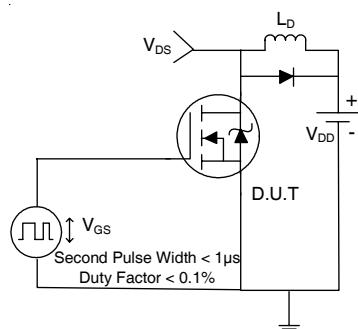
**Fig 21.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



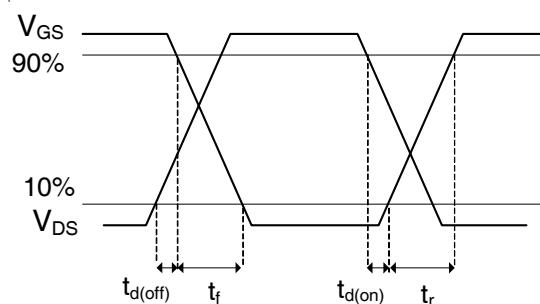
**Fig 22a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



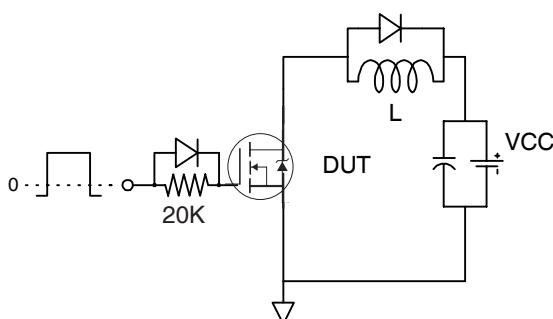
**Fig 22b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



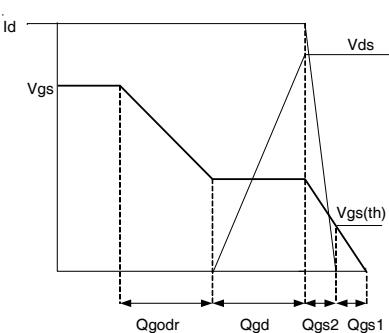
**Fig 23a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 23b.** Switching Time Waveforms



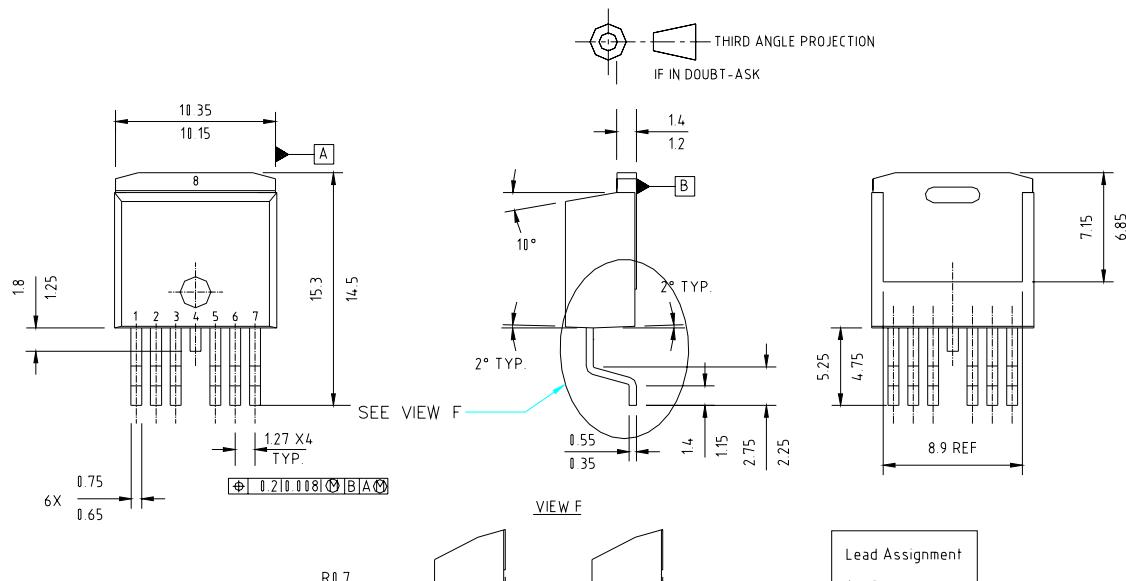
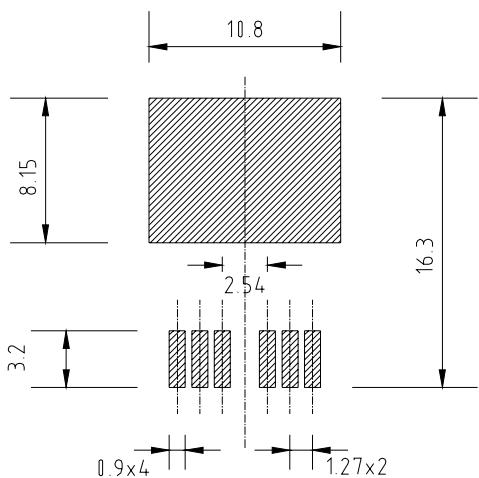
**Fig 24a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit  
[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)



**Fig 24b.** Gate Charge Waveform

D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

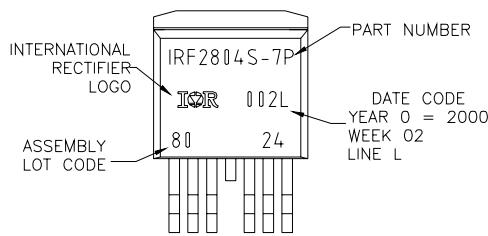
RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT

REV	DATE	MODIFICATION
-	18/03/03	RAISED IAW ECN 3426
Rev1	07/04/03	CHANGED IAW ECN 3438
A	23/04/04	ADD LEAD ASSIGNMENT

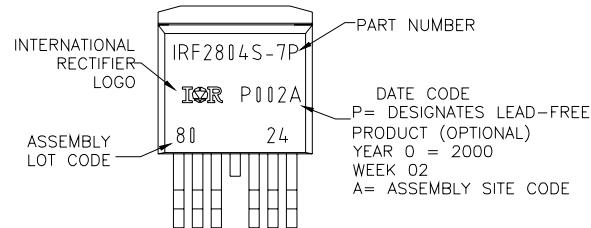
## D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF2804S-7P WITH  
LOT CODE 8024  
ASSEMBLED ON WW02,2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line  
position indicates "Lead Free"



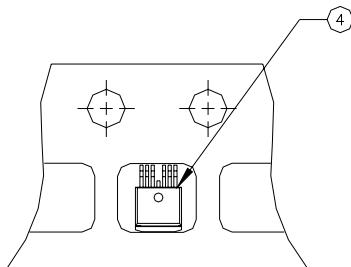
OR



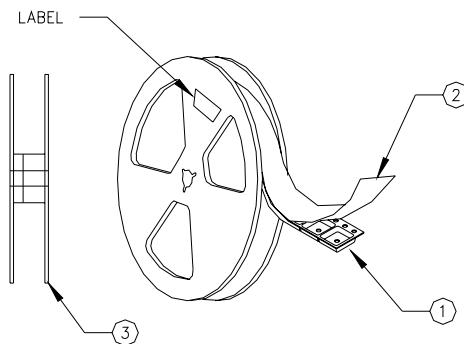
## D<sup>2</sup>Pak - 7 Pin Tape and Reel

### NOTES, TAPE & REEL, LABELLING:

1. TAPE AND REEL.
  - 1.1 REEL SIZE 13 INCH DIAMETER.
  - 1.2 EACH REEL CONTAINING 800 DEVICES.
  - 1.3 THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 42 SEALED POCKETS CONTAINED IN THE LEADER AND A MINIMUM OF 15 SEALED POCKETS IN THE TRAILER.
  - 1.4 PEEL STRENGTH MUST CONFORM TO THE SPEC. NO. 71-9667.
  - 1.5 PART ORIENTATION SHALL BE AS SHOWN BELOW.
  - 1.6 REEL MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF TWO UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. REWORKED REELS MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF THREE UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. HOWEVER, THE LOT CODES AND DATE CODES WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES SHALL APPEAR ON THE BAR CODE LABEL FOR THE AFFECTED REEL.



2. LABELLING (REEL AND SHIPPING BAG).
  - 2.1 CUST. PART NUMBER (BAR CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
  - 2.2 CUST. PART NUMBER (TEXT CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
  - 2.3 I.R. PART NUMBER: IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
  - 2.4 QUANTITY:
  - 2.5 VENDOR CODE: IR
  - 2.6 LOT CODE:
  - 2.7 DATE CODE:



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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