



GENERAL DESCRIPTION



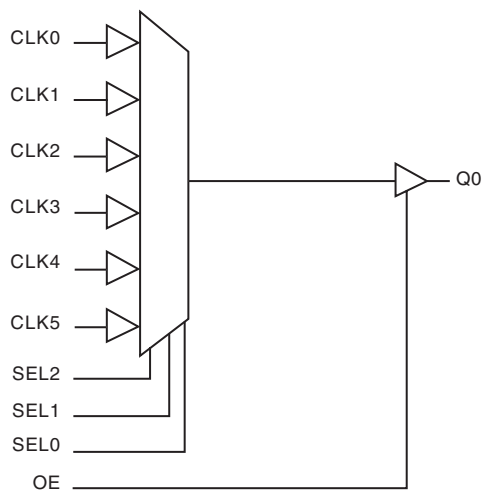
The ICS83056I is a low skew, 6:1, Single-ended Multiplexer and a member of the HiPerClockS™ family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The ICS83056I has six selectable single-ended clock inputs and one single-ended clock output. The output has a V_{DDO} pin which may be set at 3.3V, 2.5V, or 1.8V, making the device ideal for use in voltage translation applications. An output enable pin places the output in a high impedance state which may be useful for testing or debug. The device operates up to 250MHz and is packaged in a 16 TSSOP.

FEATURES

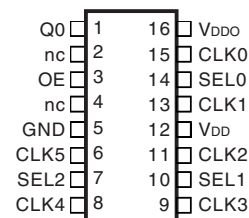
- 6:1 single-ended multiplexer
- Q0 nominal output impedance: 7Ω ($V_{DDO}=3.3V$)
- Maximum output frequency: 250MHz
- Propagation delay: 2.6ns (typical)
- Input skew: 35ps (typical)
- Part-to-part skew: TBD
- Additive phase jitter, RMS (12KHz - 20MHz): 0.16ps (typical)
- Operating supply modes:

V_{DD}/V_{DDO}	
3.3V/3.3V	
3.3V/2.5V	
3.3V/1.8V	
2.5V/2.5V	
2.5V/1.8V	
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS83056I
16-Lead TSSOP
4.4mm x 5.0mm x 0.92mm package body
G Package
Top View



TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	Q0	Output		Single-ended clock output. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
2, 4	nc	Unused		No connect.
6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15	CLK5, CLK4, CLK3, CLK2, CLK1, CLK0	Input	Pulldown	Single-ended clock inputs. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
3	OE	Input	Pullup	Output enable. When LOW, outputs are in HIGH impedance state. When HIGH, outputs are active. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
5	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
7, 10, 14	SEL2, SEL1, SEL0	Input	Pulldown	Clock select input. See Control Input Function Table. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
12	V _{DD}	Power		Core supply pin.
16	V _{DDO}	Power		Output supply pin.

NOTE: *Pullup* and *Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		KΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		KΩ
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (per output)			11		pF
R _{OUT}	Output Impedance		5	7	12	Ω

TABLE 3. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

Control Inputs			Input Selected to Q0
SEL2	SEL1	SEL0	
0	0	0	CLK0
0	0	1	CLK1
0	1	0	CLK2
0	1	1	CLK3
1	0	0	CLK4
1	0	1	CLK5



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V_i	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, V_o	-0.5V to $V_{DDO} + 0.5V$
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	89°C/W (0 lfpmm)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			31		mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current			3		mA

TABLE 4B. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			31		mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current			3		mA

TABLE 4C. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			31		mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current			3		mA

TABLE 4D. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			28		mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current			3		mA

TABLE 4E. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			28		mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current			3		mA



TABLE 4F. LVC MOS/LVTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ TO 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	CLK0:CLK5	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
			$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	1.7		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
		OE, SEL0:SEL2	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
			$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	1.7		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	CLK0:CLK5	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		1.3	V
			$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		0.7	V
		OE, SEL0:SEL2	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		1.3	V
			$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	-0.3		0.7	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	CLK0:CLK5, SEL0:SEL2	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$		150	μA	
		OE	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$		5	μA	
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK0:CLK5, SEL0:SEL2	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$	-5		μA	
		OE	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$	-150		μA	
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage		$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$; NOTE 1	2.6		V	
			$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$; NOTE 1	1.8		V	
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$; NOTE 1	$V_{DD} - 0.3$		V	
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage		$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$; NOTE 1		0.5	V	
			$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$; NOTE 1		0.45	V	
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$; NOTE 1		0.35	V	

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $V_{DDO}/2$. See Parameter Measurement section, "Load Test Circuit" diagrams.

TABLE 5A. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ TO 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp_{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1			2.6		ns
tp_{HL}	Propagation Delay, High to Low; NOTE 1			2.9		ns
$tsk(i)$	Input Skew; NOTE 5			35		ps
$tsk(pp)$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 5			TBD		ps
f_{jit}	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section, NOTE 4	Integration Range: 12KHz - 20MHz		0.16		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		250		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
MUX_{ISOL}	MUX Isolation	@ 100MHz		45		dB

NOTE 1A: Measured from $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 3: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 4: Driving only one input clock.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



TABLE 5B. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp_{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1			2.8		ns
tp_{HL}	Propagation Delay, High to Low; NOTE 1			2.9		ns
$tsk(i)$	Input Skew; NOTE 5			35		ps
$tsk(pp)$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 5			TBD		ps
f_{jit}	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section, NOTE 4	Integration Range: 12KHz - 20MHz		0.04		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		275		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
MUX_{ISOL}	MUX Isolation	@ 100MHz		45		dB

NOTE 1A: Measured from $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 3: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 4: Driving only one input clock.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

TABLE 5C. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ TO $85^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp_{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1			3.2		ns
tp_{HL}	Propagation Delay, High to Low; NOTE 1			3.15		ns
$tsk(i)$	Input Skew; NOTE 5			60		ps
$tsk(pp)$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 5			TBD		ps
f_{jit}	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section, NOTE 4	Integration Range: 12KHz - 20MHz		0.07		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		310		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
MUX_{ISOL}	MUX Isolation	@ 100MHz		45		dB

NOTE 1A: Measured from $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 3: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 4: Driving only one input clock.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



TABLE 5D. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ TO $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp_{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1			2.85		ns
tp_{HL}	Propagation Delay, High to Low; NOTE 1			3.10		ns
$t_{sk(i)}$	Input Skew; NOTE 5			50		ps
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 5			TBD		ps
f_{jit}	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section, NOTE 4	Integration Range: 12KHz - 20MHz		0.11		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		290		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
MUX_{ISOL}	MUX Isolation	@ 100MHz		45		dB

NOTE 1A: Measured from $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 3: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 4: Driving only one input clock.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

TABLE 5E. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ TO $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp_{LH}	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1			3.15		ns
tp_{HL}	Propagation Delay, High to Low; NOTE 1			3.25		ns
$t_{sk(i)}$	Input Skew; NOTE 5			70		ps
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 5			TBD		ps
f_{jit}	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter section, NOTE 4	Integration Range: 12KHz - 20MHz		0.06		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		330		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle			50		%
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time; NOTE 3				5	ns
MUX_{ISOL}	MUX Isolation	@ 100MHz		45		dB

NOTE 1A: Measured from $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO}/2$ of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 3: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 4: Driving only one input clock.

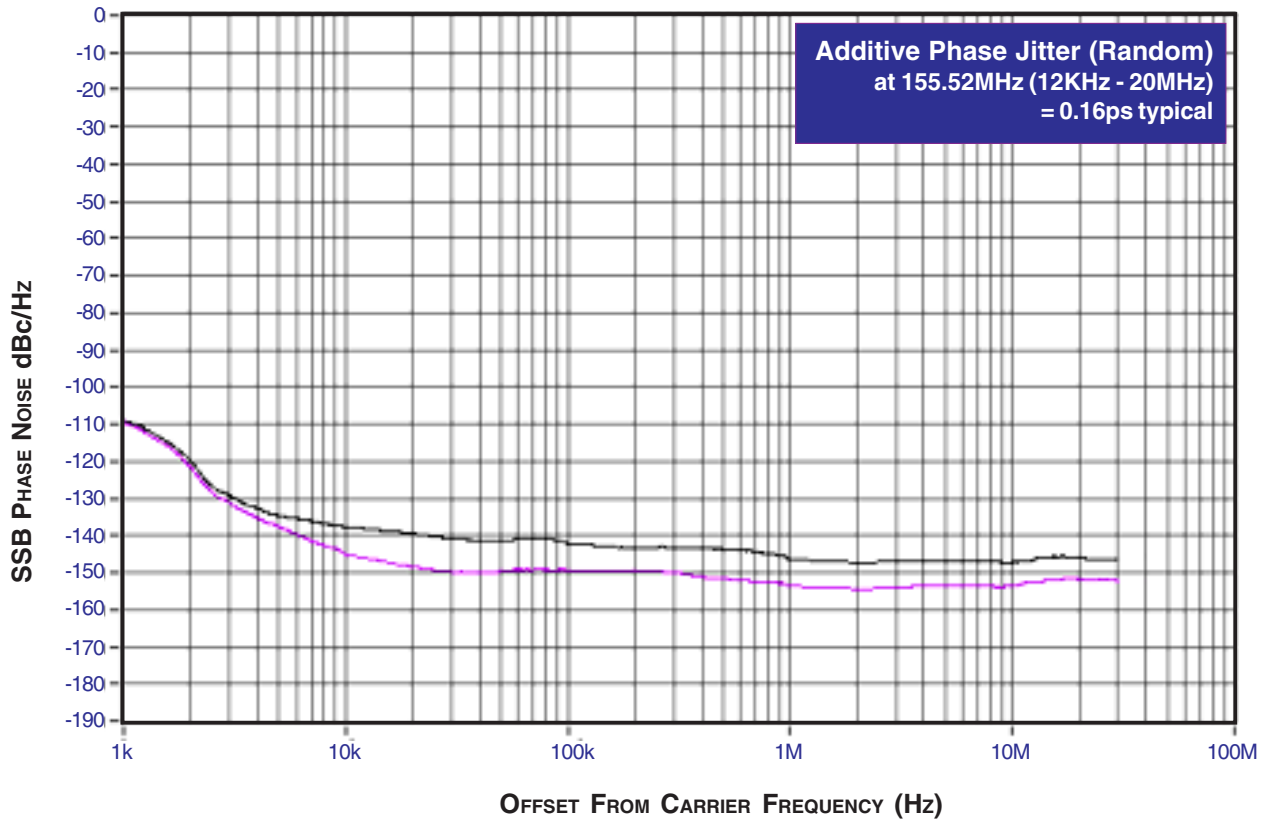
NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



ADDITIVE PHASE JITTER

The spectral purity in a band at a specific offset from the fundamental compared to the power of the fundamental is called the **dBc Phase Noise**. This value is normally expressed using a Phase noise plot and is most often the specified plot in many applications. Phase noise is defined as the ratio of the noise power present in a 1Hz band at a specified offset from the fundamental frequency to the power value of the fundamental. This ratio is expressed in decibels (dBm) or a ratio of the power in

the 1Hz band to the power in the fundamental. When the required offset is specified, the phase noise is called a **dBc** value, which simply means dBm at a specified offset from the fundamental. By investigating jitter in the frequency domain, we get a better understanding of its effects on the desired application over the entire time record of the signal. It is mathematically possible to calculate an expected bit error rate given a phase noise plot.

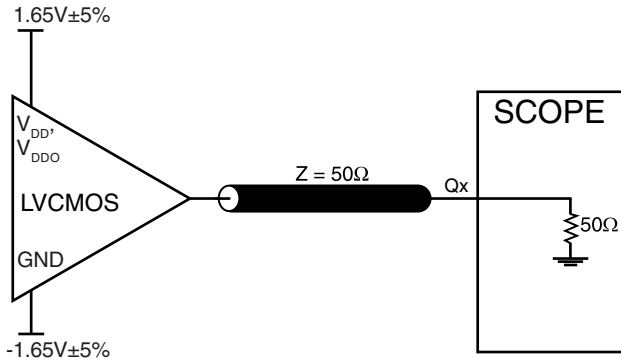


As with most timing specifications, phase noise measurements have issues. The primary issue relates to the limitations of the equipment. Often the noise floor of the equipment is higher than the noise floor of the device. This is illustrated above. The de-

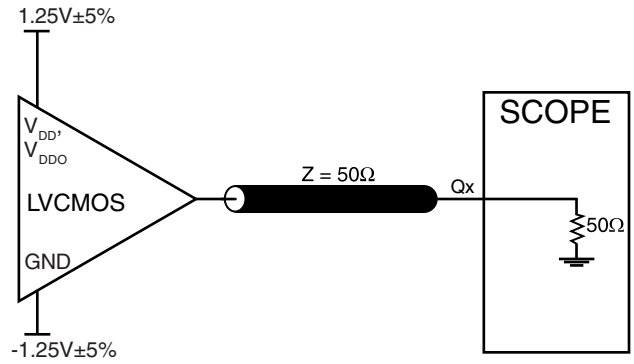
vice meets the noise floor of what is shown, but can actually be lower. The phase noise is dependant on the input source and measurement equipment.



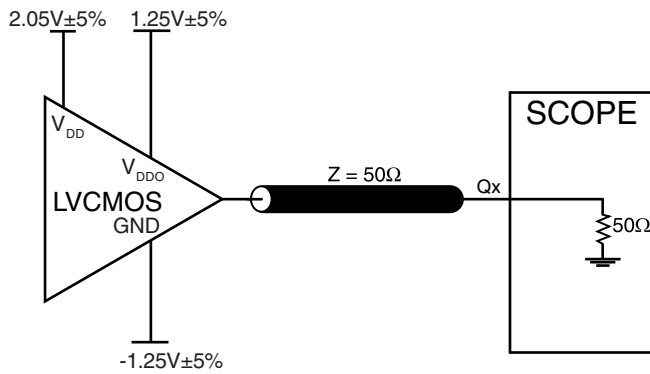
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



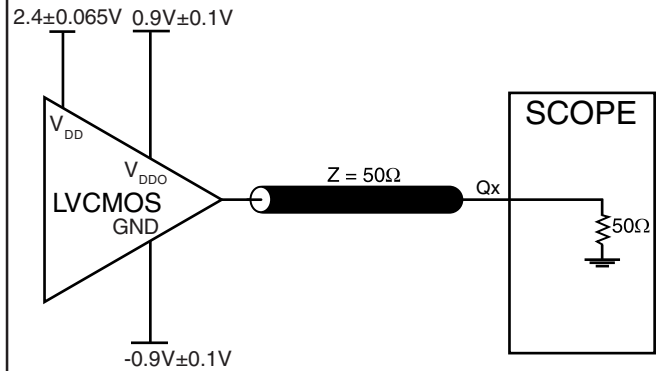
3.3V CORE/3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



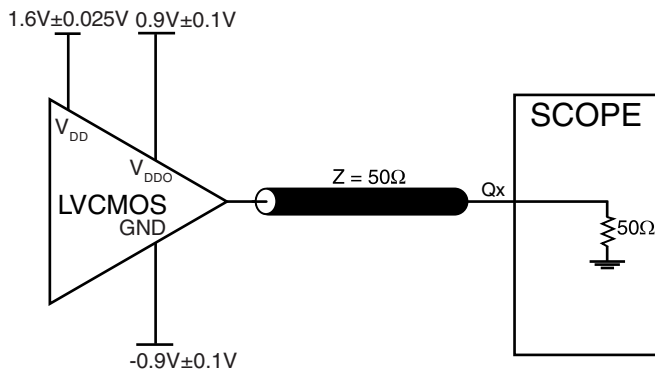
2.5V CORE/2.5V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



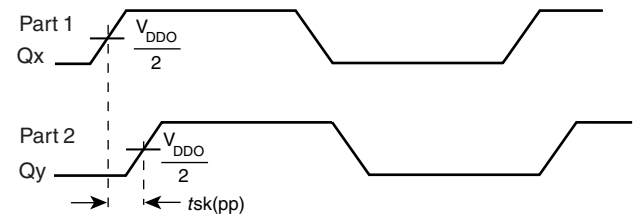
3.3V CORE/2.5V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



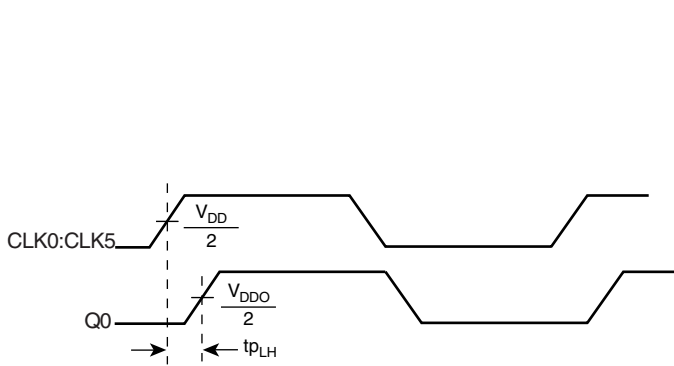
3.3V CORE/1.8V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



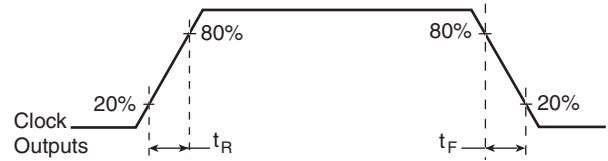
2.5 CORE/1.8V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



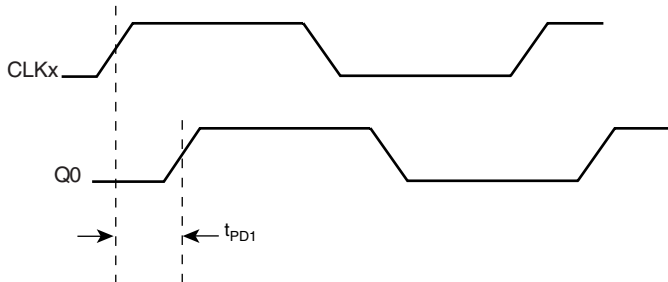
PART-TO-PART SKEW



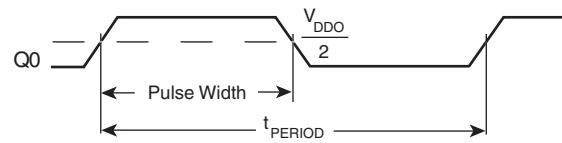
PROPAGATION DELAY



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



INPUT SKEW



$$odc = \frac{t_{PW}}{t_{PERIOD}}$$

OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD



RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 6. θ_{JA} VS. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 16 LEAD TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	137.1°C/W	118.2°C/W	106.8°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	89.0°C/W	81.8°C/W	78.1°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS83056I is: 874



PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 16 LEAD TSSOP

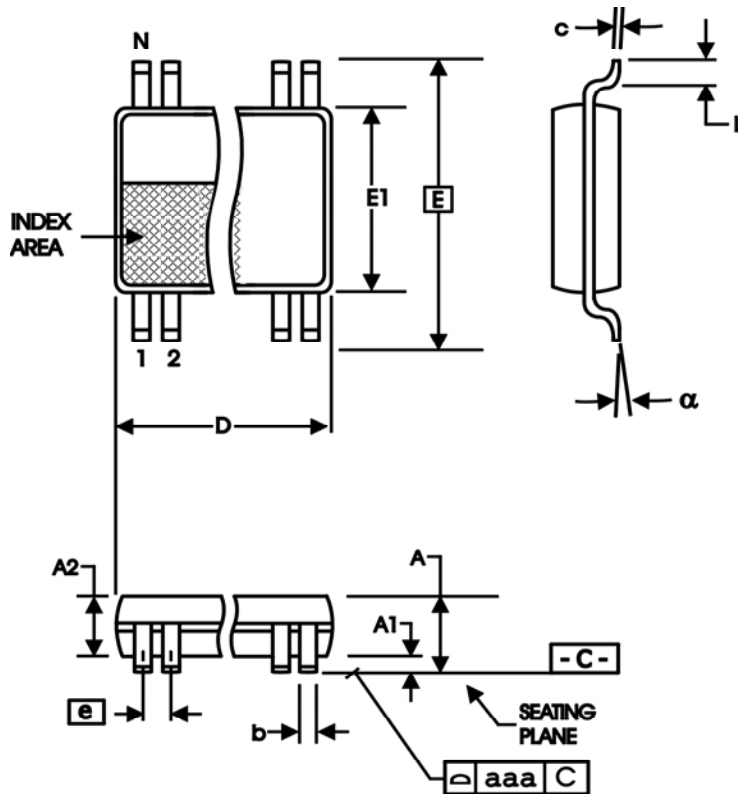


TABLE 7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	16	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	4.90	5.10
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153



Integrated
Circuit
Systems, Inc.

PRELIMINARY

ICS83056I
6:1, SINGLE-ENDED MULTIPLEXER

TABLE 8. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Count	Temperature
ICS83056AGI	83056AGI	16 Lead TSSOP	94 per tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS83056AGIT	83056AGI	16 Lead TSSOP on Tape and Reel	2500	-40°C to 85°C

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