

5V RS232 Transceiver with 3V Logic Interface and One Receiver Active in SHUTDOWN

FEATURES

- **3V Logic Interface**
- ESD Protection over $\pm 10\text{kV}$
- Uses Small Capacitors: $0.1\mu\text{F}$, $0.2\mu\text{F}$, $1.0\mu\text{F}$
- One Low Power Receiver Remains Active While in SHUTDOWN
- Pin Compatible with LT1137A and LT1237
- 120kbaud Operation for $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$
- 250kbaud Operation for $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 1000\text{pF}$
- CMOS Comparable Low Power: 30mW
- Easy PC Layout – Flowthrough Architecture
- Rugged Bipolar Design
- Outputs Assume a High Impedance State When Off or Powered Down
- Absolutely No Latchup
- $60\mu\text{A}$ Supply Current in SHUTDOWN
- Available in SO and SSOP Packages

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers

DESCRIPTION

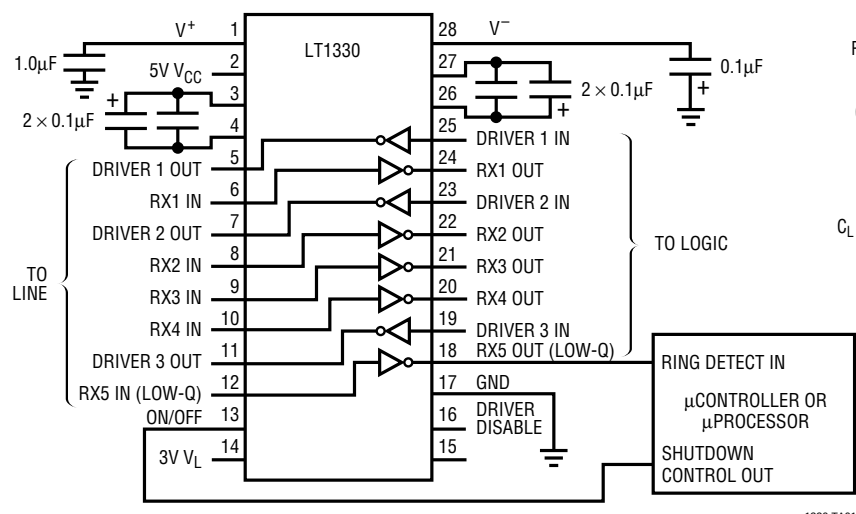
The LT1330 is a three driver, five receiver RS232 transceiver with low supply current. Designed to interface with new 3V logic, the LT1330 operates with both a 5V power supply and a 3V logic power supply. The chip may be shut down to micropower operation with one receiver remaining active to monitor RS232 inputs such as ring detect from a modem.

The LT1330 is fully compliant with all EIA RS232 specifications. Additionally, the RS232 line input and output pins are resilient to multiple $\pm 10\text{kV}$ ESD strikes. This eliminates the need for costly TransZorbs[®] on line pins for the RS232 part.

The LT1330 operates to 120k baud even driving high capacitive loads. During SHUTDOWN, driver and receiver outputs are at a high impedance state allowing devices to be paralleled.

TransZorb is a registered trademark of General Instruments, GSI

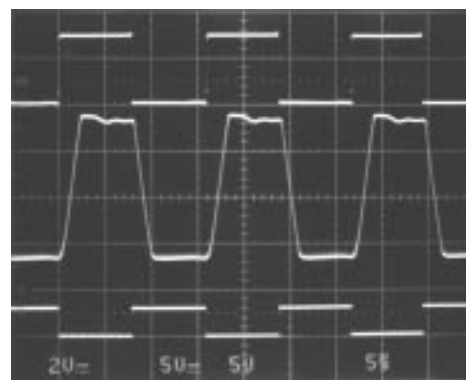
TYPICAL APPLICATION



Output Waveforms

RECEIVER
OUTPUT
 $V_L = 3\text{V}$
 $C_L = 50\text{pF}$

DRIVER
OUTPUT
 $R_L = 3\text{k}$
 $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$



1330 TA02

1330 TA01

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	6V
Supply Voltage (V_L)	6V
V^+	13.2V
V^-	-13.2V
Input Voltage	
Driver	V^- to V^+
Receiver	-30V to 30V
Output Voltage	
Driver	-30V to 30V
Receiver	-0.3V to $V_L + 0.3V$
Short Circuit Duration	
V^+	30 sec
V^-	30 sec
Driver Output	Indefinite
Receiver Output	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LT1330I	-40°C to 85°C
LT1330C	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

TOP VIEW		ORDER PART NUMBER
		LT1330IJ LT1330CJ LT1330CN LT1330CS LT1330CG
J PACKAGE 28-LEAD CERAMIC DIP	N PACKAGE 28-LEAD PLASTIC DIP	
S PACKAGE 28-LEAD SOL	G PACKAGE 28-LEAD SSOP	
$T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 62^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ (J) $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 56^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ (N) $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 85^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ (S) $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 96^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ (G)		

Consult factory for Military grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply Generator					
V^+ Output			7.9		V
V^- Output			-7		V
Supply Current (V_{CC})	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 3)	●	6 6	12 14	mA
Supply Current (V_L)	(Note 4)		0.1	1	mA
Supply Current When OFF (V_{CC})	SHUTDOWN (Note 5) DRIVER DISABLE	●	0.06 3.00	0.15	mA
Supply Rise Time SHUTDOWN to Turn-On	$C1 = C2 = 0.2\mu\text{F}$, $C^+ = 1.0\mu\text{F}$, $C^- = 0.1\mu\text{F}$		0.2		ms
ON/OFF Pin Thresholds	Input Low Level (Device SHUTDOWN) Input High Level (Device Enabled)	● ●	0.8 1.4	2.4	V
ON/OFF Pin Current	$0V \leq V_{ON/OFF} \leq 5V$	●	-15	80	μA
Driver Disable Pin Thresholds	Input Low Level (Drivers Enabled) Input High Level (Drivers Disabled)	● ●	0.8 1.4	2.4	V
Driver Disable Pin Current	$0V \leq V_{DRIVER\ DISABLE} \leq 5V$	●	-10	500	μA
Oscillator Frequency	Driver Outputs Loaded $R_L = 3k$		130		kHz

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Any Driver							
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 3k to GND	Positive Negative	● ●	5.0	7.5 −6.3	−5.0	V V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level (V _{OUT} = High) Input High Level (V _{OUT} = Low)	● ●	2.0	1.4 1.4	0.8		V V
Logic Input Current	0.8V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 2V	●		5	20		μA
Output Short-Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0V		±9	17			mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN V _{OUT} = ±30V (Note 5)	●		10	100		μA
Data Rate	R _L = 3k, C _L = 2500pF R _L = 3k, C _L = 1000pF		120 250				kBaud kBaud
Slew Rate	R _L = 3k, C _L = 51pF R _L = 3k, C _L = 2500pF			15 15	30		V/μs V/μs
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t _{HL} High to Low (Note 6) Output Transition t _{LH} Low to High			0.6 0.5	1.3 1.3		μs μs
Any Receiver							
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold (V _{OUT} = High) Input High Threshold (V _{OUT} = Low)		0.8	1.3 1.7			V V
Hysteresis		●	0.1	0.4	1.0		V
Input Resistance	V _{IN} = ±10V		3	5	7		kΩ
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 5) 0 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC}	●		1	10		μA
Receivers 1, 2, 3, 4							
Output Voltage	Output Low, I _{OUT} = −1.6mA Output High, I _{OUT} = 160μA (V _L = 3V)	● ●		0.2 2.7	0.4		V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, V _{OUT} = V _{CC} Sourcing Current, V _{OUT} = 0V		−10 10	−20 20			mA mA
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t _{HL} High to Low (Note 7) Output Transition t _{LH} Low to High			250 350	600 600		ns ns
Receiver 5 (LOW Q-CURRENT RX)							
Output Voltage	Output Low, I _{OUT} = −500μA Output High, I _{OUT} = 160μA (V _L = 3V)	● ●		0.2 2.7	0.4		V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, V _{OUT} = V _{CC} Sourcing Current, V _{OUT} = 0V		−2 2	−4 4			mA mA
Propagation Delay	Output Transition t _{HL} High to Low (Note 7) Output Transition t _{LH} Low to High			1 1	3 3		μs μs

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the operating temperature range ($0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ for commercial grade, and $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$ for industrial grade).

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: Testing done at $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $V_{ON/OFF} = 3V$.

Note 3: Supply current is measured as the average over several charge pump burst cycles. $C^+ = 1.0\mu F$, $C^- = 0.1\mu F$, $C1 = C2 = 0.2\mu F$. All outputs are open, with all driver inputs tied high.

Note 4: V_L supply current is measured with all receiver outputs low.

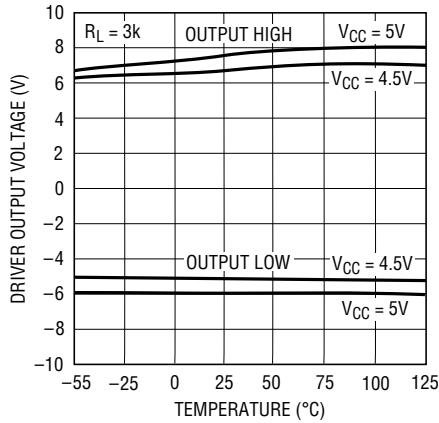
Note 5: Measurements in SHUTDOWN are performed with $V_{ON/OFF} \leq 0.1V$. Supply current measurements using DRIVER DISABLE are performed with $V_{DRIVER\ DISABLE} \geq 3V$.

Note 6: For driver delay measurements, $R_L = 3k$ and $C_L = 51pF$. Trigger points are set between the driver's input logic threshold and the output transition to the zero crossing ($t_{HL} = 1.4V$ to $0V$ and $t_{LH} = 1.4V$ to $0V$).

Note 7: For receiver delay measurements, $C_L = 51pF$. Trigger points are set between the receiver's input logic threshold and the output transition to standard TTL/CMOS logic threshold ($t_{HL} = 1.3V$ to $2.4V$ and $t_{LH} = 1.7V$ to $0.8V$).

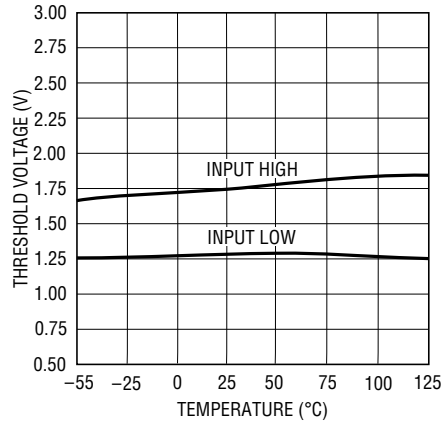
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Driver Output Voltage



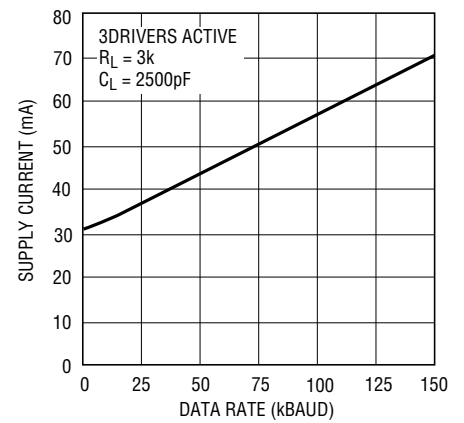
1330 G01

Receiver Input Thresholds



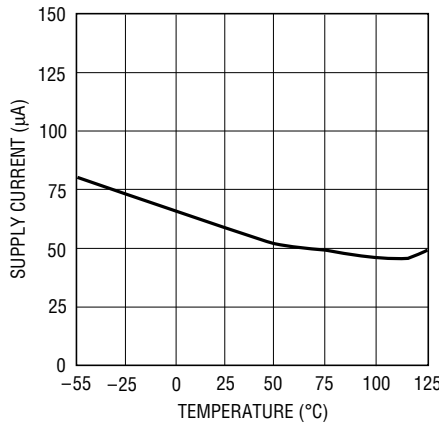
1330 G02

Supply Current vs Data Rate



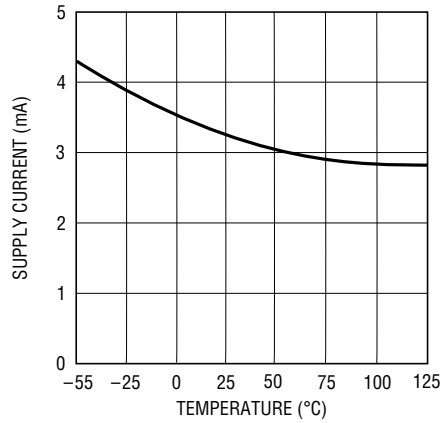
1330 G03

V_{CC} Supply Current in SHUTDOWN



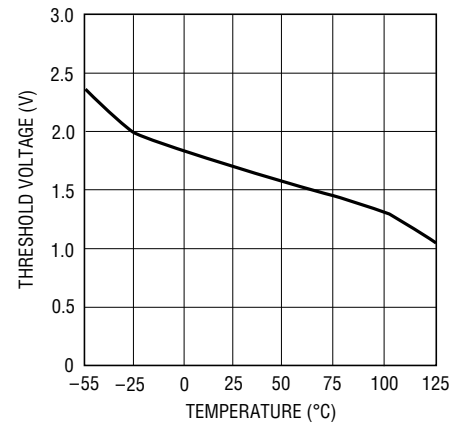
1330 G04

V_{CC} Supply Current in DRIVER DISABLE



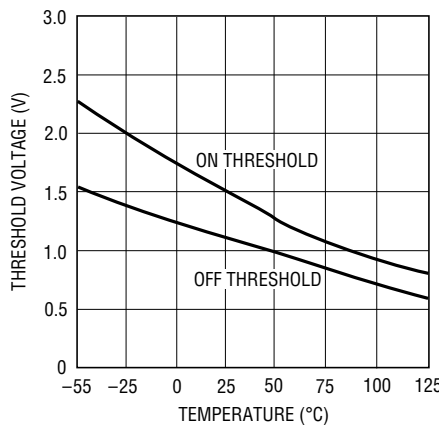
1330 G05

Driver Disable Threshold



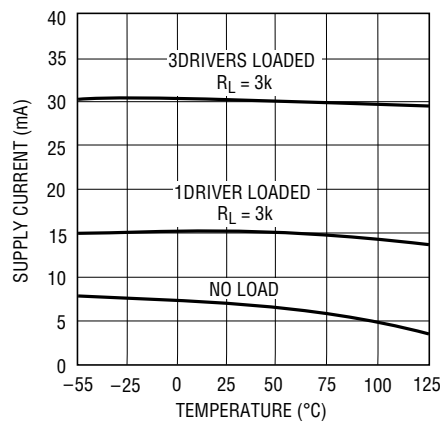
1330 G06

On/Off Thresholds



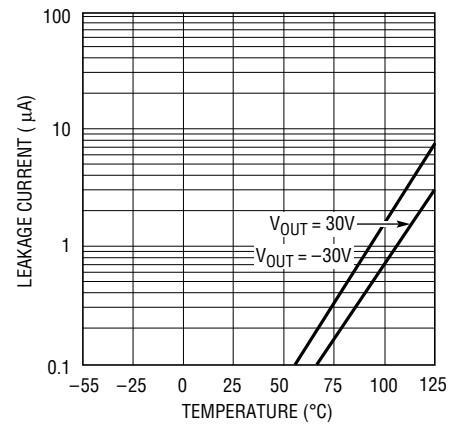
1330 G07

V_{CC} Supply Current



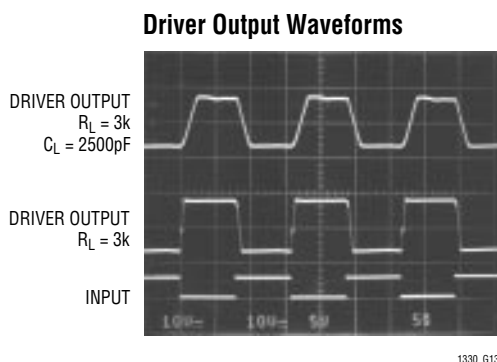
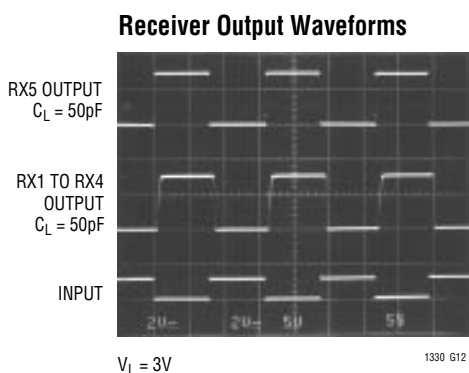
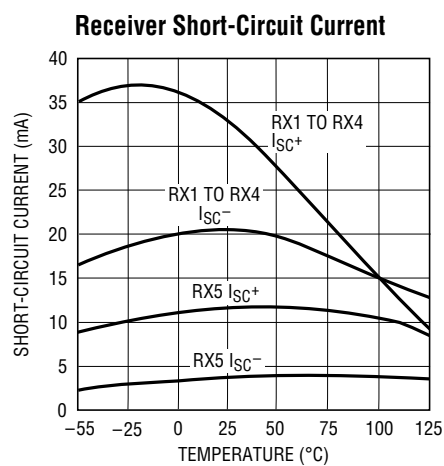
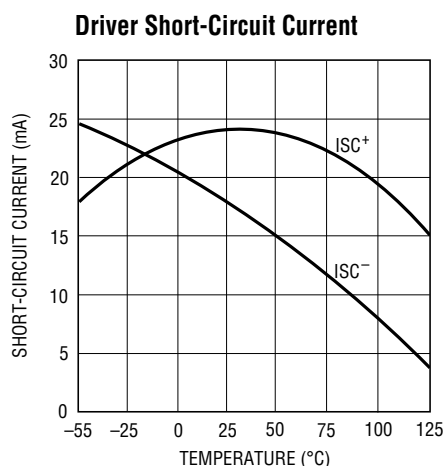
1330 G08

Driver Leakage in SHUTDOWN



1330 G09

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



PIN FUNCTIONS

V_{CC}: 5V Input Supply Pin. This pin should be decoupled with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor close to the package pin. Insufficient supply bypassing can result in low output drive levels and erratic charge pump operation.

V_L: 3V Logic Supply Pin for all RS232 Receivers. Like V_{CC}, the V_L input should be decoupled with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor. This pin may also be connected to 5V.

GND: Ground Pin.

ON/OFF: TTL/CMOS Compatible Operating Mode Control. A logic low puts the device in the low power SHUTDOWN mode. All three drivers and four receivers (RX1, RX2, RX3, and RX4) assume a high impedance output state in SHUTDOWN. Only receiver RX5 remains active while the transceiver is in SHUTDOWN. The transceiver consumes only

60μA of supply current while in SHUTDOWN. A logic high fully enables the transceiver.

DRIVER DISABLE: This pin provides an alternate control for the charge pump and RS232 drivers. A logic high on this pin shuts down the charge pump and places all driver outputs in a high impedance state. All five receivers remain active under these conditions. Floating the driver disable pin or driving it to a logic low level fully enables the transceiver. A logic low on the On/Off pin supersedes the state of the Driver Disable pin. Supply current drops to 3mA when in DRIVER DISABLE mode.

V⁺: Positive Supply Output. $V^+ \approx 2V_{CC} - 1.5\text{V}$. This pin requires an external charge storage capacitor, $C \geq 1.0\mu\text{F}$, tied to ground or 5V. Larger value capacitors may be used

The V⁻ filter capacitor should be selected to obtain low ripple when the drivers are loaded, forcing the charge pump into continuous mode. A minimum value 0.1μF is suggested.

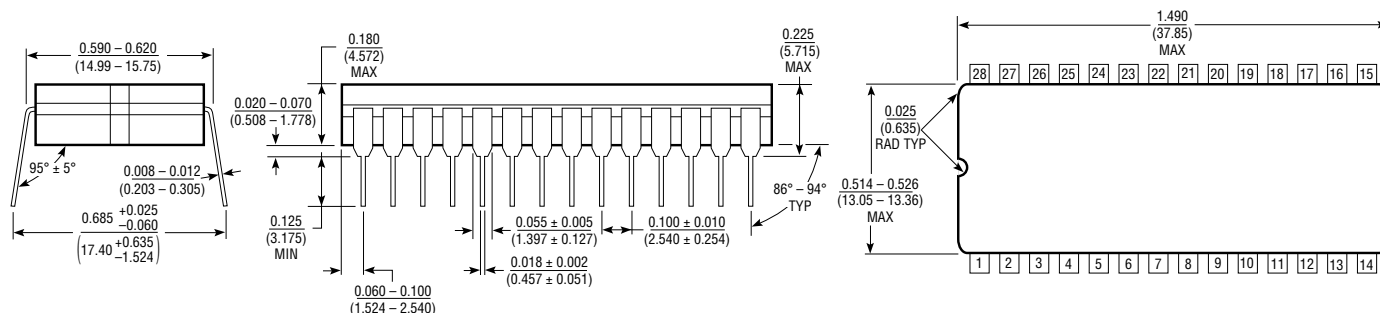
If more than one line must be monitored, the DRIVER DISABLE mode provides a power efficient operating option. The DRIVER DISABLE mode turns off the charge pump and RS232 drivers, but keeps all five receivers active. Power consumption in DRIVER DISABLE mode is 3mA from V_{CC} .

1330 TA03

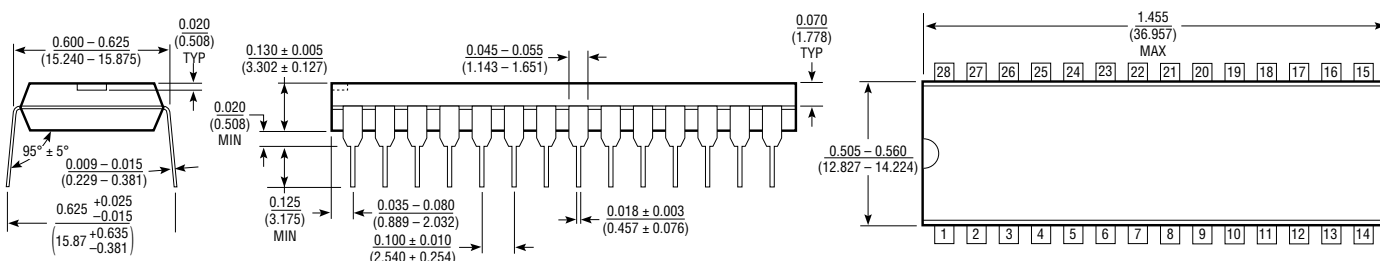
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

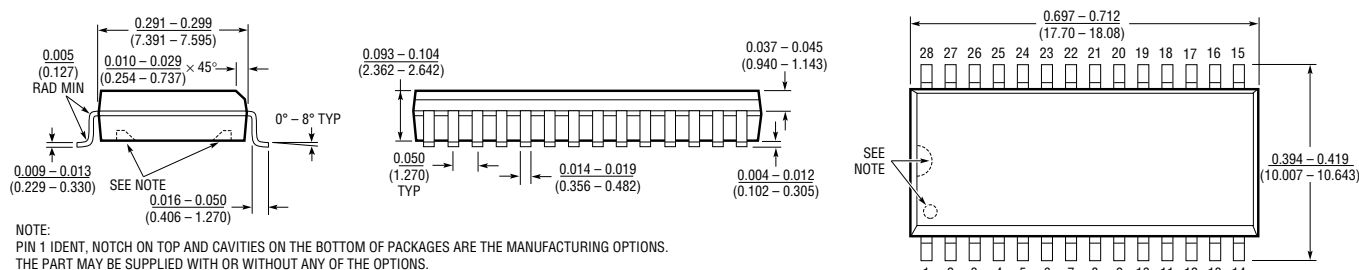
J Package 28-Lead Ceramic DIP



N Package 28-Lead Plastic DIP



S Package 28-Lead SOL



G Package 28-Lead SSOP

